

# RX Family

R01AN2296EJ0120

Rev.1.20

Jun 1, 2020

## Sample Program using USB Peripheral Communication Device Class Driver (PCDC) for USB Mini Firmware to communicate via USB with USB Host Firmware Integration Technology

### Introduction

This document describes the following sample firmware: USB Peripheral Communication Devices Class Driver using Firmware Integration Technology. The sample firmware is referred to below as the PCDC.

When developing an actual software, be sure to use the “USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note” (Document number: R01AN2166) together with the user’s manual for each MCU (Hardware). In addition, also refer to the " USB Peripheral Communication Device Class Driver (PCDC) for USB Mini Firmware Firmware Integration Technology Application Note” (Document number: R01AN2170), if necessary. “USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note” (Document number: R01AN2166) is located in the "reference\_documents" folder within the package.

### Target Device

RX111 Group  
 RX113 Group  
 RX231 Group  
 RX23W Group

The operation of this program has been confirmed using the Renesas Starter Kits (RSK) or the Renesas Solution Starter Kit (RSSK).

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## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Functions

The PCDC conforms to the Abstract Control Model of the USB communication device class (CDC) specification and implements communication with the USB host PC.

The PCDC provides the following functionalities:

- Implements USB-serial conversion functionality and USB loopback communication functionality (echo mode).
- It is recognized as a communication class (virtual COM) when connected to a USB host.
- Supports communication by designating a virtual COM port in the terminal software.

### 1.2 FIT Module Configuration

The PCDC comprises the following FIT modules and a sample application:

**Table 1-1 FIT Module Configuration**

FIT Module	Folder Name
RX Family Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology	r_bsp
RX Family USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology	r_usb_basic_mini
RX Family USB Peripheral Communications Devices Class Driver(CDC) for USB Mini Firmware using Firmware Integration Technology	r_usb_pcdc_mini
RX Family DTC Module Using Firmware Integration Technology	r_dtc_rx
RX Family DMA Controller DMACA Control Module Firmware Integration Technology	r_dmaca_rx
RX Family BYTEQ Module Using Firmware Integration Technology	r_byteq
RX Family SCI Multi-Mode Module Using Firmware Integration Technology	r_sci_rx
RX Family LPC (Low Power Consumption) Module Firmware Integration Technology	r_lpc_rx

Refer to the related documentation for details of each FIT module. Note that the latest versions of the FIT modules used by the sample firmware are available for download from the following website:

Renesas Electronics website: <http://www.renesas.com/>

### 1.3 Note

This driver is not guaranteed to provide USB communication operation. The customer should verify operation when utilizing it in a system and confirm the ability to connect to a variety of different types of devices.

## 1.4 Operating Confirmation Environment

The operating confirmation environment for the PCDC is described below:

Table 1-2 Operation Confirmation Environment

Item	Contents
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ compiler for RX Family V.3.02.00 (The option "-lang=C99" is added to the default setting of IDE)
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904 (The option "-std=gnu99" is added to the default setting of IDE)
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.14.1
Real-Time OS	FreeRTOS V.10.0.0 RI600V4 V.1.06
Endian	Little Endian, Big Endian
USB Driver Revision Number	Rev.1.20
Using Board	Renesas Starter Kit for RX111 Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX231
Host Environment	The operation of this USB Driver module connected to the following OSes has been confirmed. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Windows® 8.1</li> <li>2. Windows® 10</li> </ol>

## 2. Software Configuration

### 2.1 Module Configuration

The PCDC has a USB-serial converter mode and a USB loopback mode (echo mode). In USB-serial converter mode it uses the serial communication interface (SCI). LCD display and low-power control processing are implemented as a sample application.

Figure 2-1 shows the module configuration of the PCDC, and Table 2-1 lists the functions of the modules.

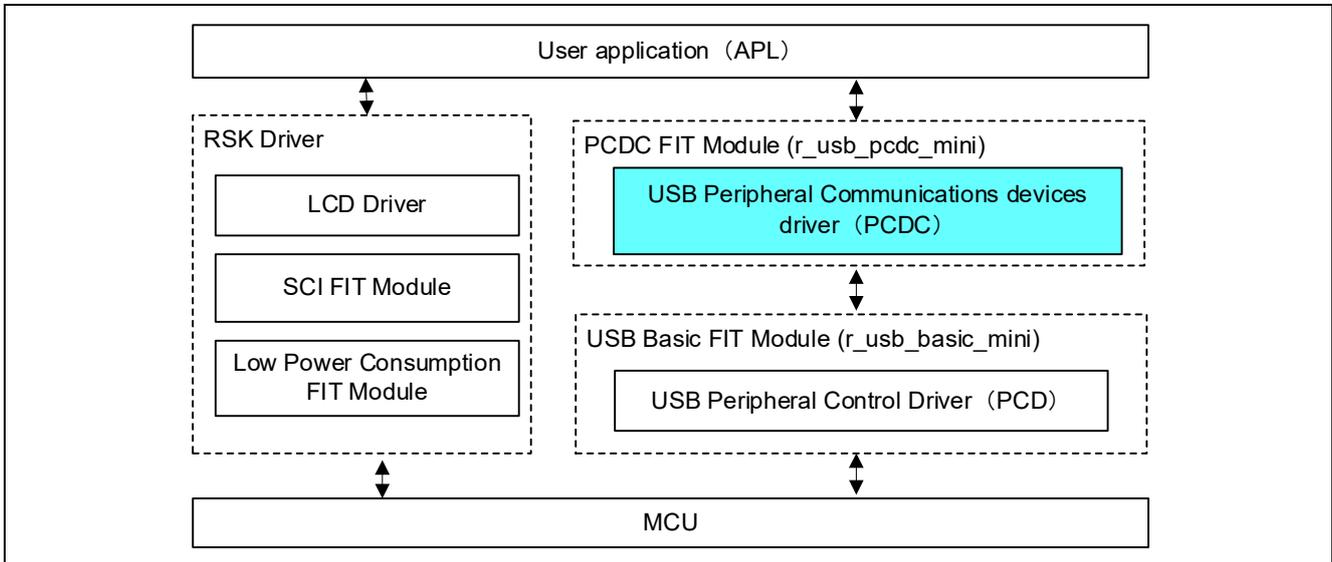


Figure 2-1 Module Configuration

Table 2-1 Functions of Modules

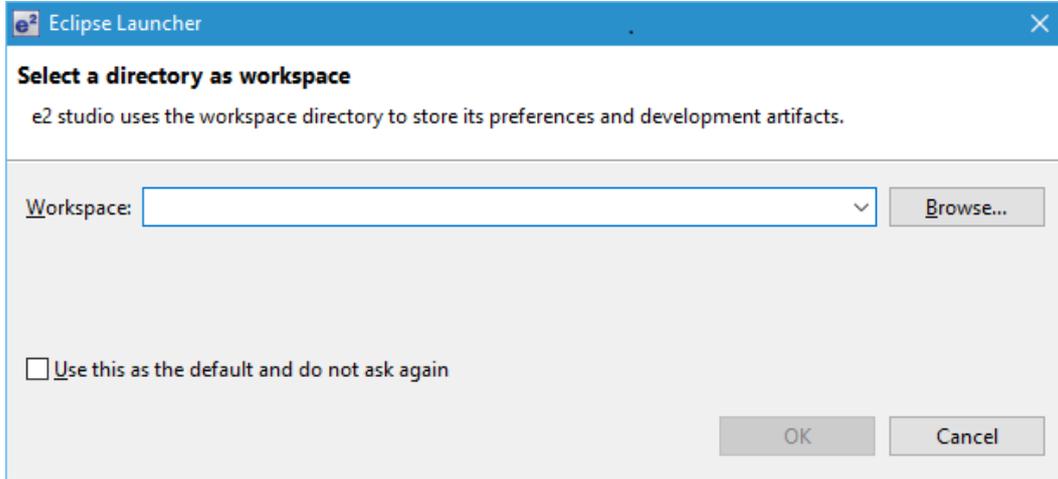
Module Name	Function
APL	Sample application program
RSK driver	Sample application for using the peripheral functions of the RSK.
PCDC (r_usb_pcdc_mini)	CDC class driver <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interprets requests from the USB host.</li> <li>• Provides data transfer services between the APL and the USB host, via the PCD.</li> </ul>
PCD (r_usb_basic_mini)	USB peripheral hardware control driver



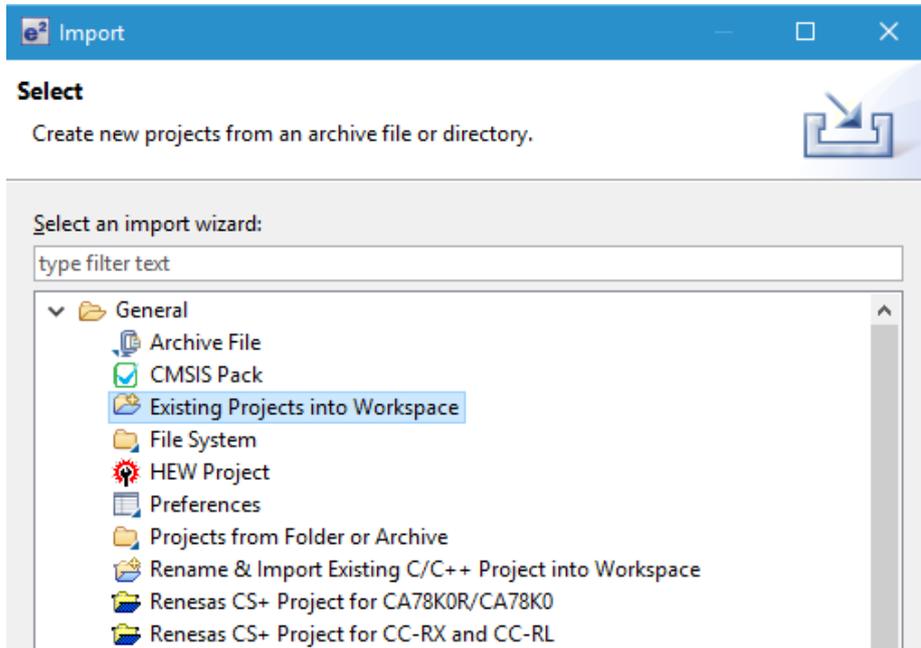


### 3.2 Software

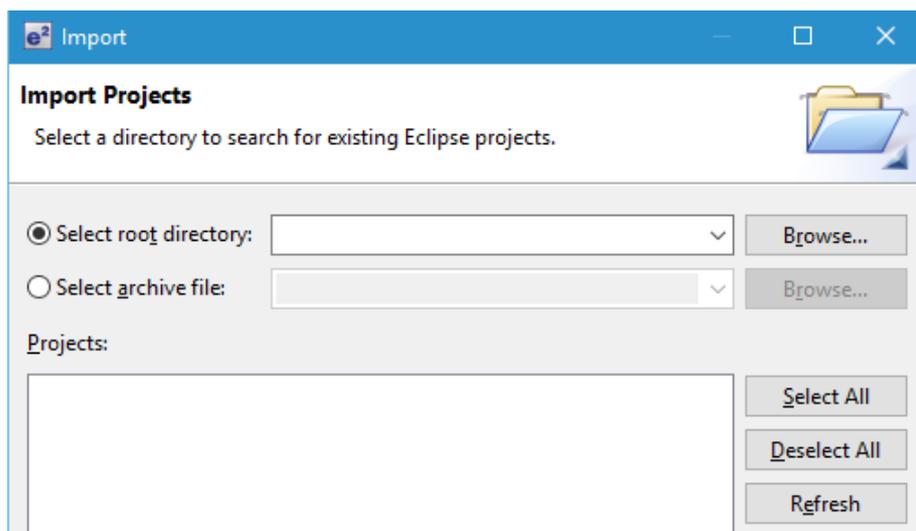
- 1) Setup e<sup>2</sup> studio
  - a) Start e<sup>2</sup> studio
  - b) If you start up e<sup>2</sup> studio at first, the following dialog is displayed. Specify the folder to store the project in this dialog.



- 2) Import the project to the workspace
  - a) Select [File] > [Import]
  - b) Select [General] => [Existing Projects into Workspace]



- c) Select the root directory of the project, that is, the folder containing the “.cproject” file.



- 3) Click “Finish”.  
You have now imported the project into the workspace. Note that you can import other projects into the same workspace.
- 4) Generate the binary target program by clicking the “Build” button.
- 5) Connect the target board to the debug tool and download the executable. The target is run by clicking the “Run” button.

## 4. Sample Application

### 4.1 Application Specifications

The main functions of the APL are as follows:

1) Echo mode (Loopback mode) (Note1)

Transmits data received from the USB host back to the USB host.

2) USB-serial converter mode (Note1) (Note2) (Note3) (Note4)

Transmits data received from the USB host back to a COM port and data received from the COM port to the USB host. Note that if a COM port error (parity error, framing error, or overrun error) occurs, the APL sends a "SerialState" class notification to the USB host.

3) Low-power functionality

This functionality transitions the MCU to low-power mode according to the status of the USB.

- a. The APL transitions the MCU to sleep mode when the USB is suspended.
- b. When the USB is detached (disconnected), the APL transitions the MCU to software standby mode.

(Note1) The selection of Echo mode or USB-serial converter mode is made by setting the "OPERATION\_MODE" macro definition in the file "*r\_usb\_pcdc\_apl\_config.h*."

(Note2) The COM port is connected to RL78G1C on the RSK/RSSK, so G1CUSB0 is used for USB-USB communication.

(Note3) In USB-serial converter mode, the following setting is required to RSK/RSSK.

- a. The setting to change the channel number from SCI1 to SCI2 is required when using RSKRX111. Please set the follows to RSK.
  - a) Removes the option link resistance (0 ohm) on R224 and R116.
  - b) Mounts the option link resistance (0 ohm) on R37 and R38.
- b. The setting to change the channel number from SCI1 to SCI6 is required when using RSKRX113. Please set the follows to RSK.
  - a) Removes the option link resistance (0 ohm) on R100 and R121.
  - b) Mounts the option link resistance (0 ohm) on R99 and R106.
- c. The change is not required to RSK when using RSKRX231.
- d. Please short Pin1-2 in J1(jumper) when using RSSKRX23W.

(Note4) To select USB-serial converter mode, the following FIT is required.

- a) RX Family Serial Communication Interface Firmware Integration Technology
- b) RX Family BYTEQ Module Firmware Integration Technology

## 4.2 Application Processing (for Non-OS)

The APL comprises two parts: initial settings and main loop. An overview of the processing in these two parts is provided below.

### 4.2.1 Initial Setting

Initial settings consist of MCU pin settings, USB driver settings, and initial settings to the USB controller.

### 4.2.2 Main Loop (Echo mode)

In Echo mode, loop-back processing in which data sent by the USB host is received and then transmitted unmodified back to the USB host takes place as part of the main routine. An overview of the processing of the main loop is presented below.

1. When the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called after enumeration with the USB host completes, *USB\_STS\_CONFIGURED* is set as the return value. When the APL confirms *USB\_STS\_CONFIGURED*, it calls the *R\_USB\_Read* function to make a data receive request for data sent by the USB host.
2. When enumeration with the USB host completes, the USB host sends an CDC class request to the CDC device. After it receives the CDC class request, the CDC device calls the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function and the return value is set to *USB\_STS\_REQUEST*. When the APL confirms *USB\_STS\_REQUEST*, it analyzes the received class request and performs processing corresponding to it.
3. When the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called after reception of data from the USB host has completed, *USB\_STS\_READ\_COMPLETE* is set as the return value. When the APL confirms *USB\_STS\_READ\_COMPLETE*, it calls the *R\_USB\_Write* function to make a data transmit request to transmit the received data to the USB host.
4. When the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called after transmission of data to the USB host completes, *USB\_STS\_WRITE\_COMPLETE* is set as the return value. When the APL confirms *USB\_STS\_WRITE\_COMPLETE*, it calls the *R\_USB\_Read* function to make a data receive request for data sent by the USB host.
5. The processing in steps 3 and 4, above, is repeated.
6. When it confirms reception of a suspend signal from the USB host or DETACH, the APL performs processing to transition the CDC device (RSK/RSSK) to low-power mode. For information on low-power mode, refer to **4.4, MCU Low power consumption processing**. Note that confirmation of reception of a suspend signal or DETACH is performed by referencing the return value (*USB\_STS\_SUSPEND* or *USB\_STS\_DETACH*) of the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function.

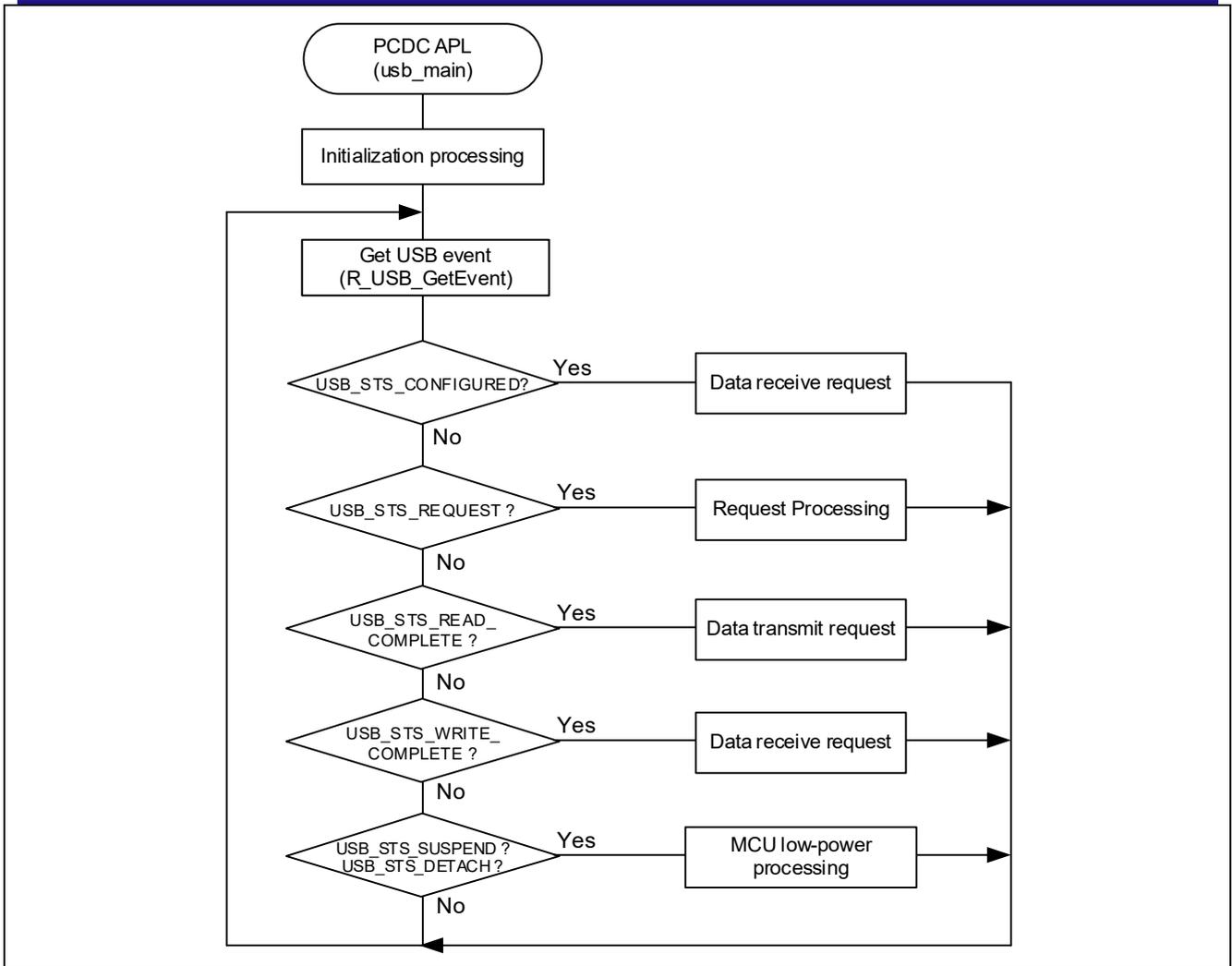


Figure 4-1 Main Loop processing (Loopback mode)

### 4.2.3 Main Loop (USB-serial converter mode)

The processing performed in USB serial convert mode is described below.

- a. Reception of data from the USB host, and transmission of the received data to the COM port.
- b. Transmission to the USB host of data received from the COM port.

An overview of the processing of the main loop is presented below.

1. When the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called after enumeration with the USB host completes, *USB\_STS\_CONFIGURED* is set as the return value. When the APL confirms *USB\_STS\_CONFIGURED*, it calls the *R\_USB\_Read* function to make a data receive request for Bulk data sent by the USB host.
2. When enumeration with the USB host completes, the USB host sends an CDC class request to the CDC device. After it receives the CDC class request, the CDC device calls the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function and the return value is set to *USB\_STS\_REQUEST*. When the APL confirms *USB\_STS\_REQUEST*, it analyzes the received class request and performs processing corresponding to it.
3. When the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called after processing of the class request mentioned in 2, above, completes, the return value is set to *USB\_STS\_REQUEST\_COMPLETE*. The APL performs processing to make request information settings, etc.
4. When the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called after reception of Bulk data by the USB host has completed, *USB\_STS\_READ\_COMPLETE* is set as the return value. When the APL confirms *USB\_STS\_READ\_COMPLETE*, it sets the reception size of the bulk data to the global variable. This global variable is referenced in step 6, below.
5. When the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called after sending of USB data (refer to step 6, below) to the USB host has completed, *USB\_STS\_WRITE\_COMPLETE* is set as the return value. When the APL confirms *USB\_STS\_WRITE\_COMPLETE*, it references member type in the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure to identify the device class on which data transmission has completed. It then sets the completion flag corresponding to the device class on which data transmission has completed. This flag is referenced in step 6, below.
6. When the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called when no USB event has occurred, *USB\_STS\_NONE* is set as the return value. The processing of *USB\_STS\_NONE* consists of the transmission processing described below. Note that before the transmission processing described below, the global variable and the flags set in steps 4 and 5 above are referenced to determine if transmission is possible.
  - (1). SCI transmission processing to send bulk data received from the USB host to the COM port
  - (2). If a SCI error (parity error, framing error, overrun error, etc.) has been detected, class notification (serial state) transmit request processing to notify the USB host
  - (3). Data transmit request processing to send the data received from the COM port to the USB host
7. If reception of a suspend signal from the USB host or DETACH is confirmed while steps 4 to 6 to, above, are repeating, the APL performs processing to transition the CDC device (RSK/RSSK) to low-power mode. For information on low-power mode, refer to **4.4, MCU Low power consumption processing**. Note that confirmation of reception of a suspend signal or DETACH is performed by referencing the return value (*USB\_STS\_SUSPEND* or *USB\_STS\_DETACH*) of the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function.

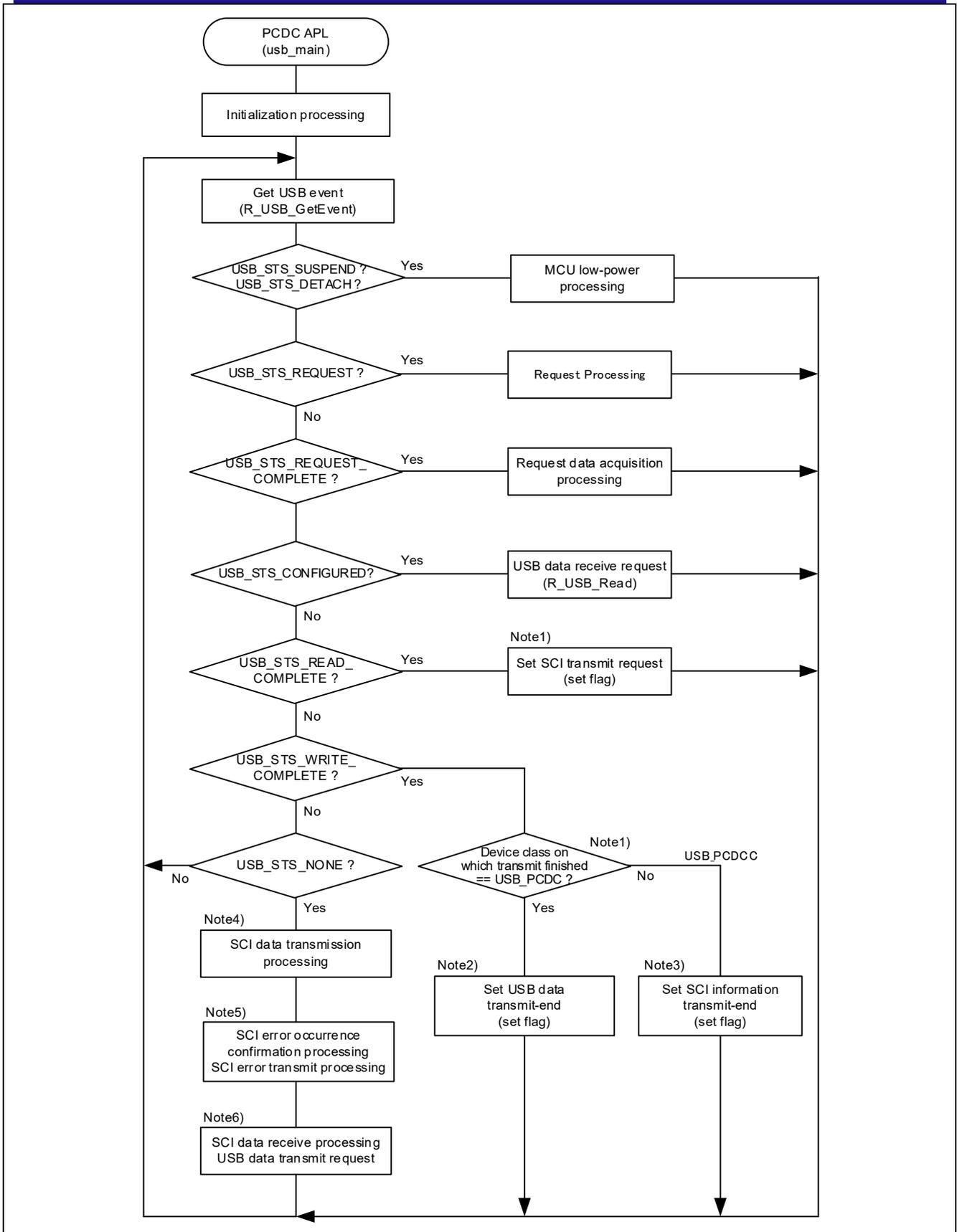


Figure 4-2 Main Loop processing (USB-serial converter mode mode)

(Note1) Sets the Bulk data reception size to the global variable. This global variable is referenced in the processing described in (Note4).

(Note2) Sets the USB data transmit-end flag. This flag is referenced in the processing described in (Note6).

- (Note3) Sets the SCI information (serial state) transmit-end flag. This flag is referenced in the processing described in (Note5).
- (Note4) References the global variable in (Note1) and performs SCI data transmit processing. If SCI data transmission completes normally, the SCI transmit request flag is cleared. If SCI data transmission fails, the SCI transmit request flag is not cleared so that SCI data transmit processing will be retried.
- (Note5) Performs processing to check the SCI status for the occurrence of an error. If an error has occurred, the *R\_USB\_Write* function is used to send error information to the USB host.
- (Note6) References the flag mentioned in (Note2) to confirm whether USB transmission is possible. If transmission is possible, the *USB\_Write* function is used to send the received SCI data to the USB host. Note that confirmation of reception of data from the COM port is not performed until transmission of data to the USB host completes.

### 4.3 Application Processing (for RTOS)

The APL comprises two parts: initial settings and main loop. An overview of the processing in these two parts is provided below.

#### 4.3.1 Initial Setting

Initial settings consist of MCU pin settings, USB driver settings, and initial settings to the USB controller.

#### 4.3.2 Main Loop (Echo mode)

In Echo mode, loop-back processing in which data sent by the USB host is received and then transmitted unmodified back to the USB host takes place as part of the main routine. An overview of the processing performed by the loop is shown below.

1. When a USB-related event has completed, the USB driver calls the callback function (*usb\_apl\_callback*). In the callback function (*usb\_apl\_callback*), the application task (APL) is notified of the USB completion event using the real-time OS functionality.
2. In APL, information regarding the USB completion event was notified from the callback function is retrieved using the real-time OS functionality.
3. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_CONFIGURED*, APL performs a data reception request to receive data transmitted from the USB Host by calling the *R\_USB\_Read* function.
4. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_REQUEST*, APL performs processing in response to the received request.
5. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_READ\_COMPLETE*, APL performs a data transmission request to send USB Host the reception data by calling the *R\_USB\_Write* function.
6. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_WRITE\_COMPLETE*, APL performs a data reception request to receive the data sent from USB Host by calling the *R\_USB\_Read* function.
7. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_SUSPEND* or *USB\_STS\_DETACH*, APL performs processing to transition the CDC device (RSK) to low-power mode. For information on low-power mode, refer to **4.4, MCU Low power consumption processing**.

An overview of the processing performed by the APL is shown below:

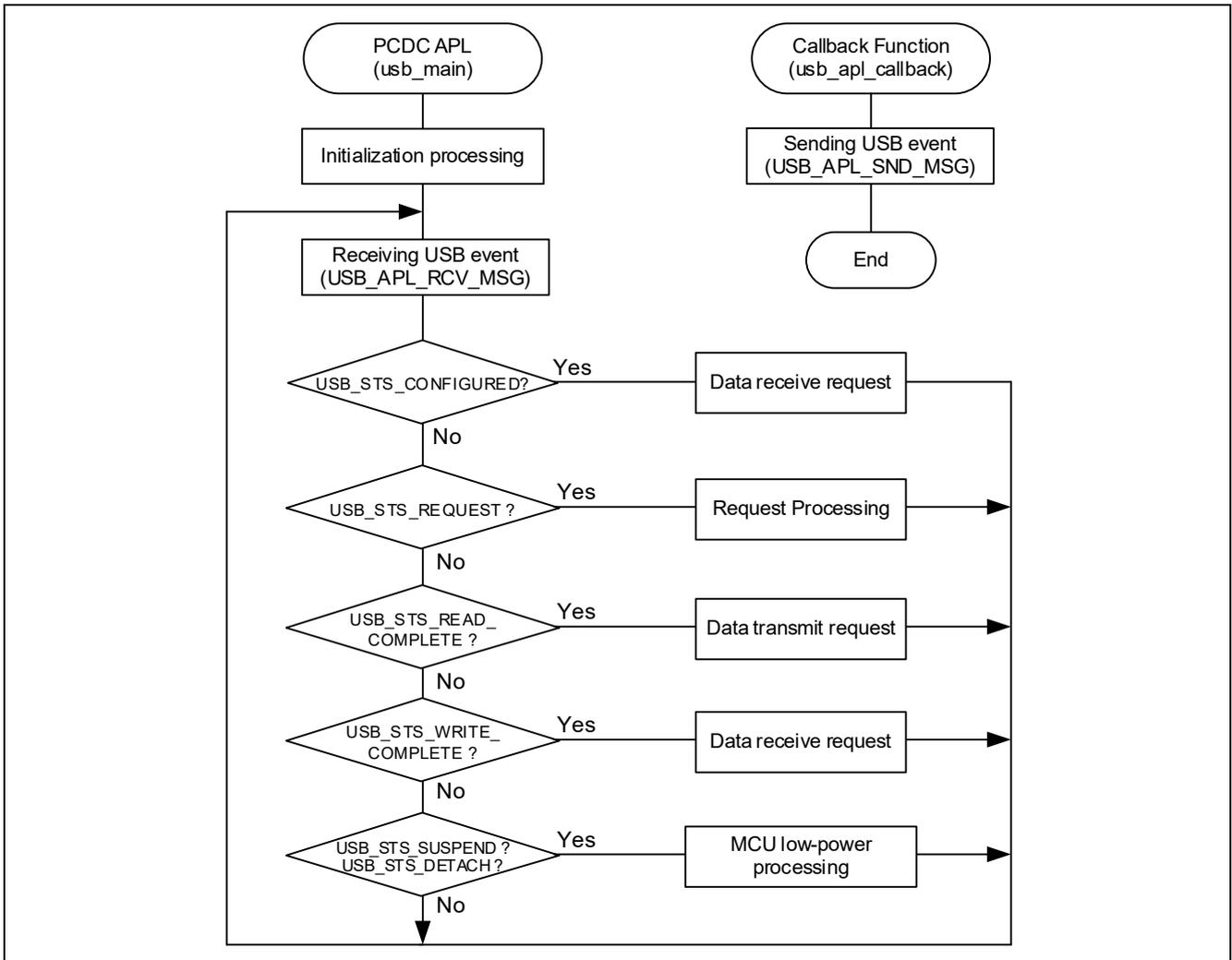


Figure 4-3 Main Loop processing (Echo mode)

### 4.3.3 Main Loop (USB-serial converter mode)

The processing performed in USB serial convert-back mode is described below.

- a. Reception of data from the USB host, and transmission of the received data to the COM port.
- b. Transmission to the USB host of data received from the COM port.

An overview of the processing of the main loop is presented below.

1. When a USB-related event has completed, the USB driver calls the callback function (*usb\_apl\_callback*). In the callback function (*usb\_apl\_callback*), the application task (APL) is notified of the USB completion event using the real-time OS functionality.
2. In APL, information regarding the USB completion event was notified from the callback function is retrieved using the real-time OS functionality.
3. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_CONFIGURED*, APL performs a data reception request to receive data transmitted from the USB Host by calling the *R\_USB\_Read* function.
4. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_REQUEST*, APL performs processing in response to the received request.
5. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_REQUEST\_COMPLETE*, APL performs processing to make request information settings, etc.
6. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_READ\_COMPLETE*, APL sets the reception data size to a global variable.
7. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_WRITE\_COMPLETE*, APL references member *type* in the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure to identify the device class on which data transmission has completed. It then sets the completion flag corresponding to the device class on which data transmission has completed. This flag is referenced in step 9, below.
8. If the USB completion event (the *event* member of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) retrieved in step 2 above is *USB\_STS\_SUSPEND* or *USB\_STS\_DETACH*, APL performs processing to transition the CDC device (RSK) to low-power mode. For information on low-power mode, refer to **4.4, MCU Low power consumption processing**.
9. The following transmission processing is performed after completing the above processing. Note that before the transmission processing described below, the flags set in steps 5 and 7 above are referenced to determine if transmission is possible.
  - (1). SCI transmission processing to send bulk data received from the USB host to the COM port and the data reception processing from USB Host.
  - (2). If a SCI error (parity error, framing error, overrun error, etc.) has been detected, class notification (serial state) transmit request processing to notify the USB host
  - (3). Data transmit request processing to send the data received from the COM port to the USB host

An overview of the processing performed by the APL is shown below:

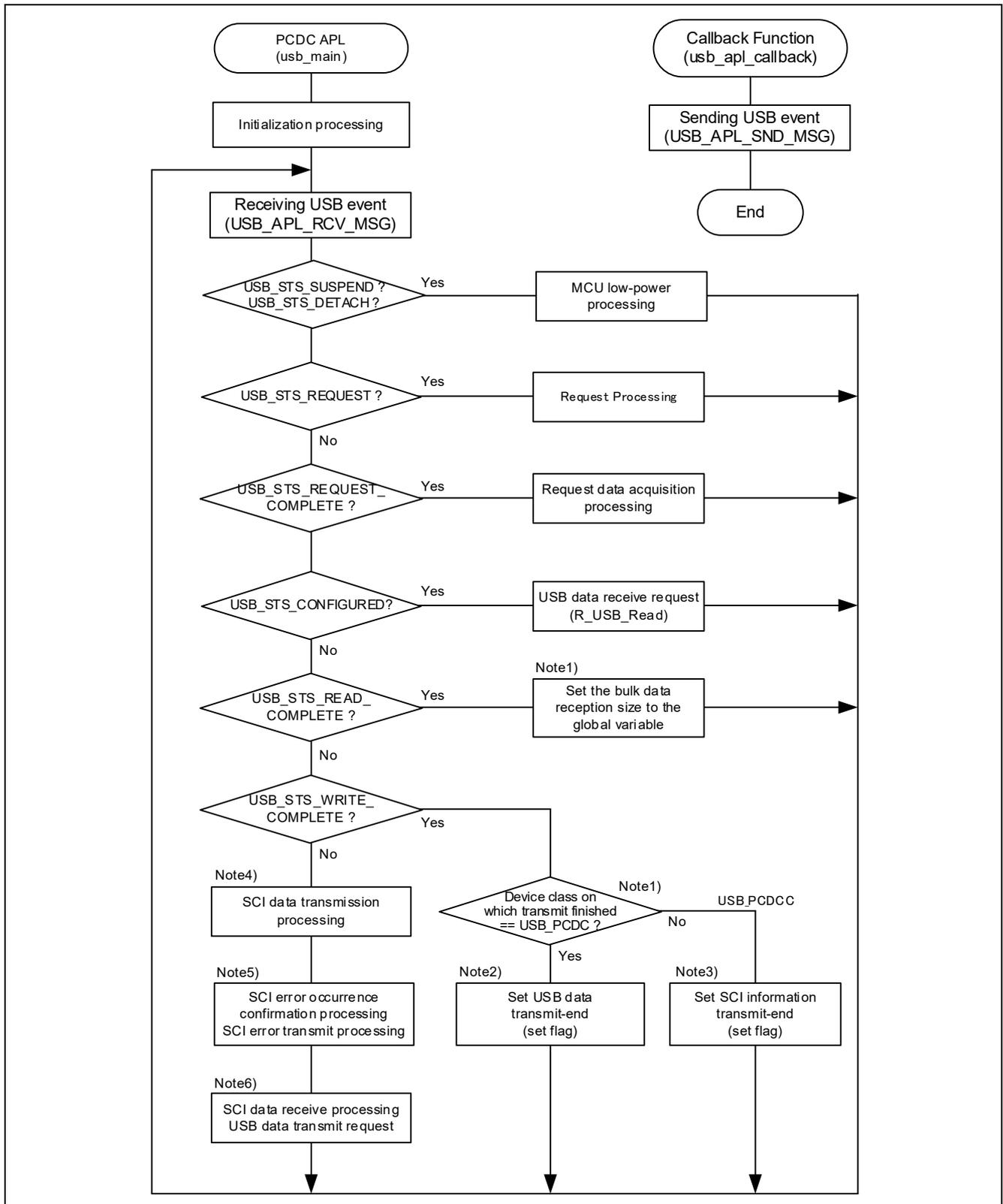


Figure 4-4 Main Loop processing (USB-serial converter mode mode)

(Note1) The reception data size is set to a global variable. This variable is referred in (Note4).

(Note2) Sets the USB data transmit-end flag. This flag is referenced in the processing described in (Note6).

- (Note3) Sets the SCI information (serial state) transmit-end flag. This flag is referenced in the processing described in (Note5).
- (Note4) References the global variable in (Note1) and performs SCI data transmit processing. If SCI data transmission completes normally, the SCI transmit request flag is cleared. If SCI data transmission fails, the SCI transmit request flag is not cleared so that SCI data transmit processing will be retried.
- (Note5) Performs processing to check the SCI status for the occurrence of an error. If an error has occurred, the *R\_USB\_Write* function is used to send error information to the USB host.
- (Note6) References the flag mentioned in (Note2) to confirm whether USB transmission is possible. If transmission is possible, the *USB\_Write* function is used to send the received SCI data to the USB host. Note that confirmation of reception of data from the COM port is not performed until transmission of data to the USB host completes.

#### 4.4 MCU Low power consumption processing

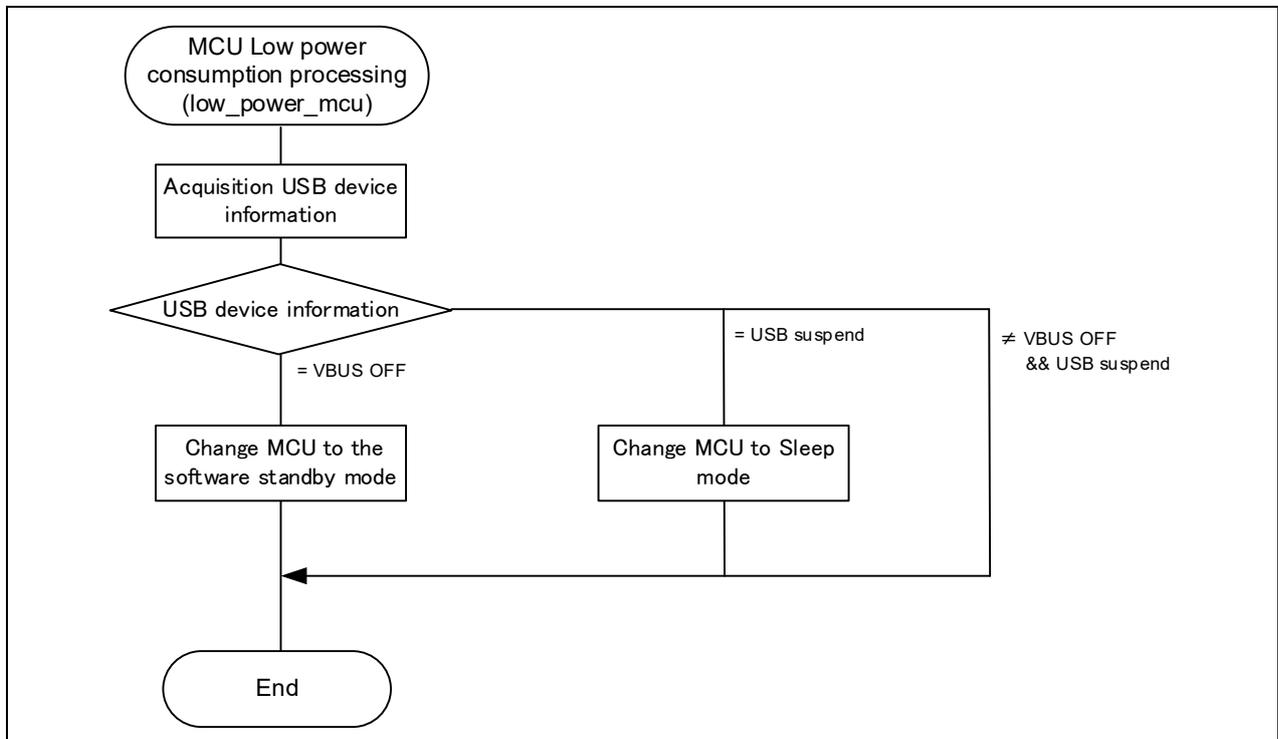
MCU low-power processing occurs when the conditions in Table 4-1 or Table 4-2 are met, causing a transition to low-power mode.

##### 1. Non-OS

**Table 4-1 Conditions for Transition to Low-Power Mode**

Transition Condition		Transition Status
VBUS	USB State	
OFF	—	Software standby mode
ON	Suspend Configured	Sleep mode
ON	Other than Suspend Configured	Normal mode (program running)

- (1). When the CDC device (RSK/RSSK) detaches from the USB host (VBUS OFF), the APL performs processing to transition the MCU to software standby mode. Recovery from software standby mode occurs when the CDC device (RSK/RSSK) attaches to the USB host.
- (2). When a suspend signal sent by the USB host is received while the CDC device (RSK/RSSK) is connected to the USB host, the APL performs processing to transition the MCU to sleep mode. Note that recovery from sleep mode occurs when a resume signal is received from the USB host.



**Figure 4-5 Flowchart of MCU Low Power Consumption Processing**

2. RTOS (FreeRTOS only)

Table 4-2 Conditions for Transition to Low-Power Mode

Transition Condition		Transition Status
VBUS	USB State	
OFF	—	Software standby mode
ON	Suspend Configured	Software standby mode
ON	Other than Suspend Configured	Normal mode (program running)

- (1). When the CDC device (RSK) detaches from the USB host (VBUS OFF), the APL performs processing to transition the MCU to software standby mode. Recovery from software standby mode occurs when the CDC device (RSK) attaches to the USB host.
- (2). When a suspend signal sent by the USB host is received while the CDC device (RSK) is connected to the USB host, the APL performs processing to transition the MCU to software standby mode. Note that recovery from software standby mode occurs when a resume signal is received from the USB host.

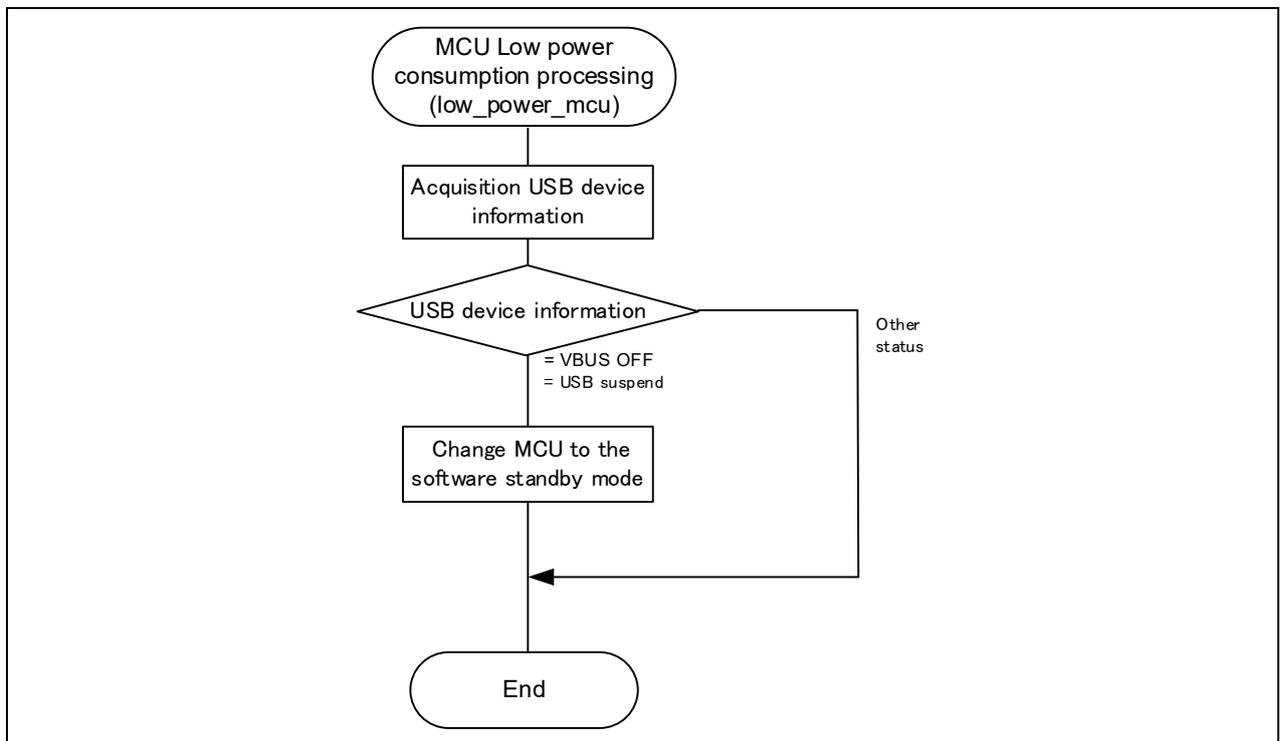


Figure 4-6 Flowchart of MCU Low Power Consumption Processing

## 4.5 Configuration File for the application program (r\_usb\_pcdc\_apl\_config.h)

Make settings for the definitions listed below.

### 1. OPERATION\_MODE Definition

Specify one of the following settings for the *OPERATION\_MODE* definition.

```
#define OPERATION_MODE USB_ECHO // Echo mode
#define OPERATION_MODE USB_UART // USB-serial conversion mode
```

### 2. Low-Power Function Definition

Specify whether or not the low-power function will be used. If the low-power function will be used, specify *USB\_APL\_ENABLE* to *USB\_SUPPORT\_LPW* definition.

```
#define USE_SUPPORT_LPW USB_APL_DISABLE // No use the low-power function
#define USB_SUPPORT_LPW USB_APL_ENABLE // Use the low-power function
```

### 3. USB\_SUPPORT\_RTOS Definition

Please specify *USB\_APL\_ENABLE* to *USB\_SUPPORT\_RTOS* definition when using the real-time OS.

```
#define USB_SUPPORT_RTOS USB_APL_DISABLE // No use the real-time OS
#define USB_SUPPORT_RTOS USB_APL_ENABLE // Use the real-time OS
```

### 4. Note

The above configuration settings apply to the application program. USB driver configuration settings (*r\_usb\_basic\_mini\_config.h*) are required in addition to the above settings. For information on USB driver configuration settings, refer to the application note *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology* (Document number. R01AN2166).

## 4.6 Descriptor

The PCDC's descriptor information is contained in *r\_usb\_pcdc\_descriptor.c*. Also, please be sure to use your vendor ID.

## 5. CDC Driver Installation

If USB Host is PC, CDC driver must be installed in the PC. When you connect RSK which this PCDC sample program is written in to your PC, the wizard shown in Figure 5-1 will appear on your screen and prompt the CDC driver installation

- (1). Select **Update Driver Software** from the device manager.
- (2). Select “**Browse my computer for driver software**”.

Note:

- (1). It is not necessary the following installation work for CDC driver when using Window® 10.
- (2). The catalog file with the digital signature is required when using Windows® 8.1. The customer needs to create this catalog file.

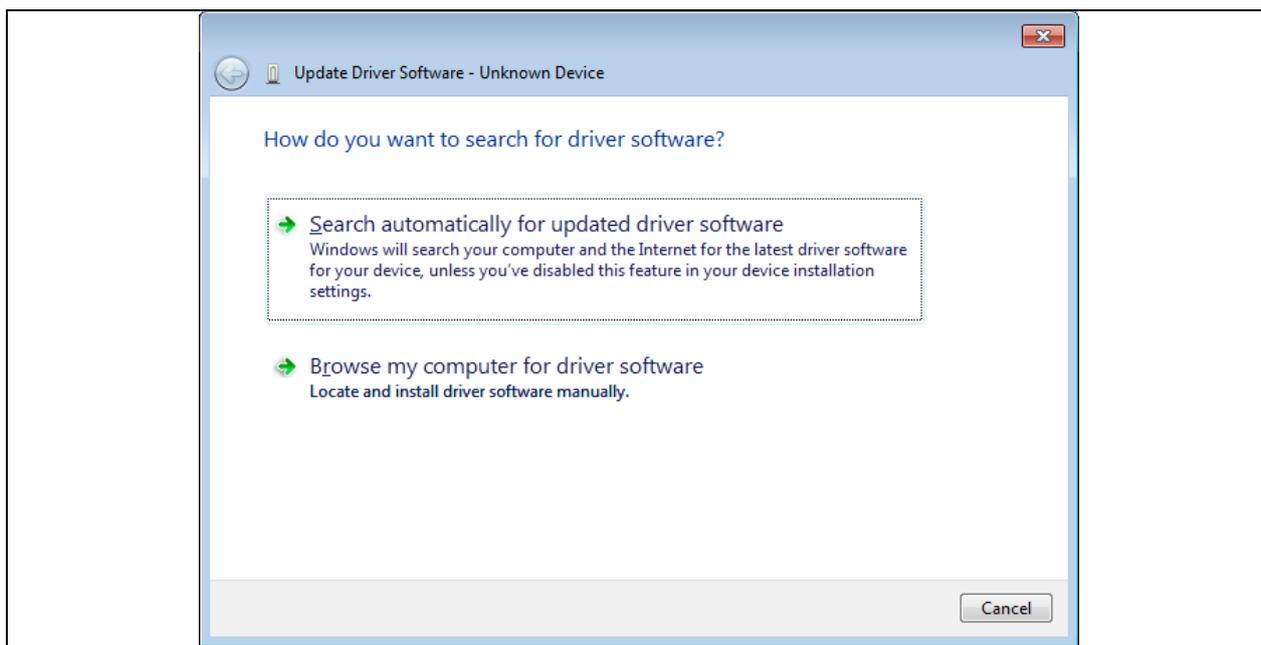
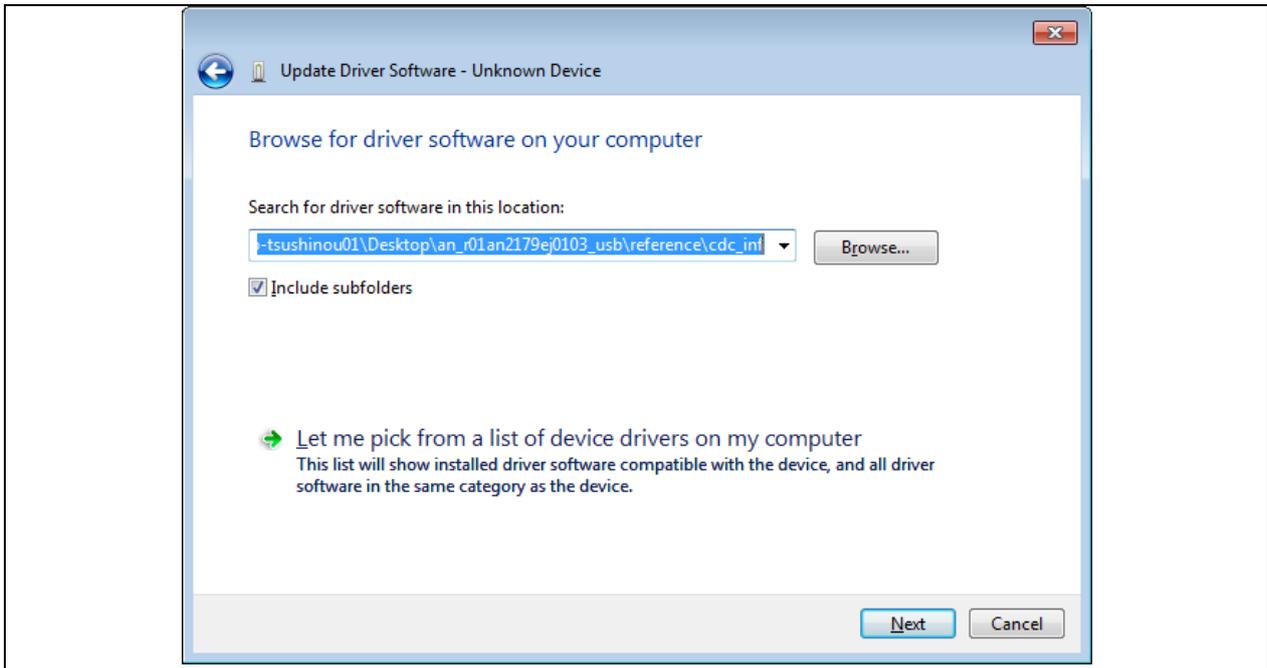


Figure 5-1 New Hardware Search Wizard

(3). Select **“Browse for driver software on your computer”**

Click **Browse**, specify the folder in which the *CDC\_Demo.inf* is stored, then click **“Next”**

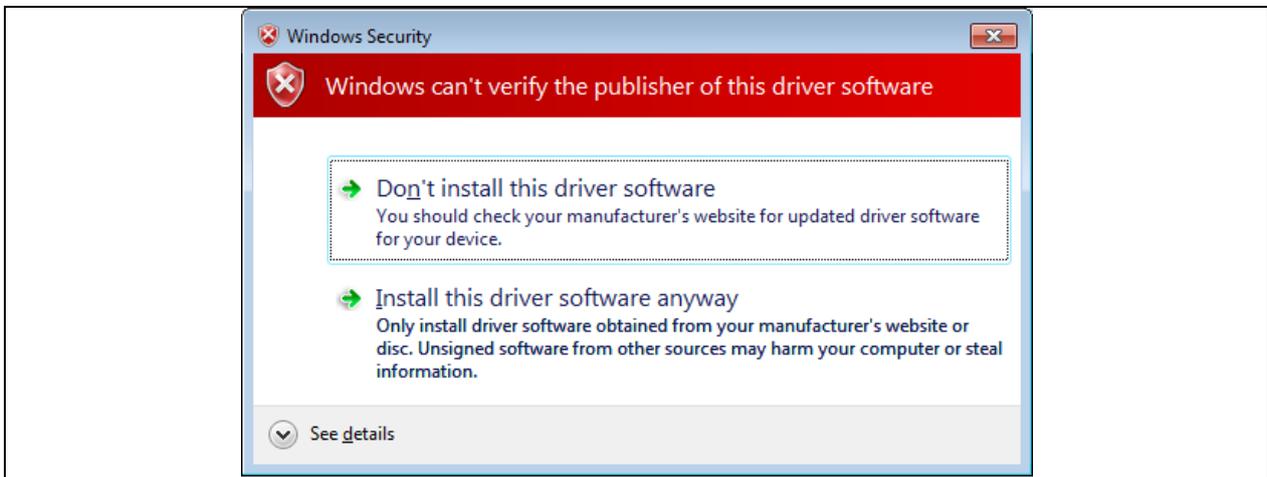


**Figure 5-2** Select Driver Location

**Note:**

The *CDC\_Demo.inf* file is stored in "r\_usb\_pcdeUtilities" folder in the package.

(4). If the following installation confirmation screen appears, click **“Browse for driver software on your computer”**



**Figure 5-3** Installation Confirmation Screen

(5). When the following window appears, the CDC driver has been successfully installed. Click “Close.”

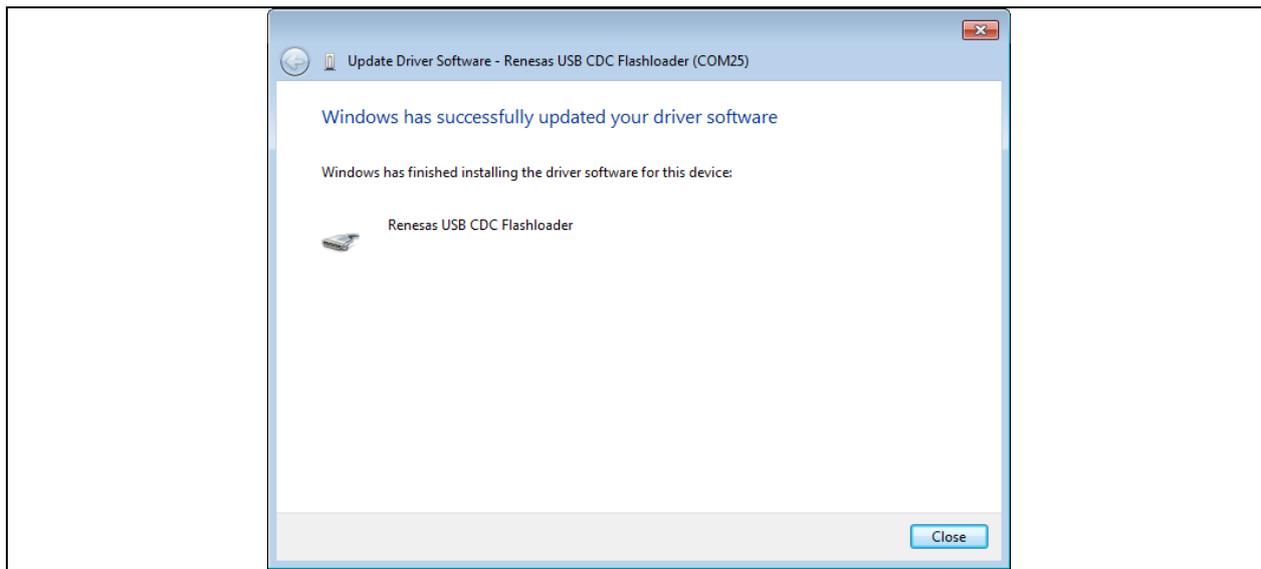


Figure 5-4 Installation Complete

## 6. Class Driver Overview

### 6.1 Class Request (Request from Host to Device)

Table 6-1 lists the class requests supported by the PCDC.

**Table 6-1** Supported CDC Class Requests

Request	Coce	Description
SetLineCoding	0x21	Sets transmission line coding (transmission speed, data length, parity bit, stop bit length)
GetLineCoding	0x22	Notify transmission line coding state.
SetControlLineState	0x23	Sets control signals RTS and DTR for transmission line.

### 6.2 Data Format

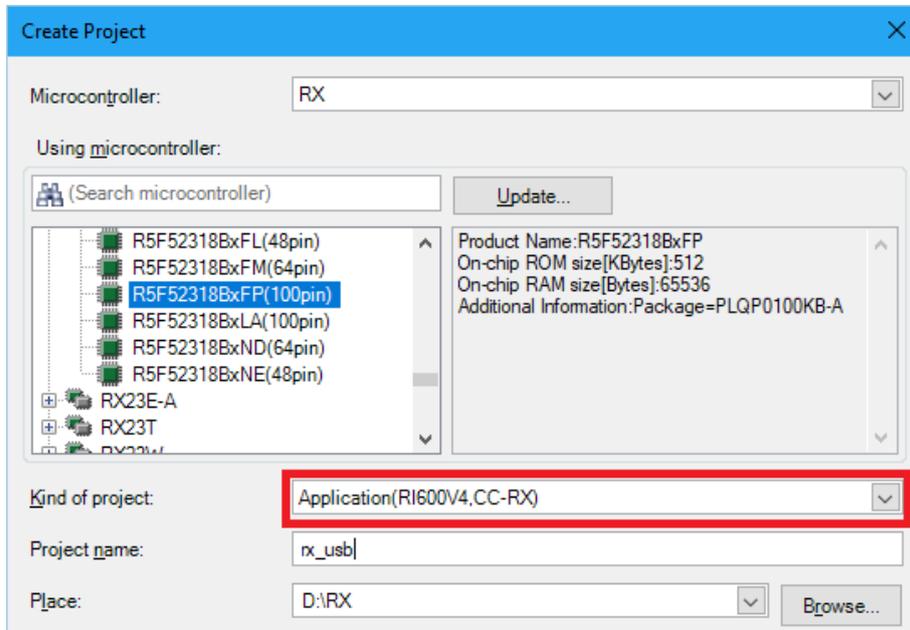
The CDC data class has no specified format. Data may be transferred in any format.

## 7. Using RI600V4 project with CS+

The RI600V4 project in the package does not support CS+. The user needs to create a project for CS+ according to the following procedure when using RI600V4 project on CS+.

### 7.1 New Project Creation

Select "Application(RI600V4, CC-RX)" for the Kind of project.

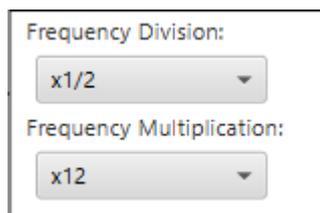


### 7.2 Launch Smart Configurator

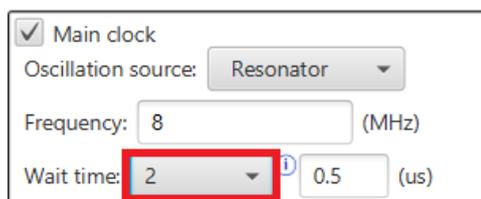
#### 1. Clock Setting (Select "Clocks" tab)

- (1). Set the related clock so that "48MHz" is set to UCLK (USB clock).

The following is a setting example when using the oscillator(8MHz).



- (2). Set the minimum value to the wait time for the main clock.



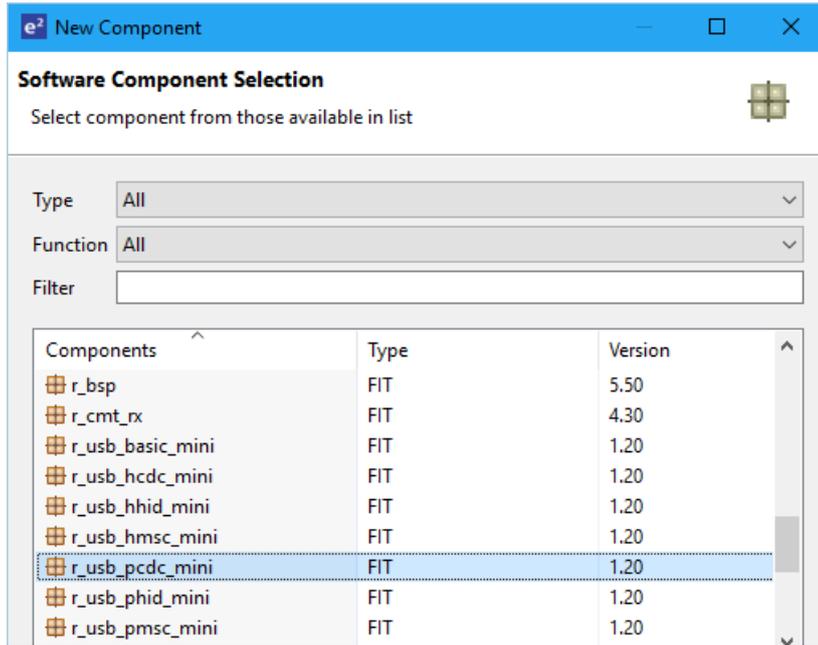
#### 2. Component Setting (Select "Components" tab)

- (1). Import the USB FIT module

Select the *r\_usb\_pcdc\_mini* module and press the "Finish" button. The *r\_usb\_basic\_mini* module is imported at the same time.

Note:

Select the *r\_dtc\_rx* / *r\_dmaca\_rx* module when using the DTC/DMA.

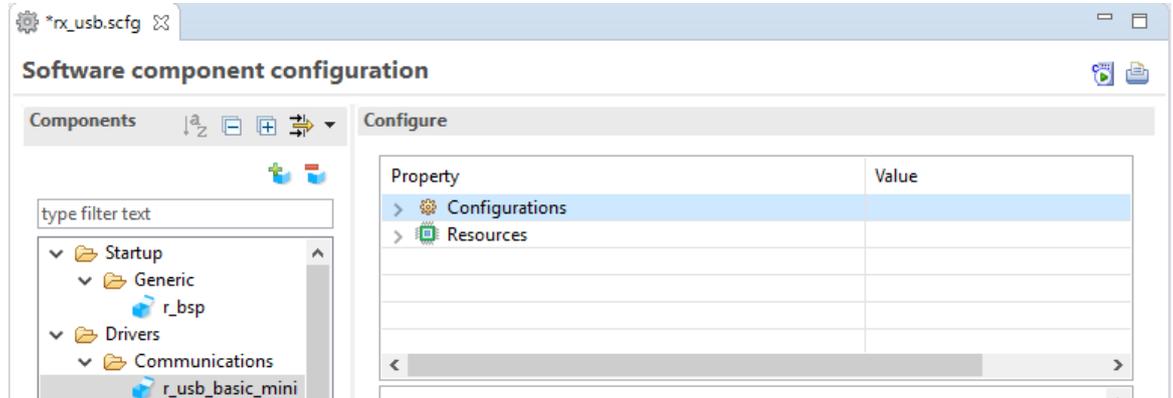


(2). Configuration Setting

a. r\_bsp

Change the heap size when using DTC transfer. For the setting value, refer to the documentation for DTC FIT module.

b. r\_usb\_basic\_mini



(a). Configurations

Set each item according to the user system.  
 For the detail of each item, refer to chapter "Configuration" in *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver Firmware Integration Technology* application note (Document number: R01AN2166).

(b). Resources

Check the check box for USBx\_VBUS pin.

Property	Value
Configurations	
Resources	
USB	
USB0_HOST	<input type="checkbox"/>
USB0_VBUSEN Pin	<input type="checkbox"/> Unused
USB0_OVRCURA Pin	<input type="checkbox"/> Unused
USB0_OVRCURB Pin	<input type="checkbox"/> Unused
USB0_PERI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
USB0_VBUS Pin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Used

c. r\_usb\_pcdc\_mini

Refer to chapter "Configuration" in *USB Peripheral Communications Devices Class Driver (PCDC) for USB Mini Firmware Firmware Integration Technology* application note (Document number: R01AN2170).

### 3. Pin Setting (Select "Pins" tab)

Select the port for USB pin match the user system.

Enabled	Function	Assignment	Pin Number
<input type="checkbox"/>	USB0_EXICEN	Not assigned	Not assigned
<input type="checkbox"/>	USB0_ID	Not assigned	Not assigned
<input type="checkbox"/>	USB0_OVRCURA	Not assigned	Not assigned
<input type="checkbox"/>	USB0_OVRCURB	Not assigned	Not assigned
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB0_VBUS	P16/MTIOC3C/MTIOC3D/TMO2/TIOCBI/TCLKC/R...	30
<input type="checkbox"/>	USB0_VBUSEN	Not assigned	Not assigned
<input type="checkbox"/>	VCC_USB	VCC_USB	35

### 4. Generate Code

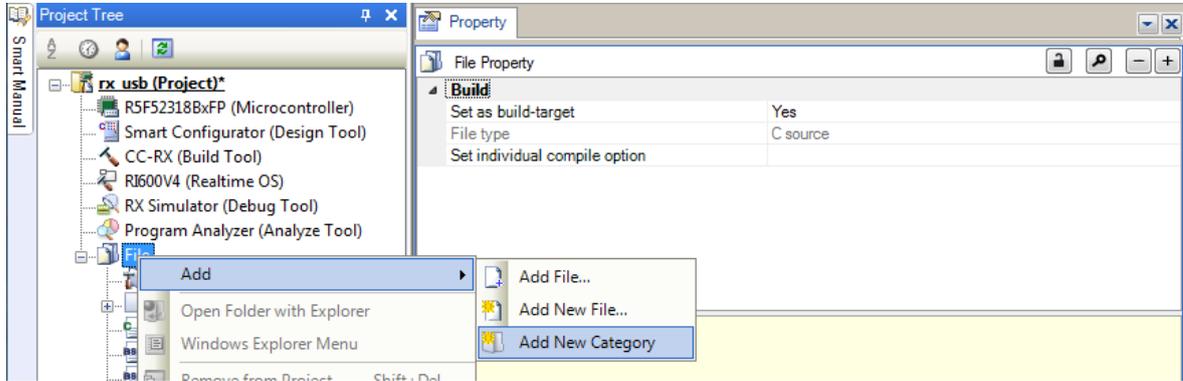
The Smart Configurator generates source codes for USB FIT module and USB pin setting in "`<ProjectDir>\$src\$smc_gen`" folder by clicking on the [  (Generate Code) ] button.

Note:

Select "Yes" if the following dialog box is displayed.

### 7.3 Add the application program and the configuration file

1. Copy the *demo\_src* folder in this package to the "*<ProjectDir>%src*" folder.
2. Copy the RI600V4 configuration file (.cfg file) to "*<ProjectDir>*" folder.
3. Select "File" in the "Project Tree" and click the right button. Select [Add] → [Add New Category] and create the category to store the application program. Then select [Add File] and register the application program and the configuration file which are copied at the above 2.



Note:

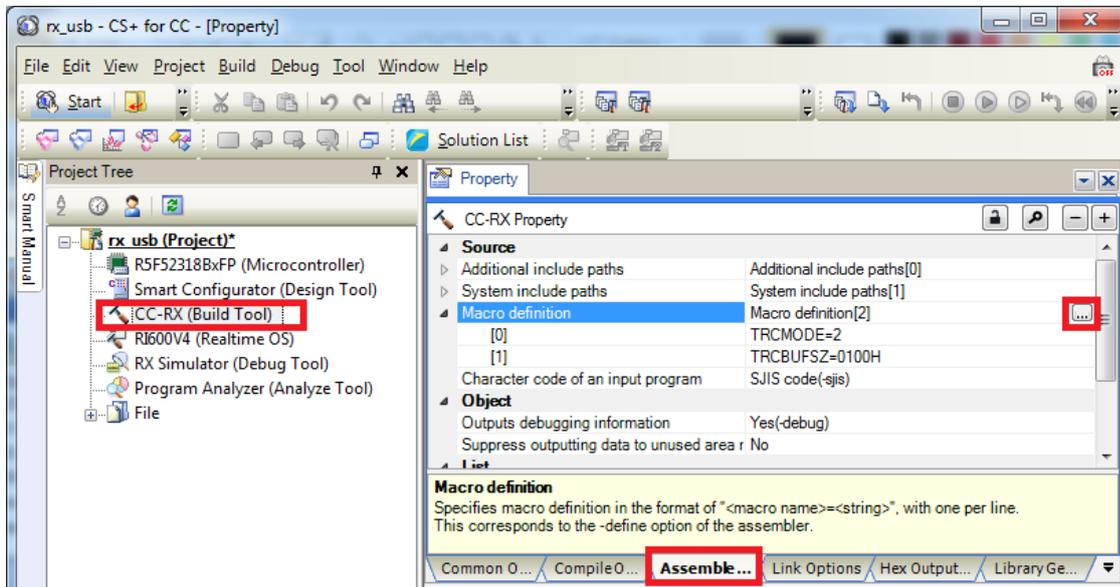
Remove the "task.c" file and "sample.cfg" created in "*<ProjectDir>*" folder by CS+.

### 7.4 Remote Macro Definition

Remove these macros since the following macros is defined in the new created project.

Select [CC-RX(Build Tool)] → [Assemble Options] tab, remove the following macros.

1. TRCMODE = 2
2. TRCBUF SZ = 0100H



### 7.5 Build Execution

Execute the build and generate the binary target program.

## 8. Using the e<sup>2</sup> studio project with CS+

The PCDC contains a project only for e<sup>2</sup> studio. When you use the PCDC with CS+, import the project to CS+ by following procedures.

[Note]

1. Uncheck the checkbox Backup the project composition files after conversion in Project Convert Settings window.
2. The following method is not supported when using RI600V4. Refer to chapter 7, Using RI600V4 project with CS+.

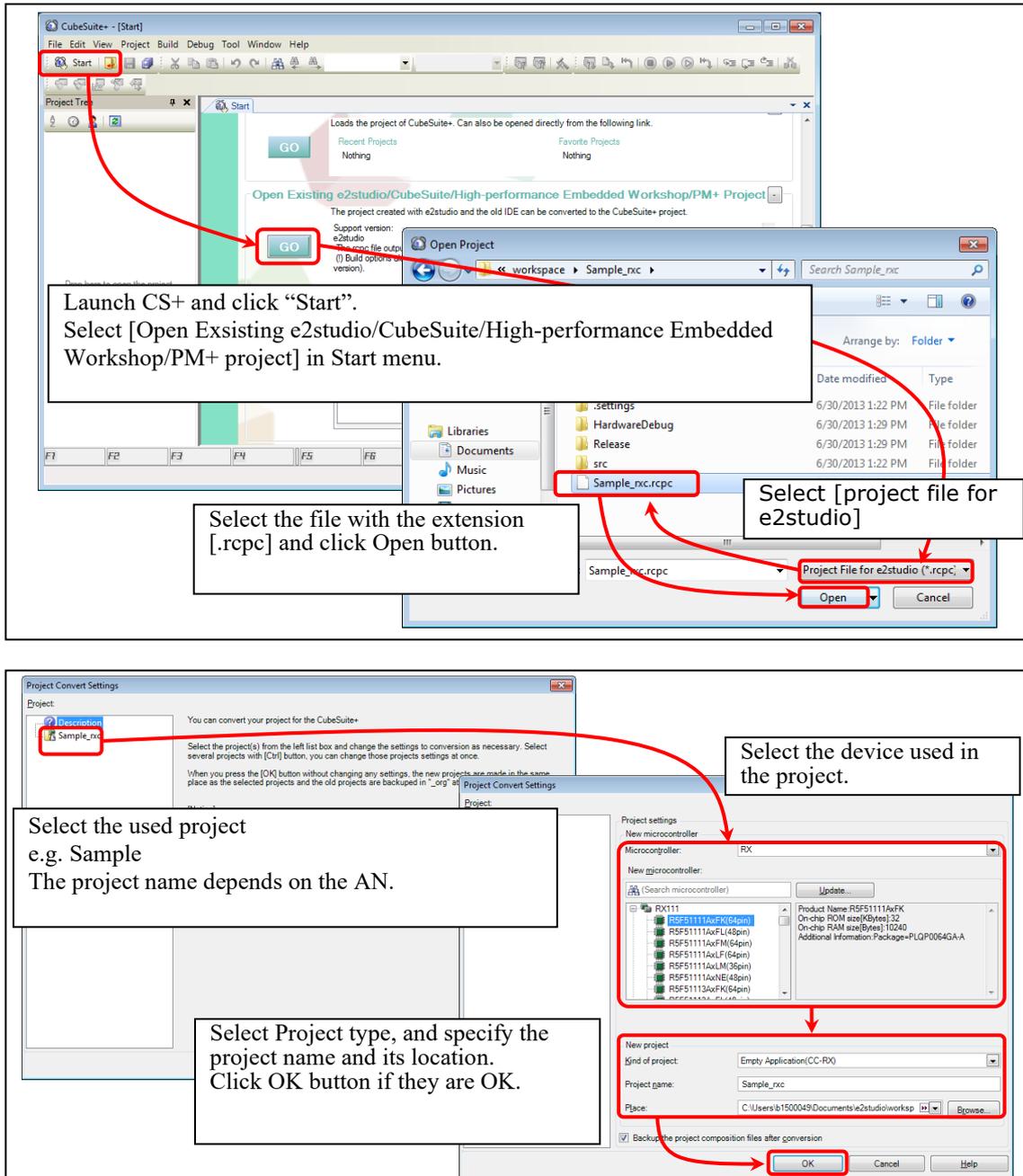


Figure 8-1 Using the e<sup>2</sup> studio project with CS+

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## Revision Record

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Dec 1, 2014	—	First Edition Issued.
1.01	Jun 1, 2015	—	RX231 is added in Target Device.
1.02	Dec 28, 2015	—	Checked the operation with Windows® 10.
1.10	Nov 30, 2018	—	1. The following chapter has been added. (1). 3.1.2 RSK/RSSK Setting 2. The following chapter has been changed. (1). 4. Sample Application
1.12	Jun 30, 2019	—	RX23W is added in Target Device.
1.20	Jun 1, 2020	—	Supported the real-time OS.

## General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

### 1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

### 2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.  
In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.  
In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

### 3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

### 4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

### 5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

- The characteristics of Microprocessing unit or Microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number may differ in terms of the internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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(Rev.4.0-1 November 2017)



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