

## RL78/G12

### Serial Array Unit (UART Communication) CC-RL

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#### Introduction

This application note explains how to use UART communication through the serial array unit (SAU). ASCII characters transmitted from the device on the opposite side are analyzed to make responses.

#### Target Device

RL78/G12

When applying the sample program covered in this application note to another microcomputer, modify the program according to the specifications for the target microcomputer and conduct an extensive evaluation of the modified program.

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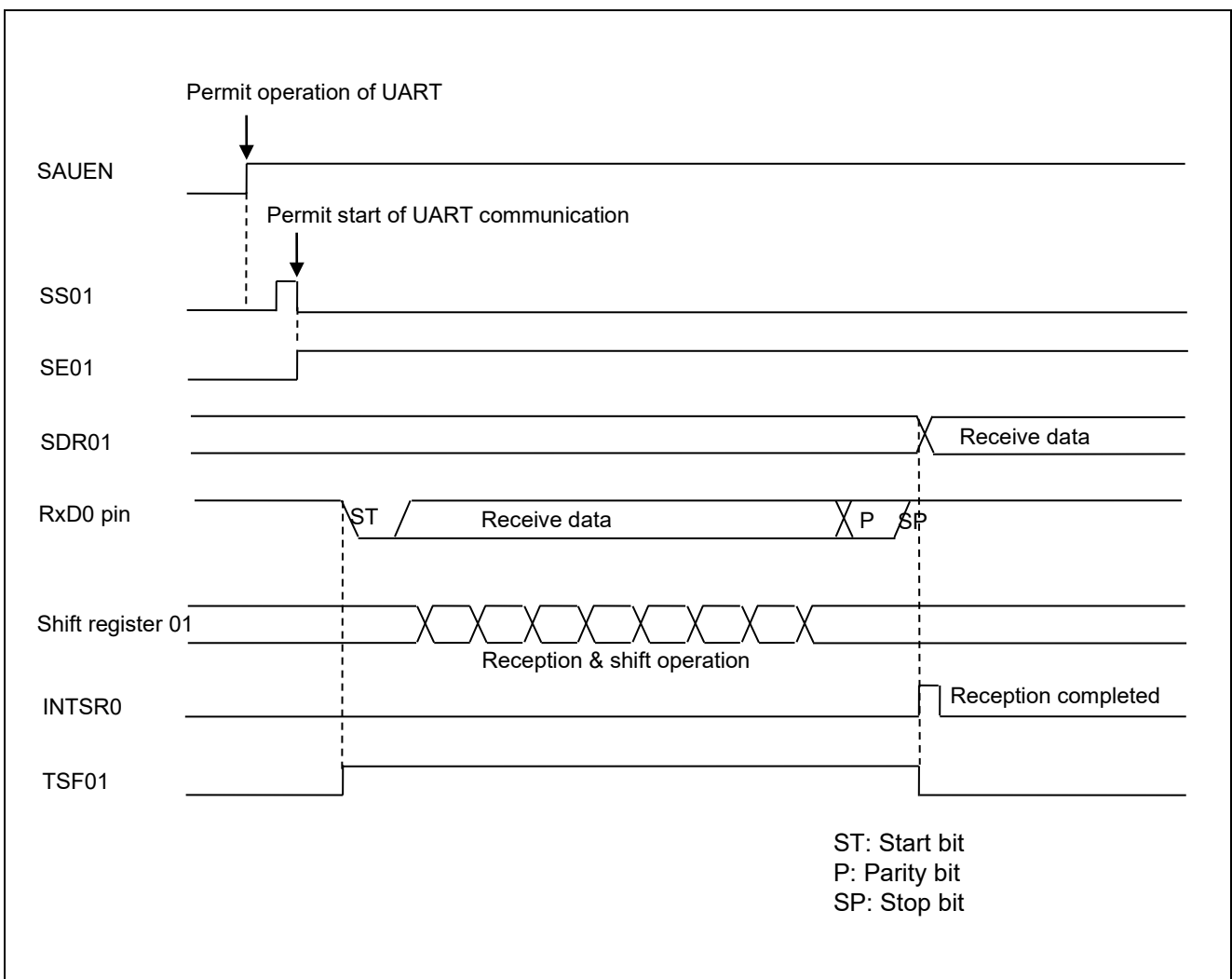
### 1. Specifications

In this application note, UART communication is performed through the serial array unit (SAU). ASCII characters transmitted from the device on the opposite side are analyzed to make responses.

Table 1.1 shows the peripheral function to be used and its use. Figures 1.1 and 1.2 illustrate UART communication operation.

**Table 1.1 Peripheral Function to be Used and its Use**

| Peripheral Function | Use  |
|---------------------|--|
| Serial array unit 0 | Perform UART communication using the TxD0 pin (transmission) and the RxD0 pin (reception). |



**Figure 1.1 UART Reception Timing Chart**

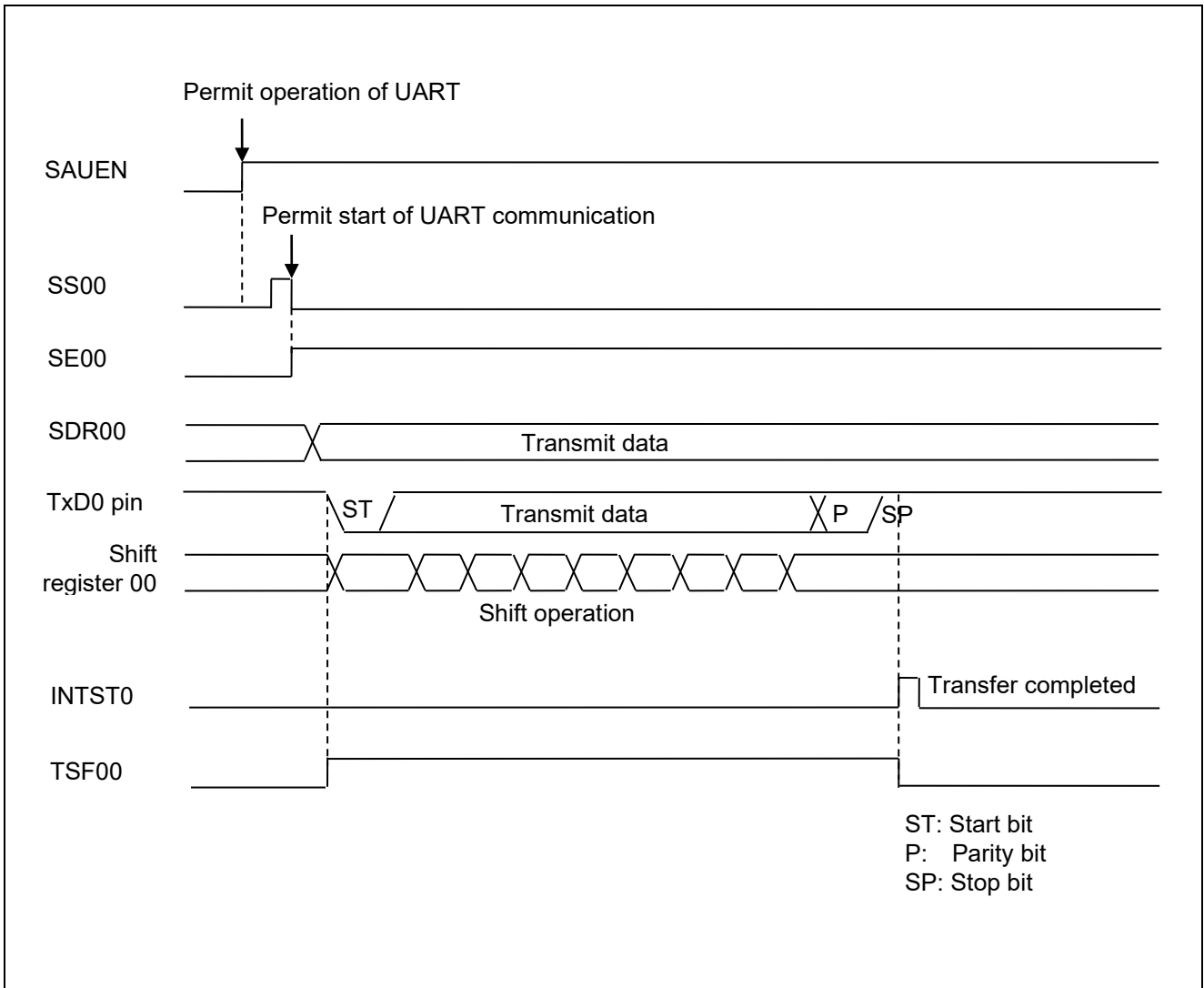


Figure 1.2 UART Transmission Timing Chart

## 2. Operation Check Conditions

The sample code contained in this application note has been checked under the conditions listed in the table below.

**Table 2.1 Operation Check Conditions**

| Item   | Description   |
|--|---|
| Microcontroller used                                       | RL78/G12 (R5F1026A)   |
| Operating frequency  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>High-speed on-chip oscillator (HOCO) clock: 24 MHz</li> <li>CPU/peripheral hardware clock: 24 MHz</li> </ul> |
| Operating voltage  | 5.0 V (can run on a voltage range of 2.9 V to 5.5 V.)<br>LVD operation (V <sub>LVD</sub> ): Reset mode 2.81 V (2.76 V to 2.87 V)                    |
| Integrated development environment (CS+)                   | CS+ for CC V3.03.00 from Renesas Electronics Corp.  |
| C compiler (CS+)   | CC-RL V1.02.00 from Renesas Electronics Corp.   |
| Integrated development environment (e <sup>2</sup> studio) | e <sup>2</sup> studio V4.0.0.26 from Renesas Electronics Corp.  |
| C compiler (e <sup>2</sup> studio)                         | CC-RL V1.03.00 from Renesas Electronics Corp.   |
| Integrated development environment (IAR)                   | IAR System<br>IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RL78 V4.21.3   |
| C compiler (IAR)   | IAR System<br>IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RL78 V4.21.3.2447  |

## 3. Related Application Note

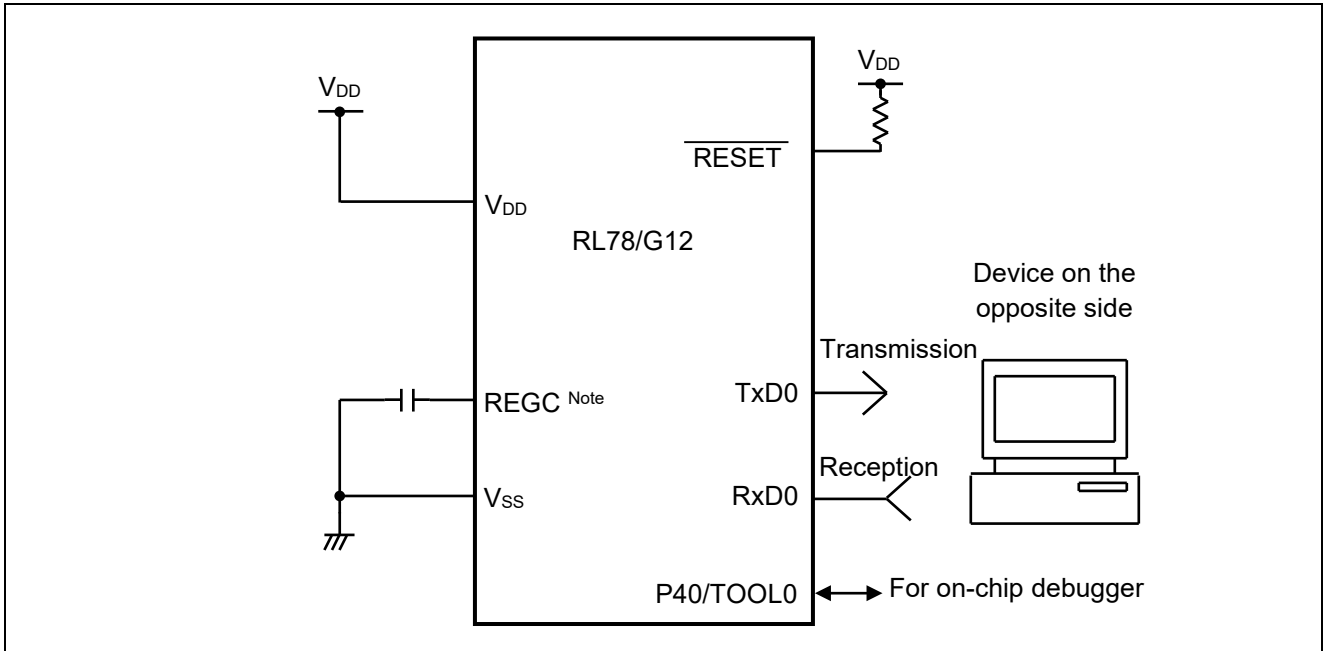
The application note that is related to this application note is listed below for reference.

RL78/G12 Initialization (R01AN2582E) Application Note

## 4. Description of the Hardware

### 4.1 Hardware Configuration Example

Figure 4.1 shows an example of hardware configuration that is used for this application note.



**Figure 4.1 Hardware Configuration**

Note: Only for 30-pin products

- Caution: 1. The purpose of this circuit is only to provide the connection outline and the circuit is simplified accordingly. When designing and implementing an actual circuit, provide proper pin treatment and make sure that the hardware's electrical specifications are met (connect the input-only ports separately to V<sub>DD</sub> or V<sub>SS</sub> via a resistor).
2. V<sub>DD</sub> must be held at not lower than the reset release voltage (V<sub>LVD</sub>) that is specified as LVD.

### 4.2 List of Pins to be Used

Table 4.1 lists the pins to be used and their function.

**Table 4.1 Pins to be Used and their Functions**

| Pin Name                          | I/O    | Description           |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| P12/ANI18/SO00/TxD0/TOOLTxD       | Output | Data transmission pin |
| P11/ANI17/SI00/RxD0/TOOLRxD/SDA00 | Input  | Data reception pin    |

## 5. Description of the Software

### 5.1 Operation Outline

This sample code transmits, to the device on the opposite side, the data corresponding to that received from the device. If an error occurs, it transmits to the device the data corresponding to the error. Tables 5.1 and 5.2 show the correspondence between transmit data and receive data.

**Table 5.1 Correspondence between Receive Data and Transmit Data**

| Receive Data     | Response (Transmit) Data                 |
|------------------|--|
| T (54H)          | O (4FH), K (4BH), "CR" (0DH), "LF" (0AH) |
| t (74H)          | o (6FH), k (6BH), "CR" (0DH), "LF" (0AH) |
| Other than above | U (55H), C (43H), "CR" (0DH), "LF" (0AH) |

**Table 5.2 Correspondence between Error and Transmit Data**

| Error         | Response (Transmit) Data                 |
|---------------|--|
| Parity error  | P (50H), E (45H), "CR" (0DH), "LF" (0AH) |
| Framing error | F (46H), E (45H), "CR" (0DH), "LF" (0AH) |
| Overrun error | O (4FH), E (45H), "CR" (0DH), "LF" (0AH) |

(1) Perform initial setting of UART.

<UART Setting Conditions>

- Use SAU0 channels 0 and 1 as UART.
- Use the P12/TxD0 pin and the P11/RxD0 pin for data output and data input, respectively.
- The data length is 8 bits.
- Set the data transfer direction to LSB first.
- Use even parity as the parity setting.
- Set the receive data level to standard.
- Set the transfer rate to 9600 bps.
- Use reception end interrupt (INTSR0), transmission end interrupt (INTST0), and error interrupt (INTSRE0).
- Select interrupt priority level 2 or 1 for INTSR0 and for INTSRE0. Select the low interrupt priority level (level 3) for INTST0.

(2) After the system is made to enter a UART communication wait state by using the serial channel start register, a HALT instruction is executed. Processing is performed in response to reception end interrupt (INTSR0) and error interrupt (INTSRE0).

- When an INTSR0 occurs, the received data is taken in and the data corresponding to the received data is transmitted. When an INTSRE0 occurs, error handling is performed to transmit the data corresponding to the error.
- After data transmission, a HALT instruction is executed again to wait for reception end interrupt (INTSR0) and error interrupt (INTSRE0).

## 5.2 List of Option Byte Settings

Table 5.1 summarizes the settings of the option bytes.

**Table 5.1 Option Byte Settings**

| Address | Value     | Description  |
|---------|-----------|--|
| 000C0H  | 01101110B | Disables the watchdog timer.<br>(Stops counting after the release from the reset state.) |
| 000C1H  | 01111111B | LVD reset mode, 2.81 V (2.76 V to 2.87 V)  |
| 000C2H  | 11101000B | HS mode, HOCO: 24 MHz  |
| 000C3H  | 10000100B | Enables the on-chip debugger.  |

## 5.3 List of Constants

Table 5.2 lists the constants that are used in this sample program.

**Table 5.2 Constants for the Sample Program**

| Constant       | Setting  | Description  |
|----------------|----------|--|
| g_messageOK[4] | "OK¥r¥n" | Response message to reception of "T".                              |
| g_messageok[4] | "ok¥r¥n" | Response message to reception of "t".                              |
| g_messageUC[4] | "UC¥r¥n" | Response message to reception of characters other than "T" or "t". |
| g_messageFE[4] | "FE¥r¥n" | Response message to a framing error.                               |
| g_messagePE[4] | "PE¥r¥n" | Response message to a parity error.                                |
| g_messageOE[4] | "OE¥r¥n" | Response message to an overrun error.                              |

## 5.4 List of Variables

Table 5.3 lists the global variable that is used by this sample program.

**Table 5.3 Global Variable**

| Type      | Variable Name       | Contents                     | Function Used   |
|-----------|---------------------|------------------------------|---|
| uint8_t   | g_uart0_rx_buffer   | Receive data buffer          | main()  |
| uint8_t   | gp_uart0_tx_address | Transmit data pointer        | R_UART0_Send(),<br>R_UART0_Interrupt_Send()                                     |
| uint16_t  | g_uart0_tx_count    | Transmit data number counter | R_UART0_Send(),<br>R_UART0_Interrupt_Send()                                     |
| uint8_t   | gp_uart0_rx_address | Receive data pointer         | R_UART0_Receive(),<br>R_UART0_Interrupt_Receive(),<br>R_UART0_Interrupt_Error() |
| uint16_t  | g_uart0_rx_count    | Receive data number counter  | R_UART0_Receive(),<br>R_UART0_Interrupt_Receive()                               |
| uint16_t  | g_uart0_rx_length   | Receive data number          | R_UART0_Receive(),<br>R_UART0_Interrupt_Receive()                               |
| MD_STATUS | g_uart0_tx_end      | Transmit status              | main(),<br>r_uart0_callback_sendend()   |
| uint8_t   | g_uart0_rx_error    | Receive error status         | main(),<br>r_uart0_callback_receiveend(),<br>r_uart0_callback_error()           |



## 5.5 List of Functions

Table 5.4 lists the functions that are used in this sample program.

**Table 5.4 Functions**

| Function Name                    | Outline  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| R_UART0_Start                    | UART0 operation start                          |
| R_UART0_Receive                  | UART0 reception status initialization function |
| R_UART0_Send                     | UART0 data transmission function               |
| r_uart0_interrupt_receive        | UART0 reception end interrupt handling         |
| r_uart0_callback_receiveend      | UART0 receive data classification function     |
| r_uart0_interrupt_error          | UART0 error interrupt handling                 |
| r_uart0_callback_error           | UART0 reception error classification function  |
| r_uart0_interrupt_send           | UART0 transmission end interrupt handling      |
| r_uart0_callback_sendend         | UART0 transmission end processing function     |
| r_uart0_callback_softwareoverrun | UART0 overflow data receive function           |

## 5.6 Function Specifications

This section describes the specifications for the functions that are used in this sample program.

### [Function Name] R\_UART0\_Start

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Synopsis     | UART0 operation start  |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, and r_cg_userdefine.h   |
| Declaration  | void R_UART0_Start(void)   |
| Explanation  | Starts operation of channel 0 of serial array units 0 and 1 to make the system enter a communication wait state. |
| Arguments    | None   |
| Return value | None   |
| Remarks      | None   |

### [Function Name] R\_UART0\_Receive

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Synopsis     | UART0 reception status initialization function  |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, r_cg_userdefine.h  |
| Declaration  | MD_STATUS R_UART0_Receive(uint8_t *rx_buf, uint16_t rx_num)                                     |
| Explanation  | Makes initial setting for UART0 reception.  |
| Arguments    | uint8_t *rx_buf : [Receive data buffer address]<br>uint16_t rx_num : [Receive data buffer size] |
| Return value | [MD_OK]: Reception setting is completed<br>[MD_ARGERROR]: Reception setting failed              |
| Remarks      | None  |

**[Function Name] R\_UART0\_Send**


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|              |  |                                  |
|--------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Synopsis     | UART0 data transmission function   |                                  |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, r_cg_userdefine.h                                     |                                  |
| Declaration  | MD_STATUS R_UART0_Send(uint8_t* tx_buf, uint16_t tx_num)                                 |                                  |
| Explanation  | Makes initial setting for UART0 transmission, and starts data transmission.              |                                  |
| Arguments    | uint8_t *tx_buf  | : [Transmit data buffer address] |
|              | uint16_t tx_num  | : [Transmit data buffer size]    |
| Return value | [MD_OK]: Transmission setting is completed<br>[MD_ARGERROR]: Transmission setting failed |                                  |
| Remarks      | None   |                                  |

**[Function Name] r\_uart0\_interrupt\_receive**


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|              |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| Synopsis     | UART0 reception end interrupt handling                               |  |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, and r_cg_userdefine.h             |  |
| Declaration  | static void __near r_uart0_interrupt_receive(void)                   |  |
| Explanation  | Makes a response (data transmission) corresponding to received data. |  |
| Arguments    | None   |  |
| Return value | None   |  |
| Remarks      | None   |  |

**[Function Name ] r\_uart0\_interrupt\_err**


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|              |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| Synopsis     | UART error interrupt function                            |  |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, and r_cg_userdefine.h |  |
| Declaration  | static void __near r_uart0_interrupt_error(void)         |  |
| Explanation  | Transmits the data corresponding to a detected error.    |  |
| Arguments    | None   |  |
| Return value | None   |  |
| Remarks      | None   |  |

**[Function Name ] r\_uart0\_callback\_receiveend**


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|              |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| Synopsis     | UART0 receive data classification function               |  |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, and r_cg_userdefine.h |  |
| Declaration  | static void r_uart0_callback_receiveend(void)            |  |
| Explanation  | Clears the reception error flag.                         |  |
| Arguments    | None   |  |
| Return value | None   |  |
| Remarks      | None   |  |

**[Function Name] r\_uart0\_callback\_error**


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|              |  |              |
|--------------|--|--------------|
| Synopsis     | UART0 reception error classification function                              |              |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, and r_cg_userdefine.h                   |              |
| Declaration  | static void r_uart0_callback_error(uint8_t err_type)                       |              |
| Explanation  | Makes flag setting for transmission of the data corresponding to an error. |              |
| Arguments    | err_type   | : Error type |
| Return value | None   |              |
| Remarks      | None   |              |

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**[Function Name] r\_uart0\_interrupt\_send**

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|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Synopsis     | UART0 transmission end interrupt handling                |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, and r_cg_userdefine.h |
| Declaration  | static void __near r_uart0_interrupt_send(void)          |
| Explanation  | Transmits a specified number of pieces of data.          |
| Arguments    | None   |
| Return value | None   |
| Remarks      | None   |

---

**[Function Name] r\_uart0\_callback\_sendend**

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|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Synopsis     | UART0 transmission end processing function           |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, r_cg_userdefine.h |
| Declaration  | static void r_uart0_callback_sendend(void)           |
| Explanation  | Makes transmission end flag setting.                 |
| Arguments    | None   |
| Return value | None   |
| Remarks      | None   |

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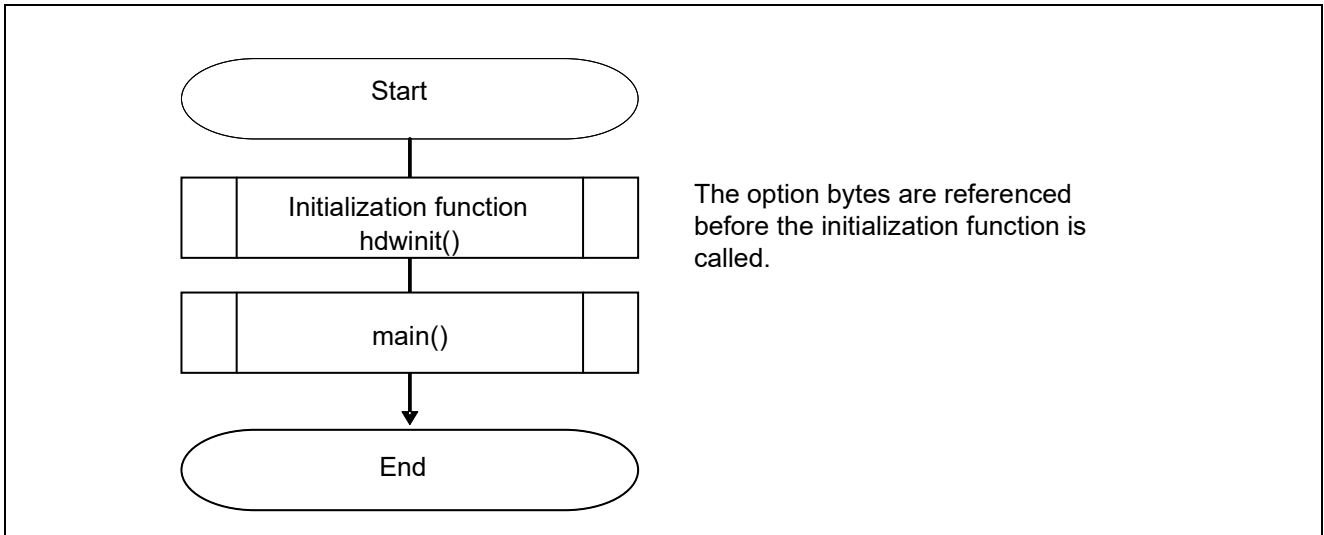
**[Function Name] r\_uart0\_callback\_softwareoverrun**

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|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Synopsis     | UART0 overflow data receive function                 |
| Header       | r_cg_macrodriver.h, r_cg_serial.h, r_cg_userdefine.h |
| Declaration  | static void r_uart0_callback_softwareoverrun(void)   |
| Explanation  | Executes when detected overflow of data by software. |
| Arguments    | None   |
| Return value | None   |
| Remarks      | Unused function                                      |

### 5.7 Flowcharts

Figure 5.1 shows the overall flow of the sample program described in this application note.

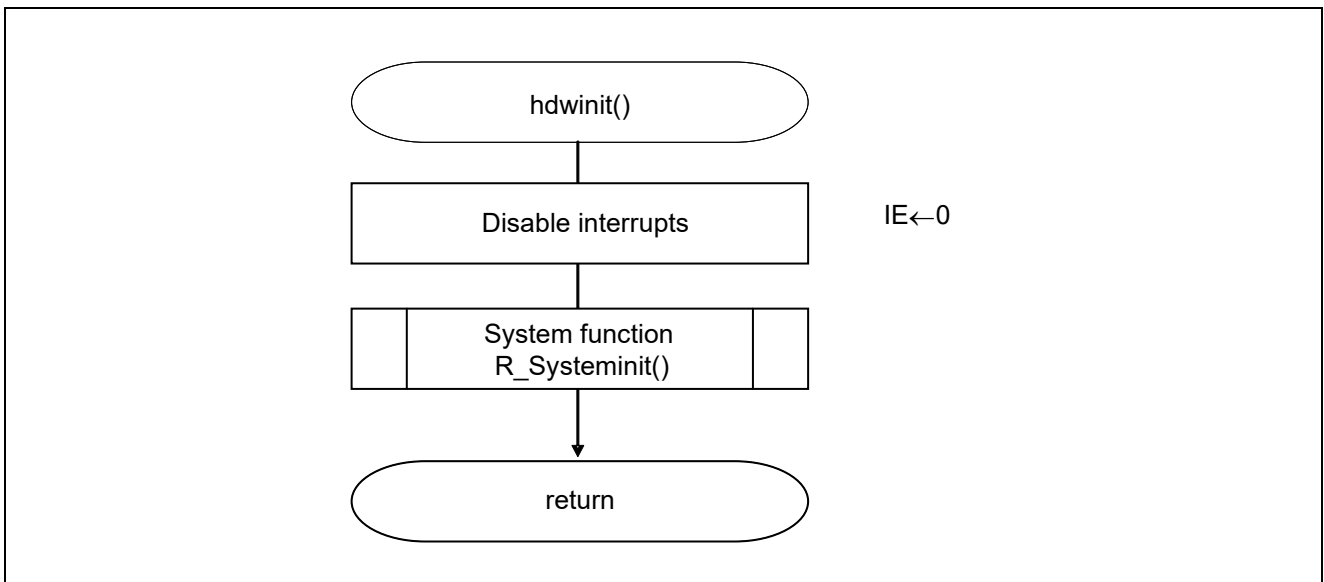


**Figure 5.1 Overall Flow**

Note: Startup routine is executed before and after the initialization function.

#### 5.7.1 Initialization Function

Figure 5.2 shows the flowchart for the initialization function.



**Figure 5.2 Initialization Function**

### 5.7.2 System Function

Figure 5.3 shows the flowchart for the system function.

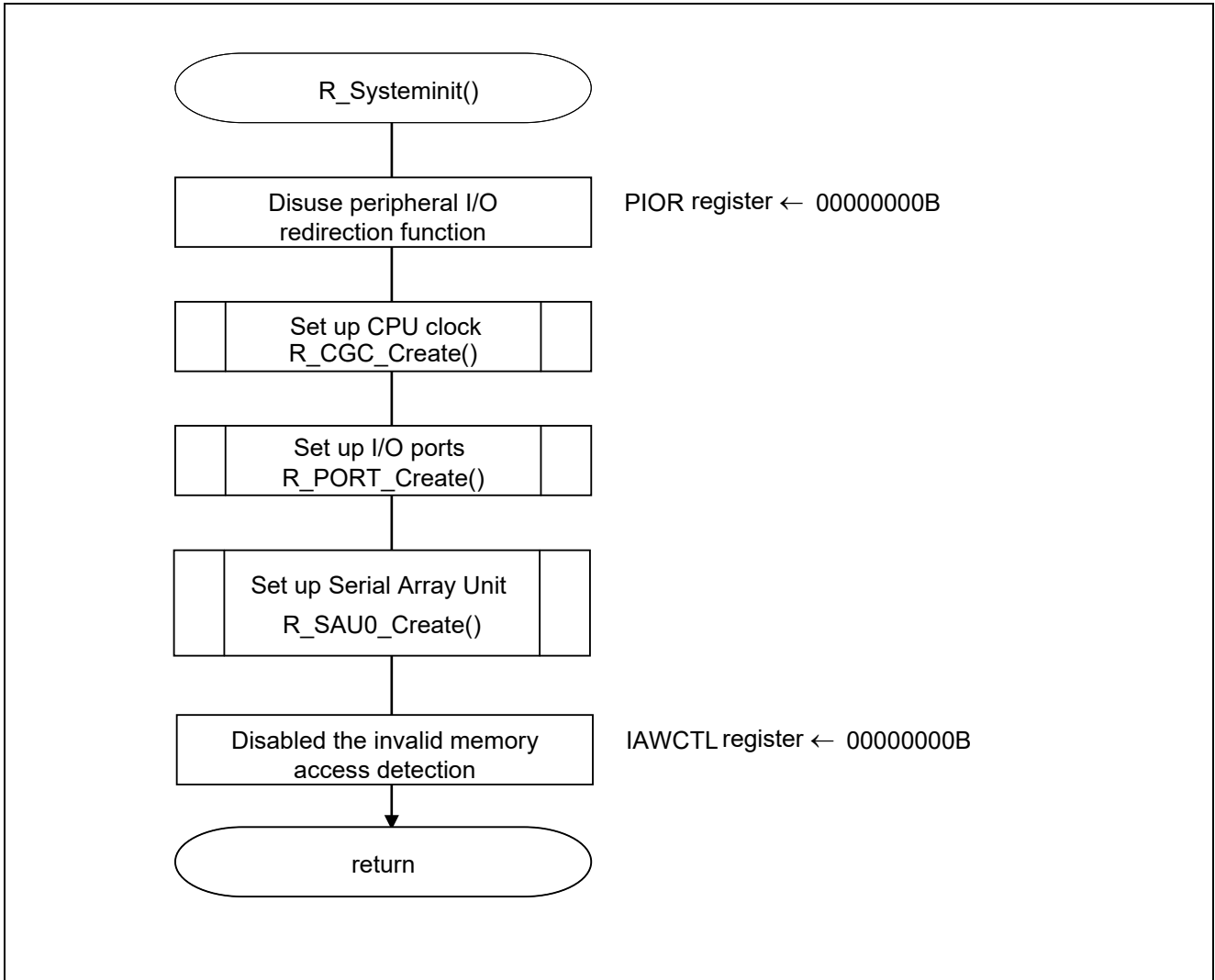
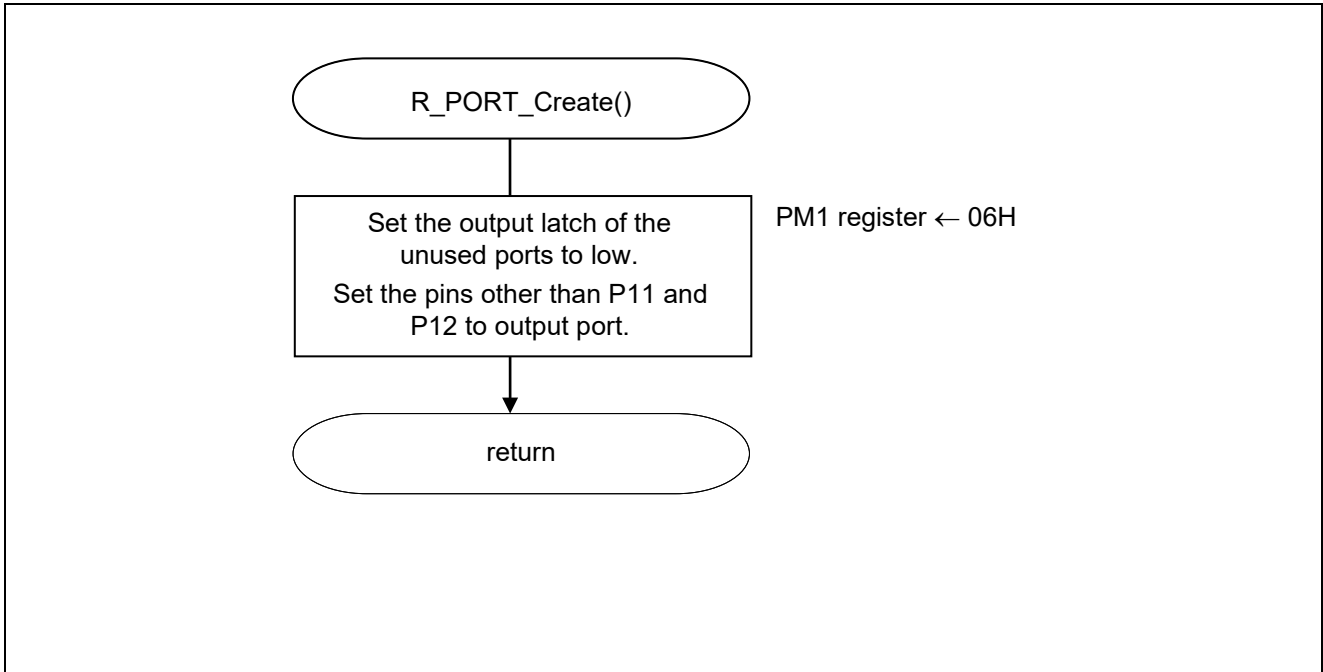


Figure 5.3 System Function

### 5.7.3 I/O Port Setup

Figure 5.4 shows the flowchart for setting up the I/O ports.



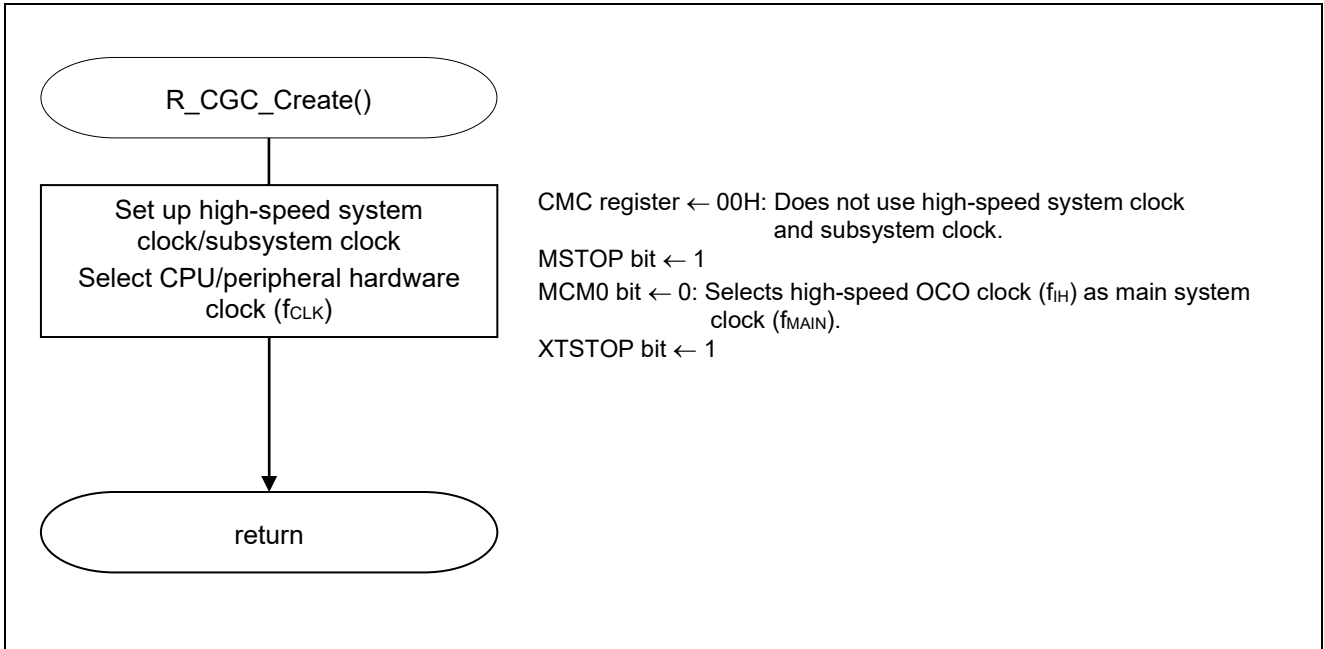
**Figure 5.4 I/O Port Setup**

**Note:** Refer to the section entitled "Flowcharts" in RL78/G12 Initialization Application Note (R01AN2582E) for the configuration of the unused ports.

**Caution:** Provide proper treatment for unused pins so that their electrical specifications are observed. Connect each of any unused input-only ports to  $V_{DD}$  or  $V_{SS}$  via a separate resistor.

**5.7.4 CPU Clock Setup**

Figure 5.5 shows the flowchart for setting up the CPU clock.

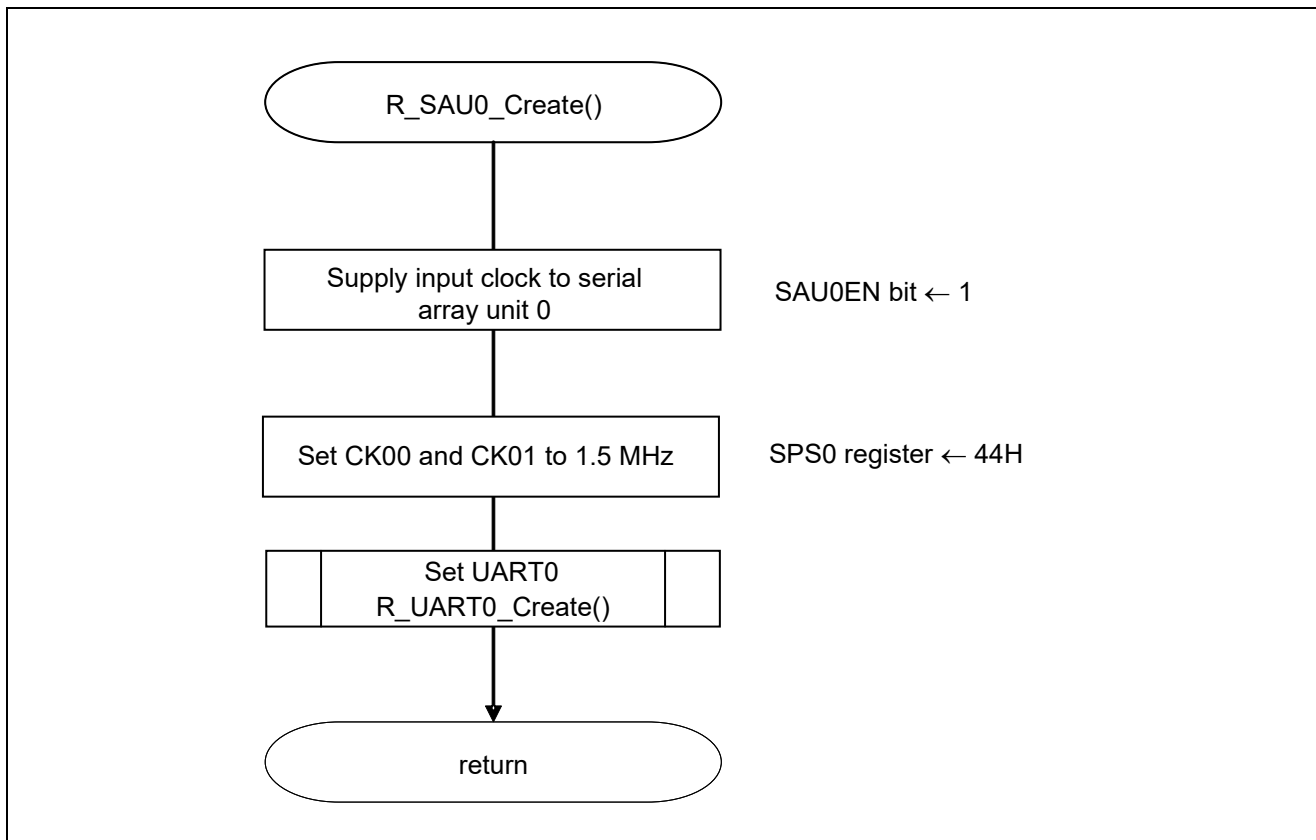


**Figure 5.5 CPU Clock Setup**

Caution: For details on the procedure for setting up the CPU clock (R\_CGC\_Create()), refer to the section entitled "Flowcharts" in RL78/G12 Initialization Application Note (R01AN2582E).

### 5.7.5 Serial Array Unit Setup

Figure 5.6 shows the flowchart for setting up the serial array unit.



**Figure 5.6 Serial Array Unit Setup**



Start supplying clock to the SAU

- Peripheral enable register 0 (PER0)  
Clock supply

Symbol: PER0

|        |         |       |         |        |        |        |        |
|--------|---------|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 7      | 6       | 5     | 4       | 3      | 2      | 1      | 0      |
| RTCCEN | IICA1EN | ADCEN | IICA0EN | SAU1EN | SAU0EN | TAU1EN | TAU0EN |
| x      | 0       | x     | x       | x      | 1      | 0      | x      |

Bit 2

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| SAU0EN | Input clock control for serial array unit 0 |
| 0      | Stops supply of input clock.                |
| 1      | Starts supply of input clock.               |

Select serial clock

- Serial clock select register 0 (SPS0)  
Operation clock setting

Symbol: SPS0

|    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |            |            |            |            |            |            |            |            |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7          | 6          | 5          | 4          | 3          | 2          | 1          | 0          |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | PRS<br>013 | PRS<br>012 | PRS<br>011 | PRS<br>010 | PRS<br>003 | PRS<br>002 | PRS<br>001 | PRS<br>000 |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0          | 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 1          | 0          | 0          |

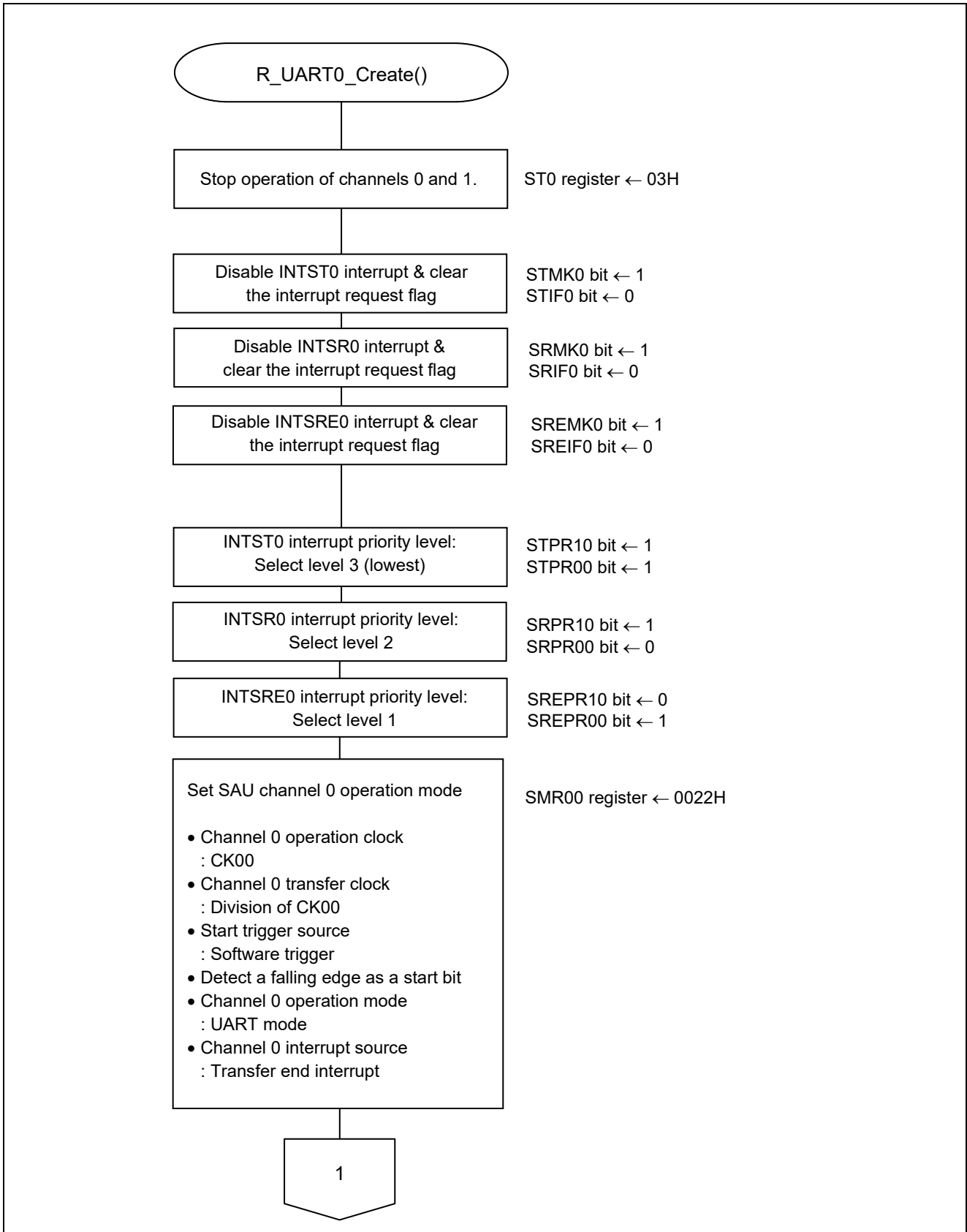
Bits 7 to 0

| PRS<br>0n3 | PRS<br>0n2 | PRS<br>0n1 | PRS<br>0n0 | Operation clock (CK0n) selection (n = 0, 1) |                             |                              |                              |                              |                |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
|            |            |            |            | f <sub>CLK</sub> =<br>2 MHz                 | f <sub>CLK</sub> =<br>5 MHz | f <sub>CLK</sub> =<br>10 MHz | f <sub>CLK</sub> =<br>20 MHz | f <sub>CLK</sub> =<br>24 MHz |                |
| 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | f <sub>CLK</sub>                            | 2 MHz                       | 5 MHz                        | 10 MHz                       | 20 MHz                       | 24 MHz         |
| 0          | 0          | 0          | 1          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2                         | 1 MHz                       | 2.5 MHz                      | 5 MHz                        | 10 MHz                       | 12 MHz         |
| 0          | 0          | 1          | 0          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>2</sup>            | 500 kHz                     | 1.25 MHz                     | 2.5 MHz                      | 5 MHz                        | 6 MHz          |
| 0          | 0          | 1          | 1          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>3</sup>            | 250 kHz                     | 625 kHz                      | 1.25 MHz                     | 2.5 MHz                      | 3 MHz          |
| <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>   | <b>0</b>   | <b>0</b>   | <b>f<sub>CLK</sub>/2<sup>4</sup></b>        | <b>125 kHz</b>              | <b>312.5 kHz</b>             | <b>625 kHz</b>               | <b>1.25 MHz</b>              | <b>1.5 MHz</b> |
| 0          | 1          | 0          | 1          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>5</sup>            | 62.5 kHz                    | 156.2 kHz                    | 312.5 kHz                    | 625 kHz                      | 750 kHz        |
| 0          | 1          | 1          | 0          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>6</sup>            | 31.25 kHz                   | 78.1 kHz                     | 156.2 kHz                    | 312.5 kHz                    | 375 kHz        |
| 0          | 1          | 1          | 1          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>7</sup>            | 15.62 kHz                   | 39.1 kHz                     | 78.1 kHz                     | 156.2 kHz                    | 188 kHz        |
| 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>8</sup>            | 7.81 kHz                    | 19.5 kHz                     | 39.1 kHz                     | 78.1 kHz                     | 93.8 kHz       |
| 1          | 0          | 0          | 1          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>9</sup>            | 3.91 kHz                    | 9.76 kHz                     | 19.5 kHz                     | 39.1 kHz                     | 46.9 kHz       |
| 1          | 0          | 1          | 0          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>10</sup>           | 1.95 kHz                    | 4.88 kHz                     | 9.76 kHz                     | 19.5 kHz                     | 23.4 kHz       |
| 1          | 0          | 1          | 1          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>11</sup>           | 977 Hz                      | 2.44 kHz                     | 4.88 kHz                     | 9.76 kHz                     | 11.7 kHz       |
| 1          | 1          | 0          | 0          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>12</sup>           | 488 Hz                      | 1.22 kHz                     | 2.44 kHz                     | 4.88 kHz                     | 5.86 kHz       |
| 1          | 1          | 0          | 1          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>13</sup>           | 244 Hz                      | 610 Hz                       | 1.22 kHz                     | 2.44 kHz                     | 2.93 kHz       |
| 1          | 1          | 1          | 0          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>14</sup>           | 122 Hz                      | 305 Hz                       | 610 Hz                       | 1.22 kHz                     | 1.46 kHz       |
| 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | f <sub>CLK</sub> /2 <sup>15</sup>           | 61 Hz                       | 153 Hz                       | 305 Hz                       | 610 Hz                       | 732 Hz         |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

**5.7.6 UART0 Setup**

Figures 5.7, 5.8, and 5.9 show the flowcharts for setting up UART0.



**Figure 5.7 UART0 Setup (1/3)**

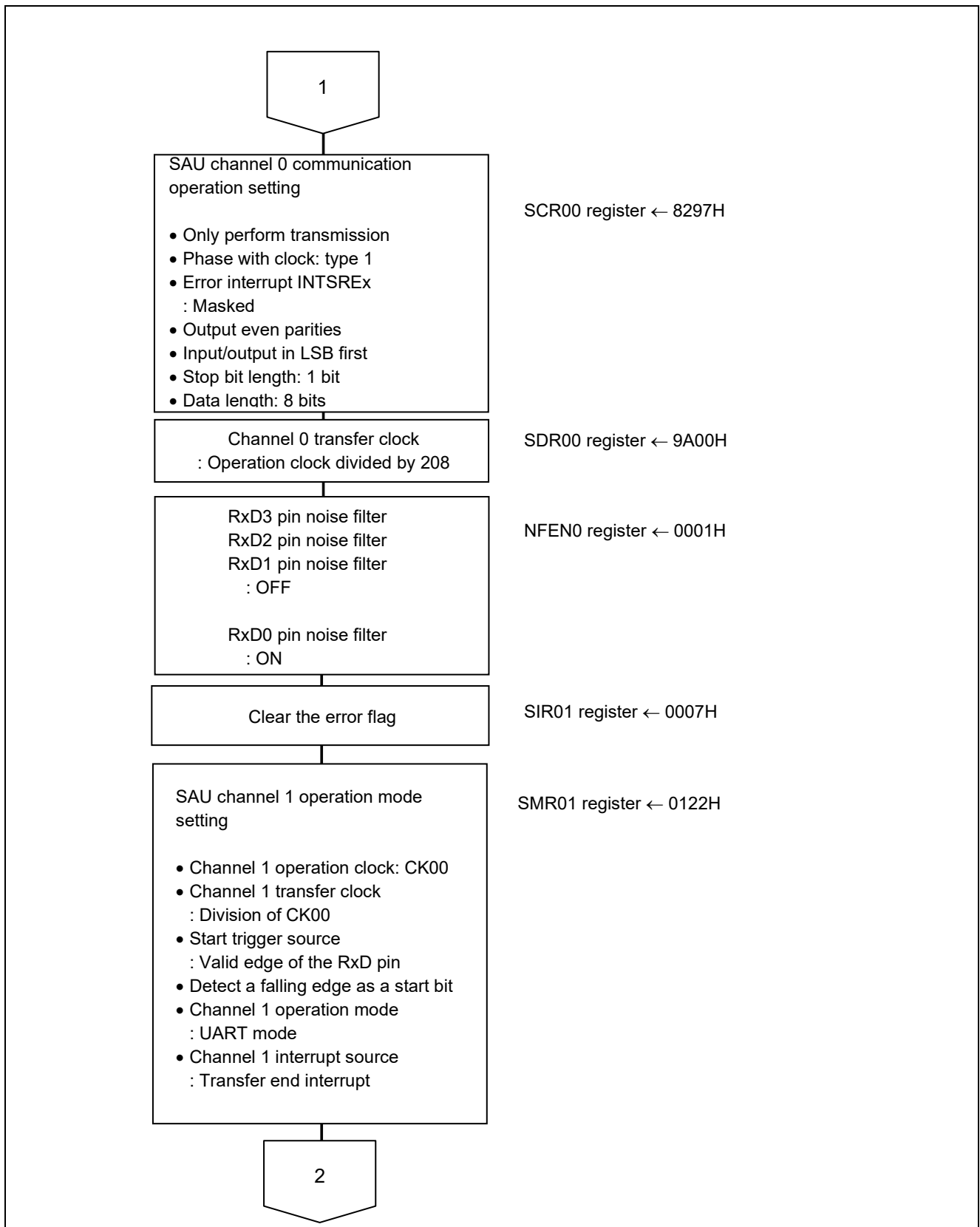


Figure 5.8 UART0 Setup (2/3)

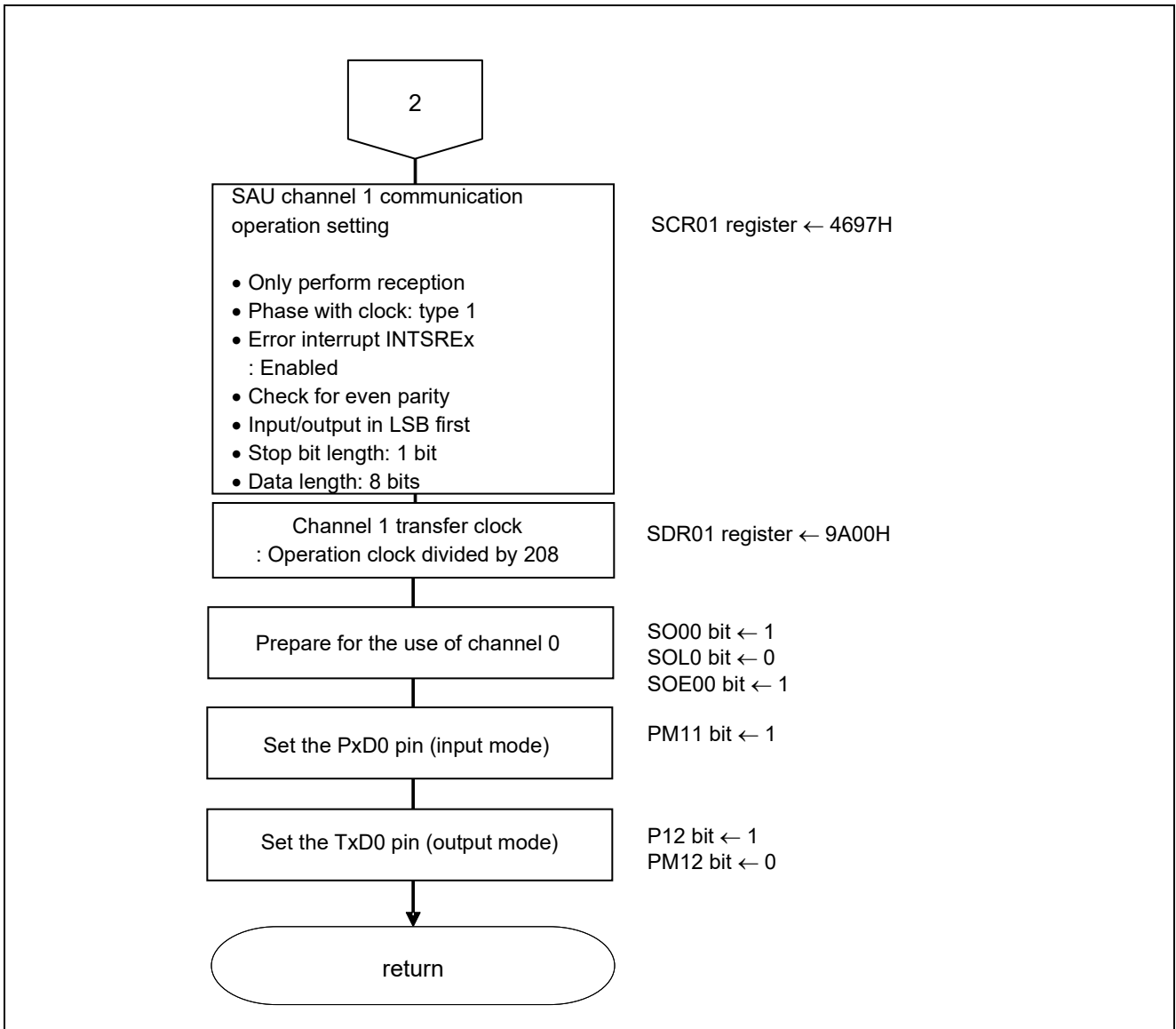


Figure 5.9 UART0 Setup (3/3)

## Transmission channel operation mode setting

- Serial mode register 00 (SMR00)
  - Interrupt source
  - Operation mode
  - Transfer clock selection
  - $f_{MCK}$  selection

Symbol: SMR00

|           |           |    |    |    |    |   |           |   |   |   |   |   |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|----|----|----|----|---|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 15        | 14        | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8         | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| CKS<br>00 | CCS<br>00 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | STS<br>00 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | MD<br>002 | MD<br>001 | MD<br>000 |
| 0         | 0         | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0         | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0         | 1         | 0         |

## Bit 15

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| CKS00 | Channel 0 operation clock ( $f_{MCK}$ ) selection                  |
| 0     | <b>Prescaler output clock CK00 configured by the SPS0 register</b> |
| 1     | Prescaler output clock CK01 configured by the SPS0 register        |

## Bit 14

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| CCS00 | Channel 0 transfer clock (TCLK) selection  |
| 0     | <b>Clock obtained by dividing the operation clock <math>f_{MCK}</math> specified by the CKS00 bit.</b> |
| 1     | Clock input from the SCK pin.  |

## Bit 8

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| STS00 | Selection of start trigger factor                       |
| 0     | <b>Only the software trigger is valid.</b>              |
| 1     | Valid edge of the RxD pin (selected for UART reception) |

## Bits 2 and 1

|       |       |                                  |
|-------|-------|----------------------------------|
| MD002 | MD001 | Channel 0 operation mode setting |
| 0     | 0     | CSI mode                         |
| 0     | 1     | <b>UART mode</b>                 |
| 1     | 0     | Simplified I <sup>2</sup> C mode |
| 1     | 1     | Setting prohibited               |

## Bit 0

|       |                                      |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| MD000 | Channel 0 interrupt source selection |
| 0     | <b>Transfer end interrupt</b>        |
| 1     | Buffer empty interrupt               |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

## Transmission channel communication operation setting

- Serial communication operation setting register 00 (SCR00)  
Data length setting, data transfer order, error interrupt signal mask availability, and operation mode

Symbol: SCR00

|           |           |           |           |    |           |            |            |           |   |            |            |   |   |            |            |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|---|------------|------------|---|---|------------|------------|
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11 | 10        | 9          | 8          | 7         | 6 | 5          | 4          | 3 | 2 | 1          | 0          |
| TXE<br>00 | RXE<br>00 | DAP<br>00 | CKP<br>00 | 0  | EOC<br>00 | PTC<br>001 | PTC<br>000 | DIR<br>00 | 0 | SLC<br>001 | SLC<br>000 | 0 | 1 | DLS<br>001 | DLS<br>000 |
| <b>1</b>  | <b>0</b>  | <b>0</b>  | <b>0</b>  | 0  | <b>0</b>  | <b>1</b>   | <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>  | 0 | <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>   | 0 | 1 | <b>1</b>   | <b>1</b>   |

Bits 15 and 14

| TXE00    | RXE00    | Channel 0 operation mode setting |
|----------|----------|----------------------------------|
| 0        | 0        | Communication prohibited         |
| 0        | 1        | Reception Only                   |
| <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>Transmission only</b>         |
| 1        | 1        | Both transmission and reception  |

Bit 10

| EOC00    | Error interrupt signal (INTSRE <sub>x</sub> (x = 0, 1)) mask availability selection |
|----------|---|
| <b>0</b> | <b>Error interrupt INTSRE<sub>x</sub> is masked</b>                                 |
| 1        | Generation of error interrupt INTSRE <sub>x</sub> is enabled                        |

Bits 9 and 8

| PTC001   | PTC000   | Parity bit setting in UART mode |                                 |
|----------|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|          |          | Transmission                    | Reception                       |
| 0        | 0        | No parity bit is output         | Data is received without parity |
| 0        | 1        | 0 parity is output              | No parity check is made         |
| <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>Even parity is output</b>    | Check is made for even parity   |
| 1        | 1        | Odd parity is output            | Check is made for odd parity    |

Bit 7

| DIR00    | Selection of data transfer order in CSI and UART modes |
|----------|--|
| 0        | Input and output in MSB first                          |
| <b>1</b> | <b>Input and output in LSB first</b>                   |

Bits 5 and 4

| SLC001   | SLC000   | Stop bit setting in UART mode  |
|----------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 0        | 0        | No stop bit                    |
| <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>Stop bit length = 1 bit</b> |
| 1        | 0        | Stop bit length = 2 bits       |
| 1        | 1        | Setting prohibited             |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

Symbol: SCR00

|           |           |           |           |    |           |            |            |           |   |            |            |   |   |            |            |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|---|------------|------------|---|---|------------|------------|
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11 | 10        | 9          | 8          | 7         | 6 | 5          | 4          | 3 | 2 | 1          | 0          |
| TXE<br>00 | RXE<br>00 | DAP<br>00 | CKP<br>00 | 0  | EOC<br>00 | PTC<br>001 | PTC<br>000 | DIR<br>00 | 0 | SLC<br>001 | SLC<br>000 | 0 | 1 | DLS<br>001 | DLS<br>000 |
| <b>1</b>  | <b>0</b>  | <b>0</b>  | <b>0</b>  | 0  | <b>0</b>  | <b>1</b>   | <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>  | 0 | <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>   | 0 | 1 | <b>1</b>   | <b>1</b>   |

Bits 1 and 0

| DLS001   | DLS000   | Data length setting in CSI mode |
|----------|----------|---------------------------------|
| 0        | 1        | 9-bit data length               |
| 1        | 0        | 7-bit data length               |
| <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>8-bit data length</b>        |
| Others   |          | Setting prohibited              |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

Transmission channel transfer clock setting

- Serial data register 00 (SDR00)  
Transfer clock frequency:  $f_{MCK}/208$  ( $\approx 9600$  Hz)

Symbol: SDR00

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12       | 11       | 10       | 9        | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | 0 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |

Bits 15 to 9

| SDR00[15:9] |          |          |          |          |          |          | Transfer clock setting by dividing operation clock ( $f_{MCK}$ ) |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| 0           | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | $f_{MCK} / 2$  |
| 0           | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        | $f_{MCK} / 4$  |
| 0           | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        | 0        | $f_{MCK} / 6$  |
| 0           | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        | 1        | $f_{MCK} / 8$  |
| .           | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .  |
| .           | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .  |
| <b>1</b>    | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b><math>f_{MCK} / 156</math></b>                                |
| .           | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .  |
| .           | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .  |
| 1           | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 0        | $f_{MCK} / 254$  |
| 1           | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | $f_{MCK} / 256$  |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

## Reception channel operation mode setting

- Serial mode register 01 (SMR01)
  - Interrupt source
  - Operation mode
  - Transfer clock selection
  - $f_{MCK}$  selection

Symbol: SMR01

|       |       |    |    |    |    |   |       |   |        |   |   |   |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|----|----|----|----|---|-------|---|--------|---|---|---|-------|-------|-------|
| 15    | 14    | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8     | 7 | 6      | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2     | 1     | 0     |
| CKS01 | CCS01 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | STS01 | 0 | SIS010 | 1 | 0 | 0 | MD012 | MD011 | MD010 |
| 0     | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 1     | 0 | 0      | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0     | 1     | 0     |

## Bit 15

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| CKS01 | Channel 1 operation clock ( $f_{MCK}$ ) selection                  |
| 0     | <b>Prescaler output clock CK00 configured by the SPS0 register</b> |
| 1     | Prescaler output clock CK01 configured by the SPS0 register        |

## Bit 14

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| CCS01 | Channel 1 transfer clock (TCLK) selection   |
| 0     | <b>Clock obtained by dividing the operation clock <math>f_{MCK}</math> specified by the CKS01 bit</b> |
| 1     | Clock input from the SCK pin  |

## Bit 8

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| STS01 | Start trigger source selection                                    |
| 0     | Only software trigger is valid                                    |
| 1     | <b>Valid edge of the RxD pin (selected during UART reception)</b> |

## Bit 6

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| SIS010 | Control of receive data level inversion on channel 1 in UART mode |
| 0      | <b>Falling edge is detected as a start bit</b>                    |
| 1      | Rising edge is detected as a start bit                            |

## Bits 2 and 1

|       |       |                                  |
|-------|-------|----------------------------------|
| MD012 | MD011 | Channel 1 operation mode setting |
| 0     | 0     | CSI mode                         |
| 0     | 1     | <b>UART mode</b>                 |
| 1     | 0     | Simplified I <sup>2</sup> C mode |
| 1     | 1     | Setting prohibited               |

## Bit 0

|       |                                      |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| MD010 | Channel 1 interrupt source selection |
| 0     | <b>Transfer end interrupt</b>        |
| 1     | Buffer empty interrupt               |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.



## Reception channel communication operation setting

- Serial communication operation setting register 01 (SCR01)  
Data length setting, data transfer order, error interrupt signal mask availability, and operation mode

Symbol: SCR01

|           |           |           |           |    |           |            |            |           |   |            |            |   |   |            |            |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|---|------------|------------|---|---|------------|------------|
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11 | 10        | 9          | 8          | 7         | 6 | 5          | 4          | 3 | 2 | 1          | 0          |
| TXE<br>01 | RXE<br>01 | DAP<br>01 | CKP<br>01 | 0  | EOC<br>01 | PTC<br>011 | PTC<br>010 | DIR<br>01 | 0 | SLC<br>011 | SLC<br>010 | 0 | 1 | DLS<br>011 | DLS<br>010 |
| <b>0</b>  | <b>1</b>  | <b>0</b>  | <b>0</b>  | 0  | <b>1</b>  | <b>1</b>   | <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>  | 0 | <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>   | 0 | 1 | <b>1</b>   | <b>1</b>   |

Bits 15 and 14

| TXE01    | RXE01    | Channel 1 operation mode setting |
|----------|----------|----------------------------------|
| 0        | 0        | Communication prohibited         |
| <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>Reception only</b>            |
| 1        | 0        | Transmission only                |
| 1        | 1        | Both transmission and reception  |

For UART reception, wait for 4  $f_{CLK}$  clock cycles or more before setting SS01 to 1, after setting the RXE01 bit of the SCR01 register to 1.

Bit 10

| EOC01    | Error interrupt signal (INTSRE1) mask availability selection |
|----------|--|
| 0        | Error interrupt INTSRE1 is masked                            |
| <b>1</b> | <b>Generation of error interrupt INTSRE1 is enabled</b>      |

Bits 9 and 8

| PTC011   | PTC010   | Parity bit setting in UART mode |                                      |
|----------|----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|          |          | Transmission                    | Reception                            |
| 0        | 0        | No parity bit is output         | Data is received without parity      |
| 0        | 1        | 0 parity is output              | No parity check is made              |
| <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | Even parity is output           | <b>Check is made for even parity</b> |
| 1        | 1        | Odd parity is output            | Check is made for odd parity         |

Bit 7

| DIR01    | Selection of data transfer order in CSI and UART modes |
|----------|--|
| 0        | Input and output in MSB first                          |
| <b>1</b> | <b>Input and output in LSB first</b>                   |

Bits 5 and 4

| SLC011   | SLC010   | Stop bit setting in UART mode  |
|----------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 0        | 0        | No stop bit                    |
| <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>Stop bit length = 1 bit</b> |
| 1        | 0        | Stop bit length = 2 bits       |
| 1        | 1        | Setting prohibited             |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

Symbol: SCR01

|           |           |           |           |    |           |            |            |           |   |            |            |   |   |            |            |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|---|------------|------------|---|---|------------|------------|
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11 | 10        | 9          | 8          | 7         | 6 | 5          | 4          | 3 | 2 | 1          | 0          |
| TXE<br>01 | RXE<br>01 | DAP<br>01 | CKP<br>01 | 0  | EOC<br>01 | PTC<br>011 | PTC<br>010 | DIR<br>01 | 0 | SLC<br>011 | SLC<br>010 | 0 | 1 | DLS<br>011 | DLS<br>010 |
| <b>0</b>  | <b>1</b>  | <b>0</b>  | <b>0</b>  | 0  | <b>1</b>  | <b>1</b>   | <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>  | 0 | <b>0</b>   | <b>1</b>   | 0 | 1 | <b>1</b>   | <b>1</b>   |

Bits 1 and 0

| DLS011   | DLS010   | Data length setting in CSI mode |
|----------|----------|---------------------------------|
| 0        | 1        | 9-bit data length               |
| 1        | 0        | 7-bit data length               |
| <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>8-bit data length</b>        |
| others   |          | Setting prohibited              |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

Reception transfer clock setting

- Serial data register 01 (SDR01)  
Transfer clock frequency:  $f_{MCK}/208$  ( $\approx 9600$  Hz)

Symbol: SDR01

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12       | 11       | 10       | 9        | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | 0 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

Bits 15 to 9

| SDR01[15:9] |          |          |          |          |          |          | Transfer clock setting by dividing operation clock ( $f_{MCK}$ ) |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| 0           | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | $f_{MCK} / 2$  |
| 0           | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        | $f_{MCK} / 4$  |
| 0           | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        | 0        | $f_{MCK} / 6$  |
| 0           | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        | 1        | $f_{MCK} / 8$  |
| .           | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .  |
| .           | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .  |
| <b>1</b>    | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b><math>f_{MCK} / 156</math></b>                                |
| .           | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .  |
| .           | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .        | .  |
| 1           | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 0        | $f_{MCK} / 254$  |
| 1           | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        | $f_{MCK} / 256$  |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

Initial output level setting

- Serial output register 0 (SO0)  
Initial output: 1

Symbol: SO0

|    |    |    |    |           |           |           |           |   |   |   |   |          |          |          |          |
|----|----|----|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|---|---|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11        | 10        | 9         | 8         | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3        | 2        | 1        | 0        |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | CKO<br>03 | CKO<br>02 | CKO<br>01 | CKO<br>00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | SO<br>03 | SO<br>02 | SO<br>01 | SO<br>00 |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | x         | x         | x         | x         | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x        | x        | x        | <b>1</b> |

Bit 0

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| SO00     | Channel 0 serial data output           |
| 0        | Serial data output value is "0"        |
| <b>1</b> | <b>Serial data output value is "1"</b> |

Enabling of data output on target channel

- Serial output enable register 0 (SOE0/SOE0L)  
Output enable

Symbol: SOE0

|    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |   |   |           |           |           |           |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3         | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | SOE<br>03 | SOE<br>02 | SOE<br>01 | SOE<br>00 |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x         | x         | x         | <b>1</b>  |

Bit 0

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| SOE00    | Channel 0 serial output enable/stop           |
| 0        | Serial communication output is stopped        |
| <b>1</b> | <b>Serial communication output is enabled</b> |

Enabling of noise filter

- Noise filter enable register 00 (NFEN0)  
Turn the noise filter for the RxD0 pin on.

Symbol: SOE0

|   |   |   |             |   |             |   |             |
|---|---|---|-------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4           | 3 | 2           | 1 | 0           |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | SNFEN<br>20 | 0 | SNFEN<br>10 | 0 | SNFEN<br>00 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | x           | 0 | x           | 0 | <b>1</b>    |

Bit 0

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| SNFEN00  | Use of noise filter of RxD0 pin (RxD0/P11) |
| 0        | Noise filter OFF                           |
| <b>1</b> | <b>Noise filter ON</b>                     |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

Clearing of the error flag

- Serial flag clear trigger register 01 (SIR01)  
Clear the error flag.

Symbol: SIR01

|    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |         |         |         |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------|---------|---------|
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2       | 1       | 0       |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | FEC T01 | PEC T01 | OVC T01 |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1       | 1       | 1       |

Bit 2

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| FECT01 | Clear trigger of framing error flag of channel 1   |
| 0      | Not cleared  |
| 1      | <b>Clears the FEF01 bit of the SSR01 register.</b> |

Bit 1

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| PECT01 | Clear trigger of parity error flag of channel 1    |
| 0      | Not cleared  |
| 1      | <b>Clears the PEF01 bit of the SSR01 register.</b> |

Bit 0

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| OVCT01 | Clear trigger of overrun error flag of channel 1   |
| 0      | Not cleared  |
| 1      | <b>Clears the OVF01 bit of the SSR01 register.</b> |

Configuring the interrupt mask

- Interrupt mask flag register 0H (MK0H)  
Disable interrupt processing.
- Priority order specification flag registers (PR00H, PR10H)  
Specify the interrupt priority.

Symbol: MK0H (For 20-pin and 24-pin products)

|            |            |             |             |             |            |                             |                                 |
|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 7          | 6          | 5           | 4           | 3           | 2          | 1                           | 0                               |
| TMMK0<br>1 | TMMK0<br>0 | IICAMK<br>0 | TMMK<br>03H | TMMK<br>01H | SREMK<br>0 | SRMK0<br>CSIMK01<br>IICMK01 | STMK0<br>CSIMK0<br>0<br>IICMK00 |
| x          | x          | x           | x           | x           | 1          | 1                           | 1                               |

|        |       |       |                                      |
|--------|-------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| SREMK0 | SRMK0 | STMK0 | Interrupt processing control         |
| 0      | 0     | 0     | Interrupt processing enabled         |
| 1      | 1     | 1     | <b>Interrupt processing disabled</b> |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

Symbol: PR00H (For 20-pin and 24-pin products)

|         |         |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 7       | 6       | 5        | 4        | 3        | 2        | 1        | 0        |
| TMPR001 | TMPR000 | IICAPR00 | TMPR003H | TMPR001H | SREPR00  | SRPR00   | STPR00   |
| X       | X       | X        | X        | X        | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> |

Symbol: PR10H (For 20-pin and 24-pin products)

|         |         |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| TMPR101 | TMPR100 | IICAPR10 | TMPR103H | TMPR101H | SREPR10  | SRPR10   | STPR10   |
| X       | X       | X        | X        | X        | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> |

Bits 2 to 0

| xxPR1x   | xxPR0x   | Priority level selection                    |
|----------|----------|---|
| 0        | 0        | Selects level 0 (high priority level)       |
| <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>Selects level 1</b>                      |
| <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>Selects level 2</b>                      |
| <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>Selects level 3 (low priority level)</b> |

Port setting

- Port register 1 (P1)
- Port mode register 1 (PM1)  
Port setting for each of transmit data and receive data.

Symbol: P1

|     |     |     |     |     |          |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|
| 7   | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3   | 2        | 1   | 0   |
| P17 | P16 | P15 | P14 | P13 | P12      | P11 | P10 |
| X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | <b>1</b> | X   | X   |

Bit 2

| P12      | Output data control (in output mode) |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| 0        | 0 is output                          |
| <b>1</b> | <b>1 is output</b>                   |

Symbol: PM1

|      |      |      |      |      |          |          |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|----------|----------|------|
| 7    | 6    | 5    | 4    | 3    | 2        | 1        | 0    |
| PM17 | PM16 | PM15 | PM14 | PM13 | PM12     | PM11     | PM10 |
| X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | X    |

Bit 2

| PM12     | P12 I/O mode selection                   |
|----------|--|
| <b>0</b> | <b>Output mode (output buffer is on)</b> |
| 1        | Input mode (output buffer is off)        |

Bit 1

| PM11     | P11 I/O mode selection                   |
|----------|--|
| 0        | Output mode (output buffer is on)        |
| <b>1</b> | <b>Input mode (output buffer is off)</b> |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

5.7.7 Main Function

Figures 5.10, 5.11 and 5.12 show the flowchart for the main function.

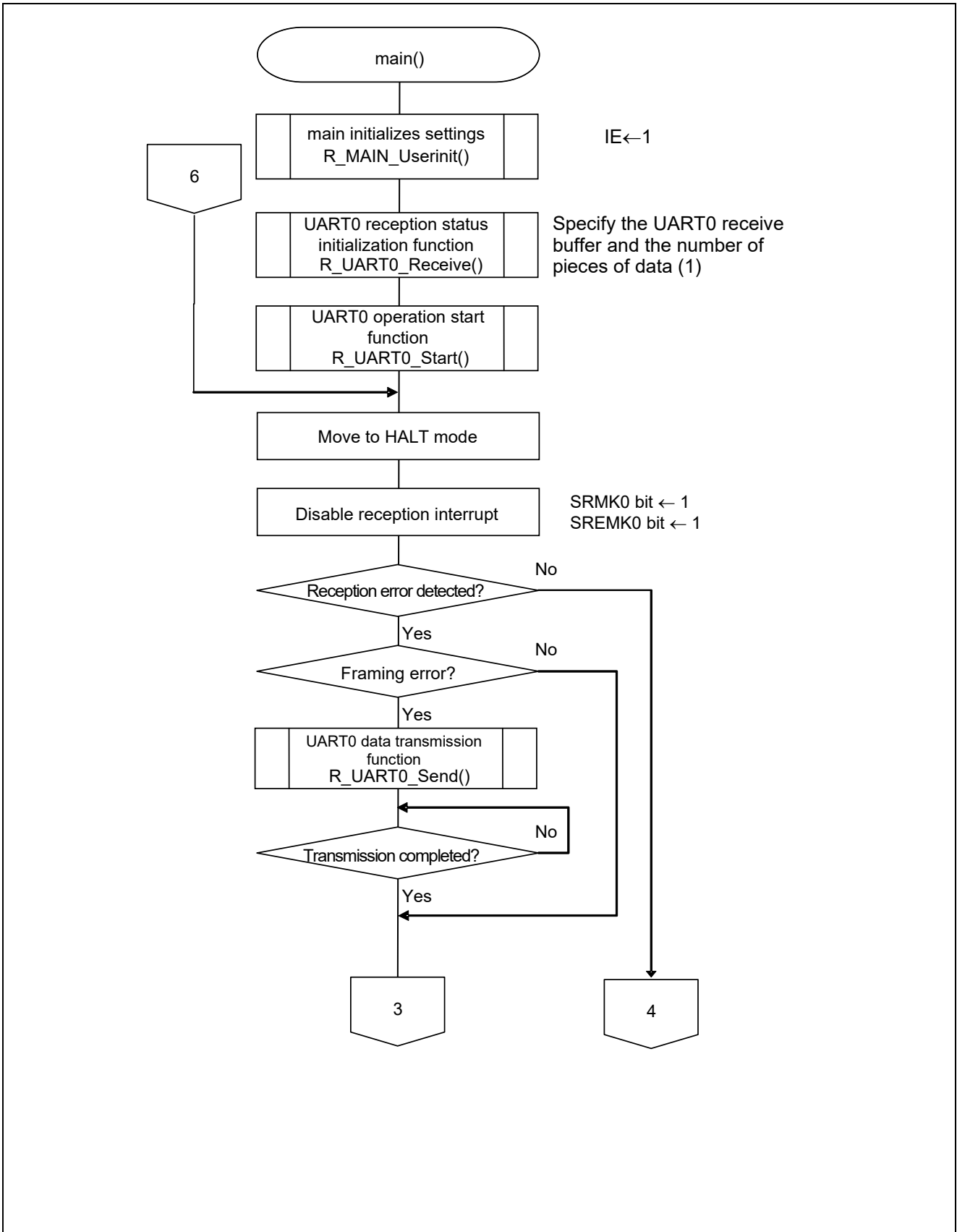


Figure 5.10 Main Function (1/3)

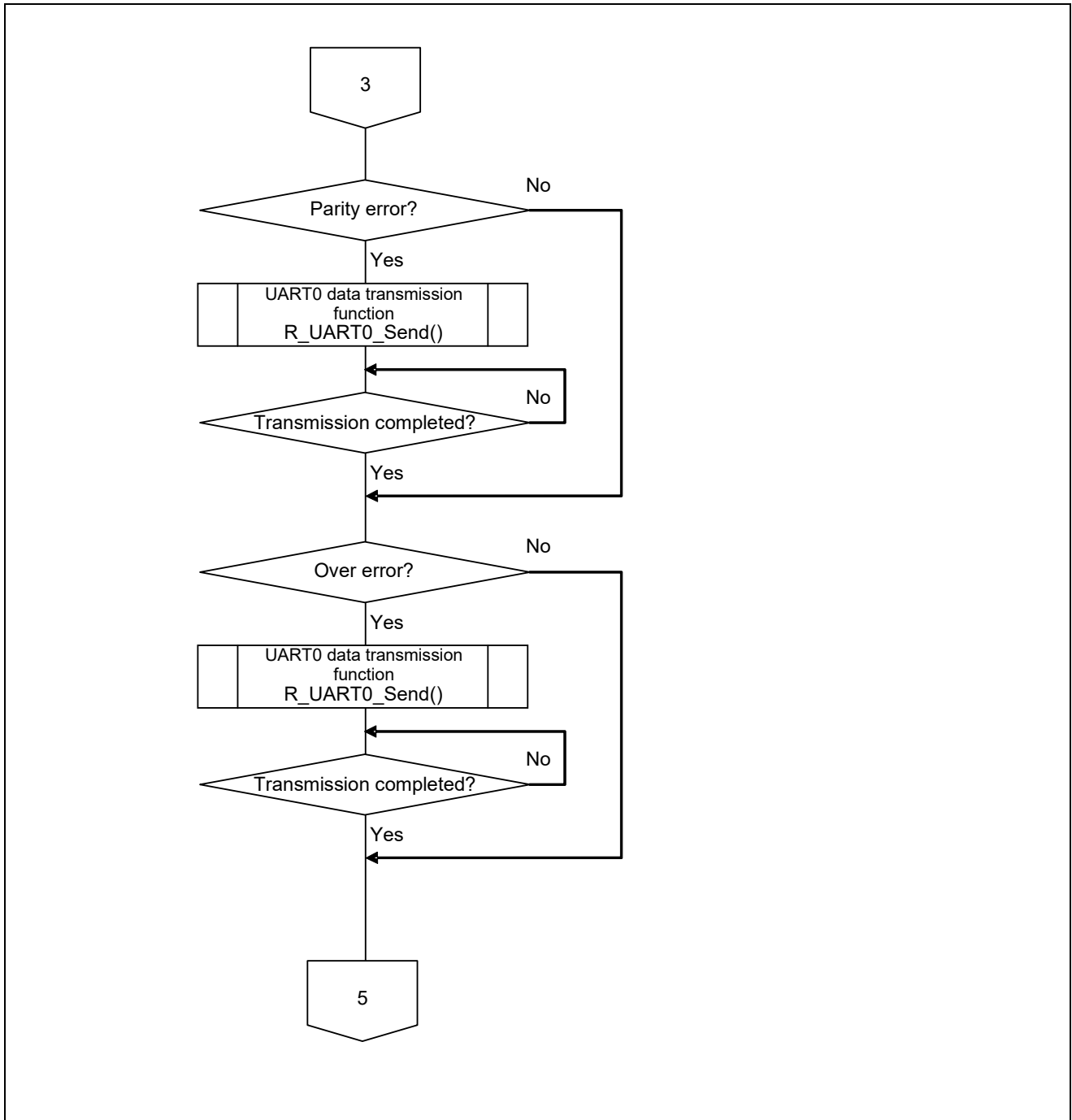


Figure 5.11 Main Function (2/3)

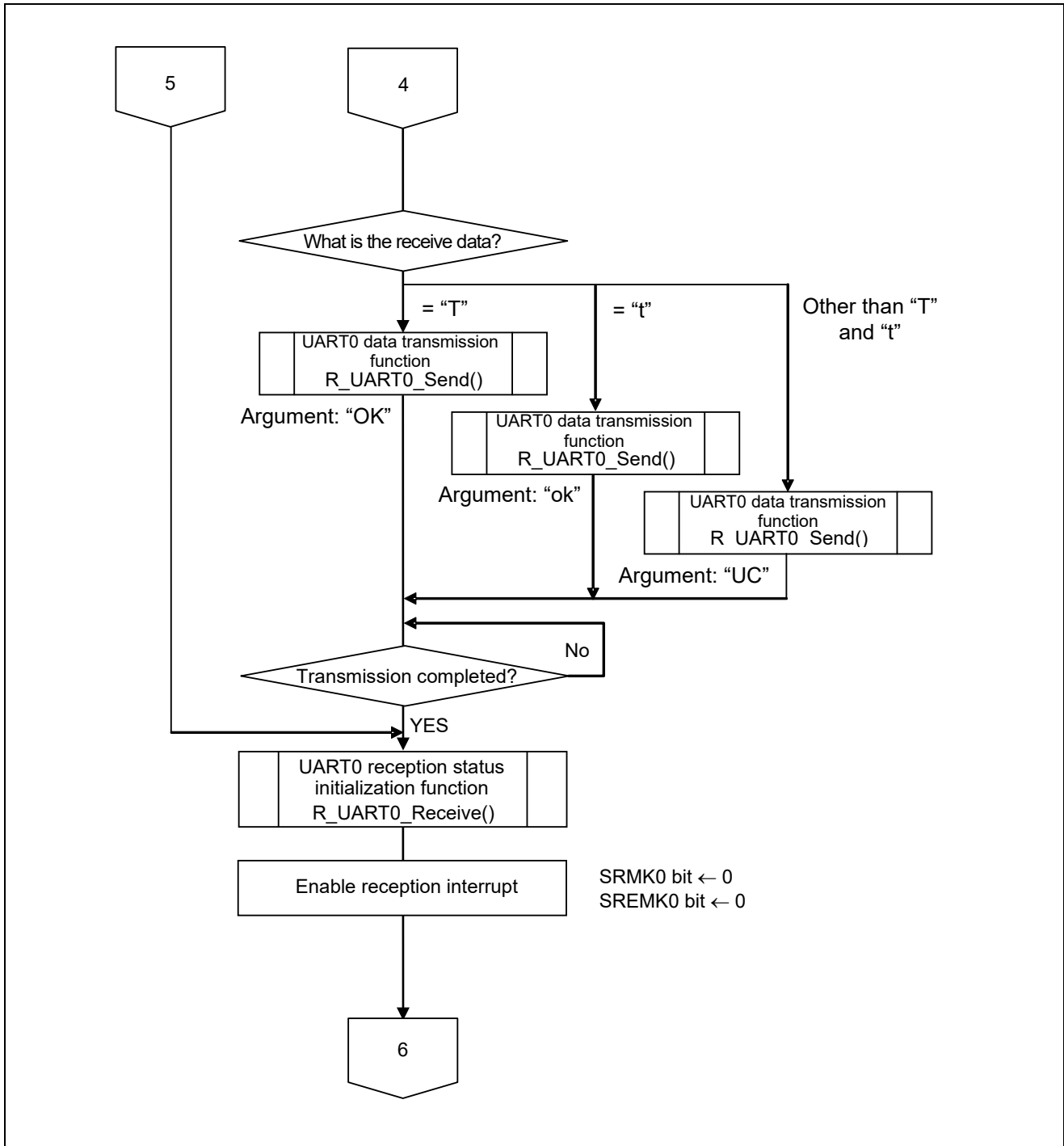
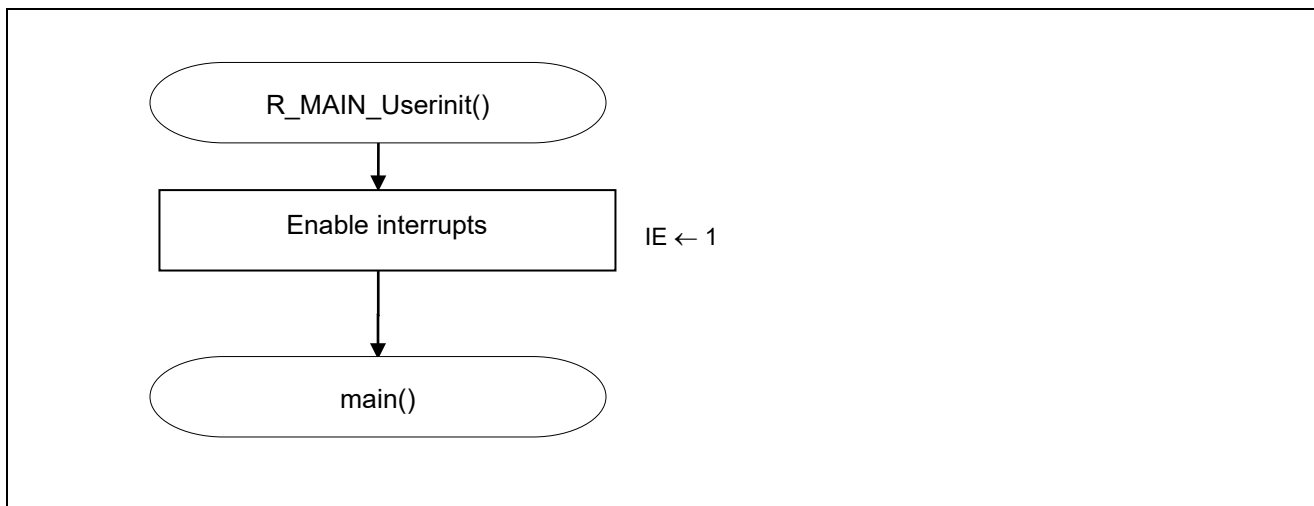


Figure 5.12 Main Function (3/3)



### 5.7.8 Main initializes settings

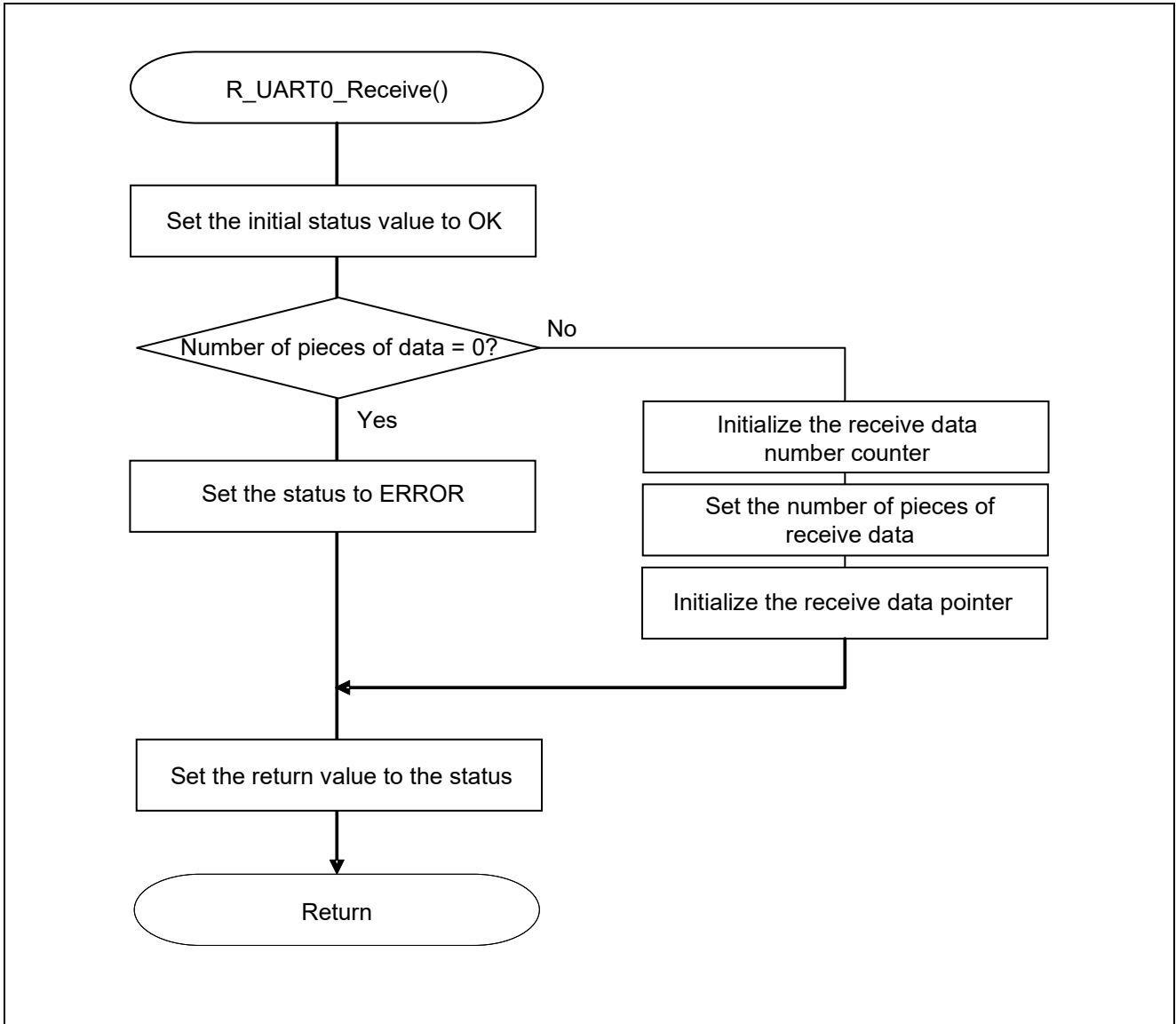
Figure 5.13 shows the flowchart for the main initializes settings.



**Figure 5.13** Main initializes settings

**5.7.9 UART0 Reception Status Initialization Function**

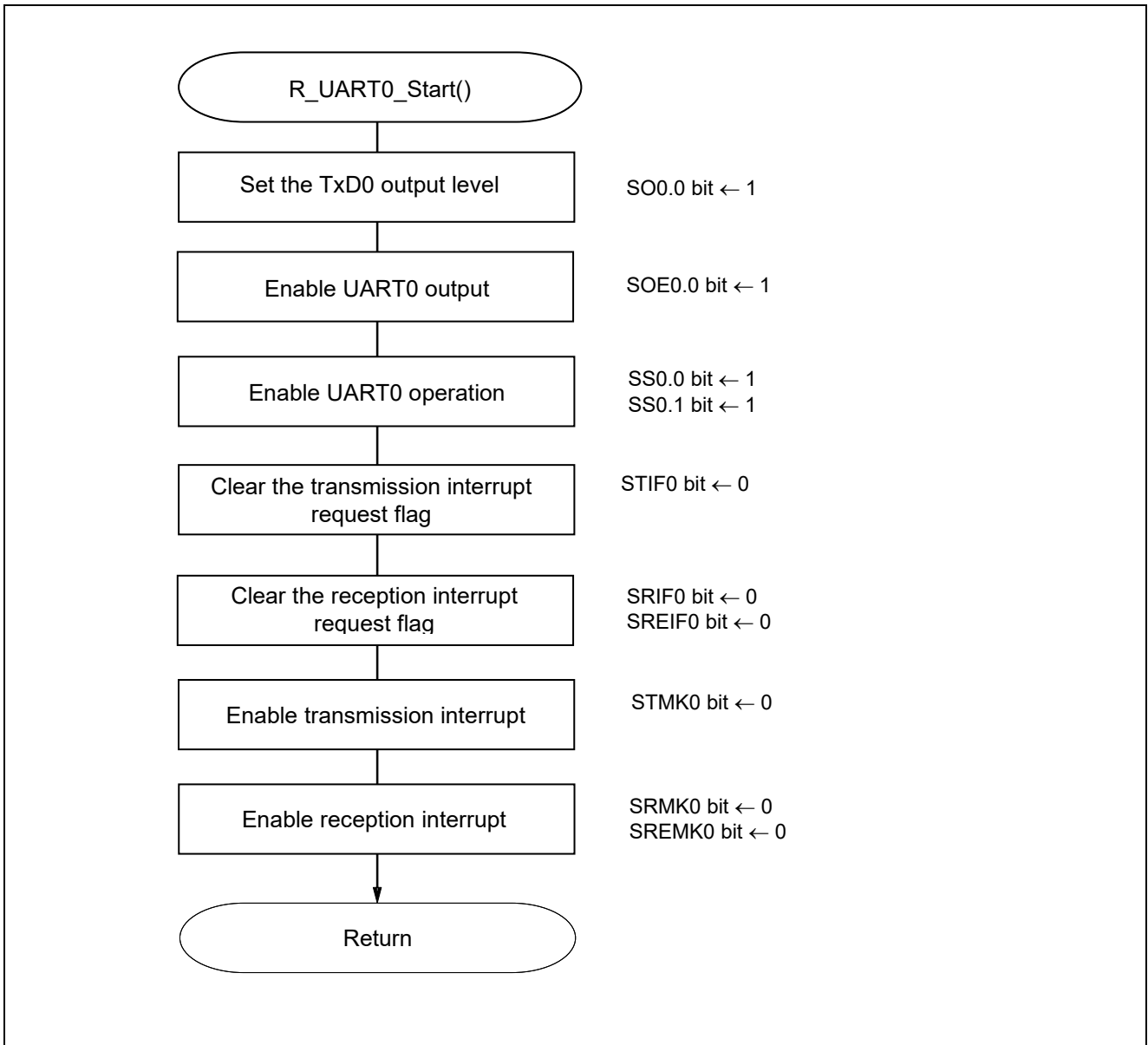
Figure 5.14 shows the flowchart for the UART0 reception status initialization function.



**Figure 5.14 UART0 Reception Status Initialization Function**

**5.7.10 UART0 Operation Start Function**

Figure 5.15 shows the flowchart for the UART0 operation start function.



**Figure 5.15 UART0 Operation Start Function**

Interrupt setting

- Interrupt request flag register (IF0H)  
Clear the interrupt request flag
- Interrupt mask flag register (MK0H)  
Cancel interrupt mask

Symbol: IF0H (for 20-pin and 24-pin products)

|        |        |         |         |         |        |                            |                            |
|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 7      | 6      | 5       | 4       | 3       | 2      | 1                          | 0                          |
| TMIF01 | TMIF00 | IICAI00 | TMIF03H | TMIF01H | SREIF0 | SRIF0<br>CSIF01<br>IICIF01 | STIF0<br>CSIF00<br>IICIF00 |
| x      | x      | x       | x       | x       | 0      | 0                          | 0                          |

|        |       |       |   |
|--------|-------|-------|---|
| SREIF0 | SRIF0 | STIF0 | Interrupt request flag  |
| 0      | 0     | 0     | <b>No interrupt request signal is generated</b>                 |
| 1      | 1     | 1     | <b>Interrupt request is generated, interrupt request status</b> |

Symbol: MK0H (20-pin and 24-pin products)

|        |        |         |         |         |        |                             |                             |
|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 7      | 6      | 5       | 4       | 3       | 2      | 1                           | 0                           |
| TMMK01 | TMMK00 | IICAMK0 | TMMK03H | TMMK01H | SREMK0 | SRMK0<br>CSIMK01<br>IICMK01 | STMK0<br>CSIMK00<br>IICMK00 |
| x      | x      | x       | x       | x       | 0      | 0                           | 1                           |

|        |       |       |                                      |
|--------|-------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| SREMK0 | SRMK0 | STMK0 | Interrupt processing control         |
| 0      | 0     | 0     | <b>Enables interrupt processing.</b> |
| 1      | 1     | 1     | <b>Disable interrupt processing</b>  |

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

Transition to communication wait state

- Serial channel start register 0 (SS0/SS0L)  
Operation start

Symbol: SS0

|    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |   |   |                   |      |                   |      |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|------|-------------------|------|
|    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |   |   | SS0L              |      |                   |      |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3                 | 2    | 1                 | 0    |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | SS03              | SS02 | SS01              | SS00 |
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x <sup>Note</sup> | x    | 1 <sup>Note</sup> | 1    |

Bits 3 to 0

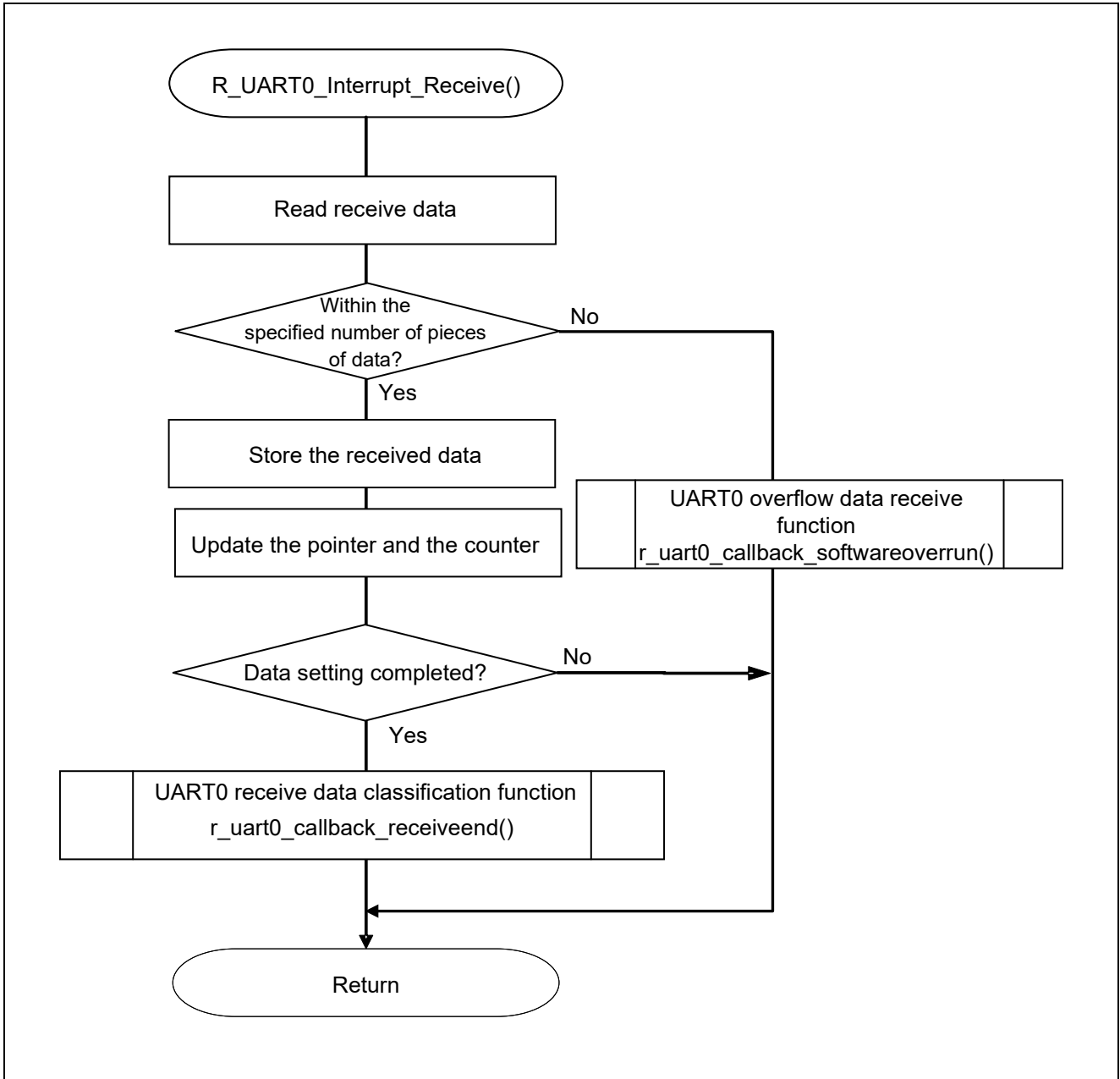
| SS0n | Channel n operation start trigger                                   |
|------|---|
| 0    | Trigger operation is not performed                                  |
| 1    | <b>SE0n is set to 1, and a communication wait state is entered.</b> |

Note For UART reception, wait for 4  $f_{CLK}$  clock cycles or more before setting SS0n to 1, after setting the RXE0n bit of the SCR0n register to 1.

Caution: For details on the register setup procedures, refer to RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware.

**5.7.11 INTSR0 Interrupt Service Routine**

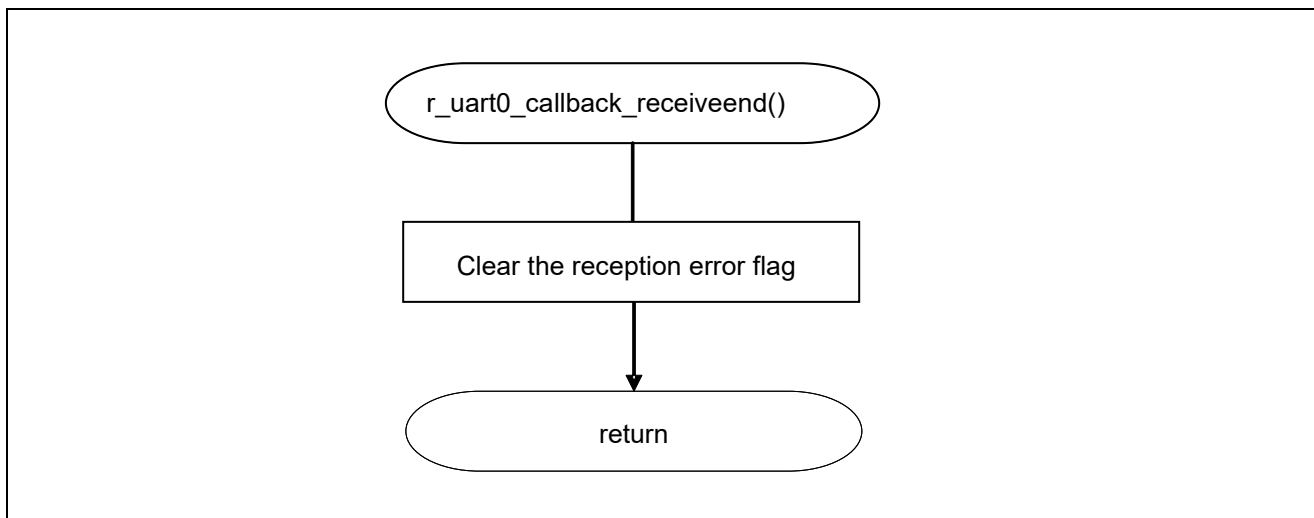
Figure 5.16 shows the flowchart for the INTSR0 interrupt service routine.



**Figure 5.16 INTSR0 Interrupt Service Routine**

### 5.7.12 UART0 Receive Data Classification Function

Figure 5.17 shows the flowchart for the UART0 receive data classification function.



**Figure 5.17** UART0 Receive Data Classification Function

5.7.13 UART0 Data Transmission Function

Figure 5.18 shows the flowchart for the UART0 data transmission function.

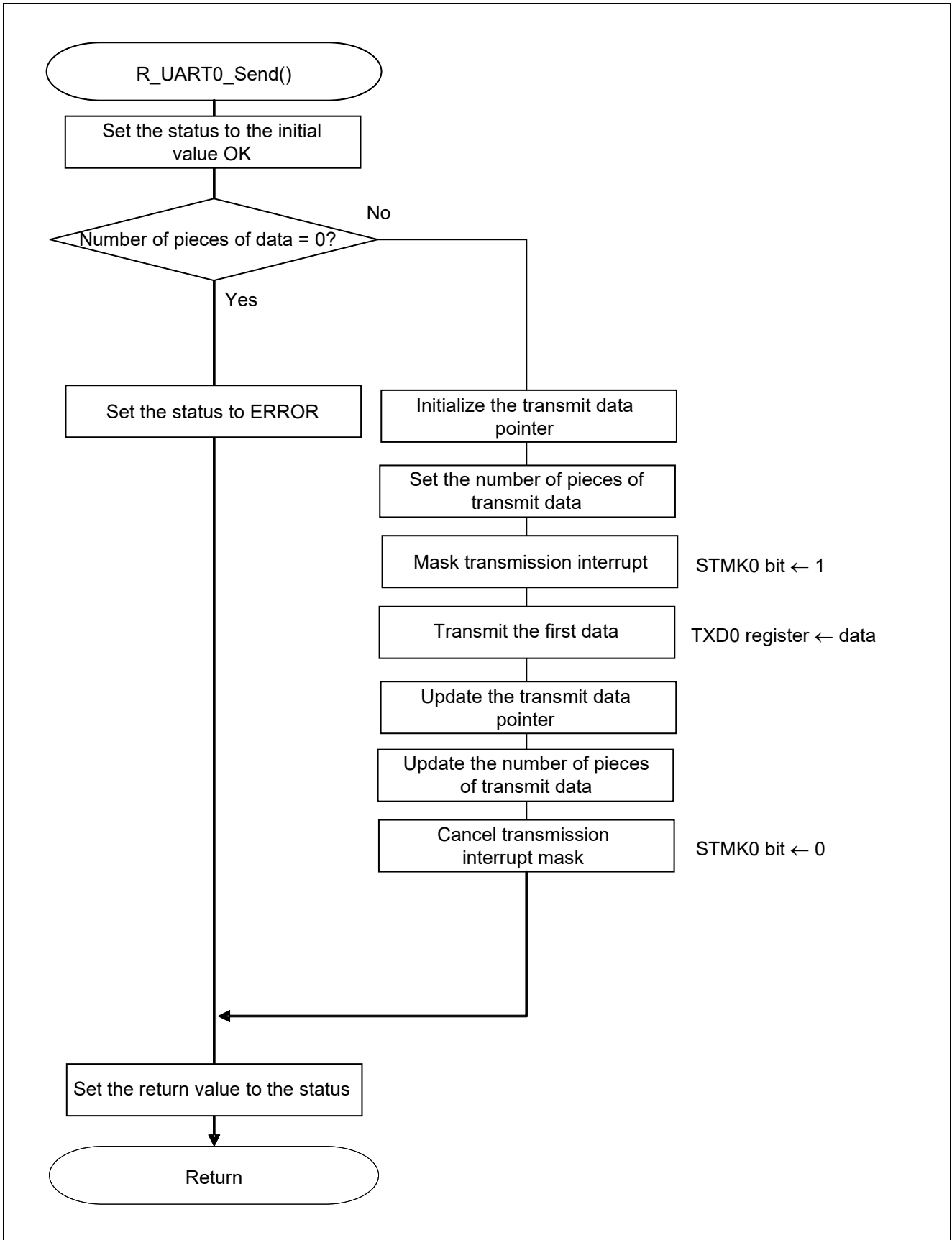


Figure 5.18 UART0 Data Transmission Function



### 5.7.14 UART0 Reception Error Interrupt Function

Figure 5.19 shows the flowchart for the UART0 reception error interrupt function.

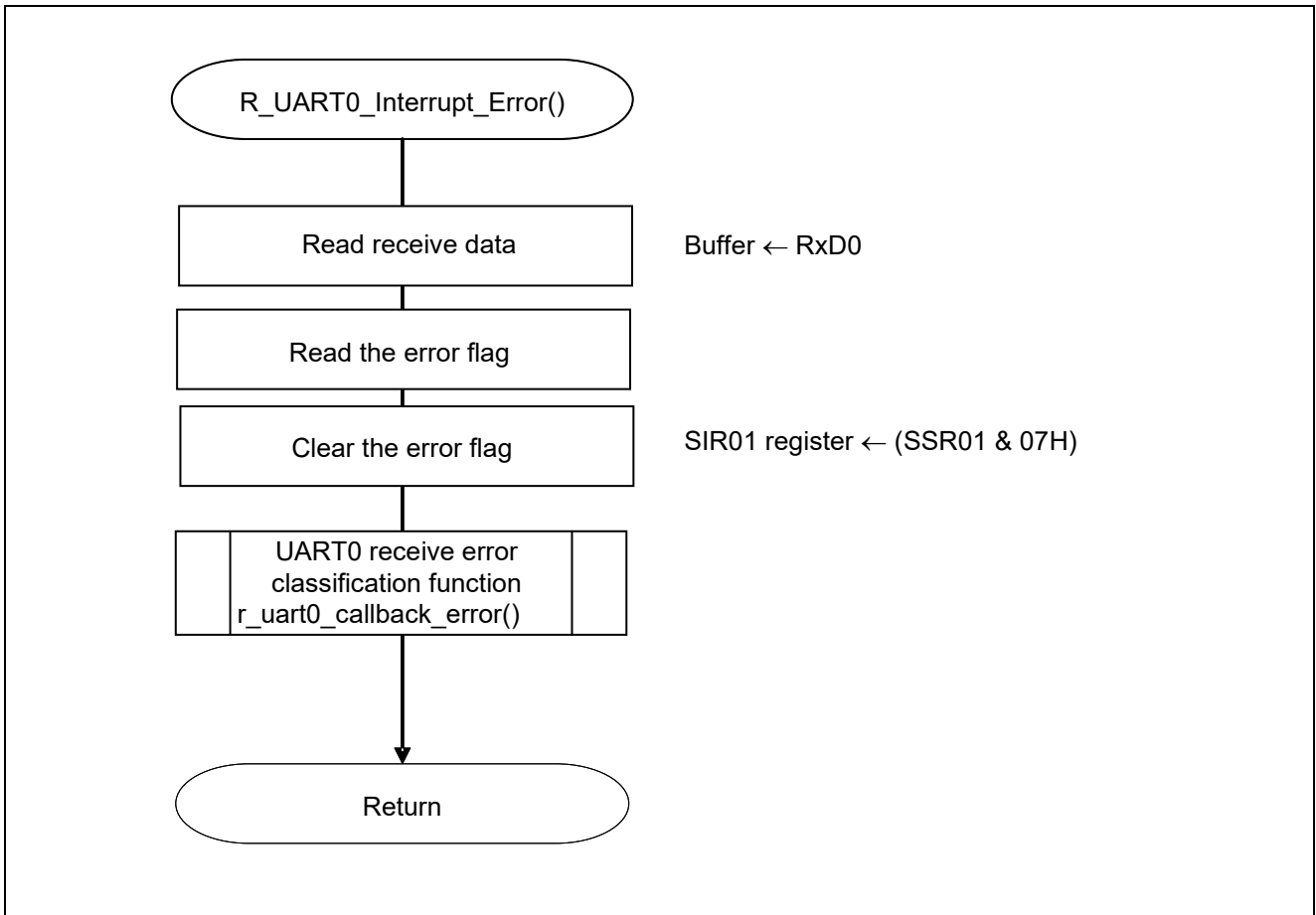


Figure 5.19 UART0 Reception Error Interrupt Function

### 5.7.15 UART0 Reception Error Classification Function

Figure 5.20 shows the flowchart for the UART0 reception error classification function.

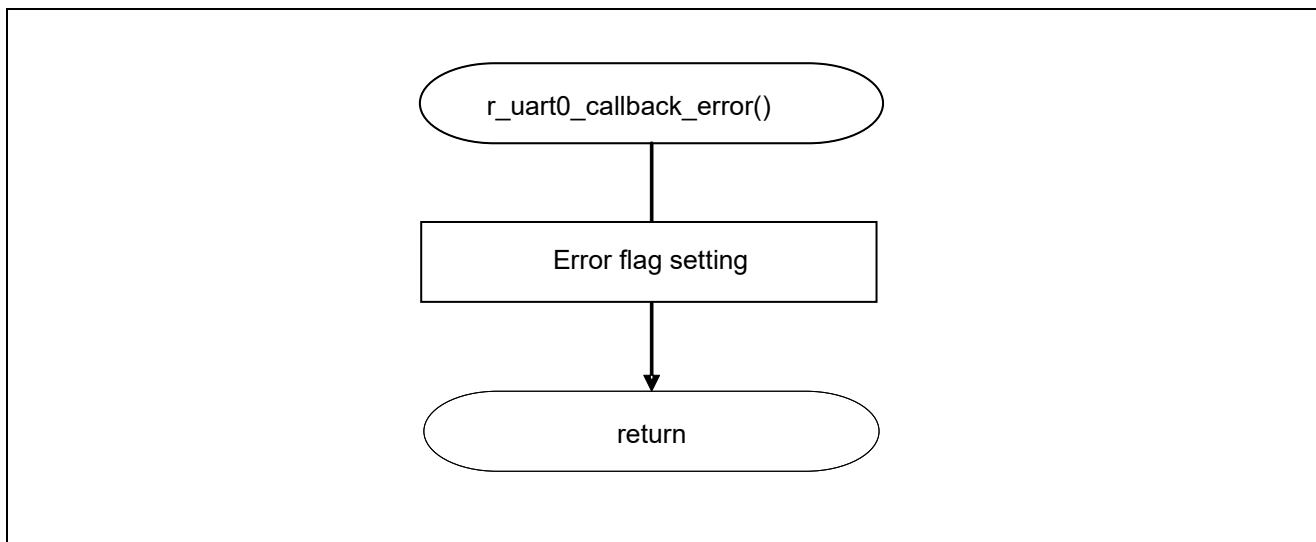


Figure 5.20 UART0 Reception Error Classification Function

### 5.7.16 INTST0 Interrupt Service Routine

Figure 5.21 shows the flowchart for the INTST0 interrupt service routine.

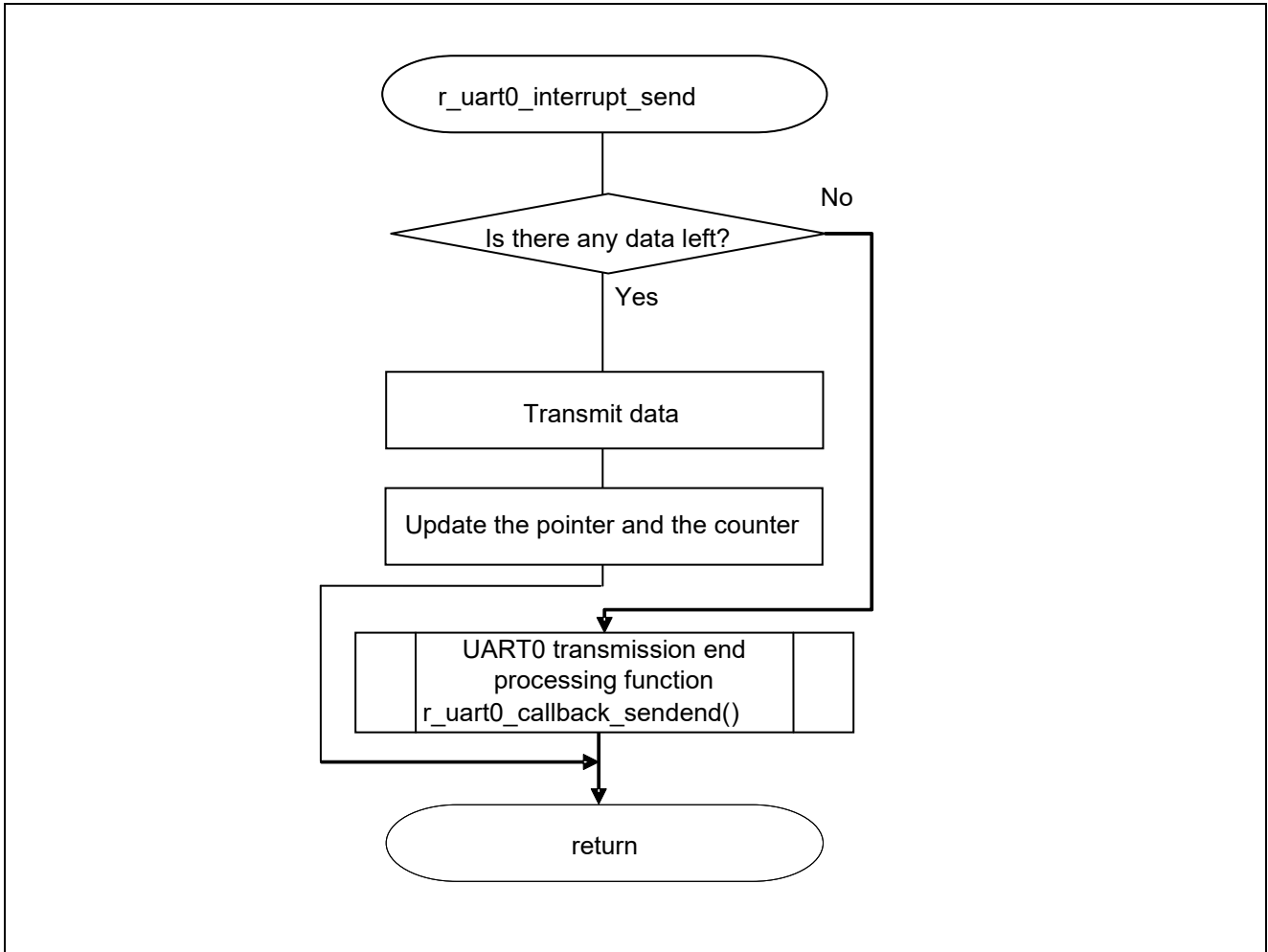


Figure 5.21 INTST0 Interrupt Service Routine

### 5.7.17 UART0 Transmission End Processing Function

Figure 5.22 shows the flowchart for the UART0 transmission end processing function.

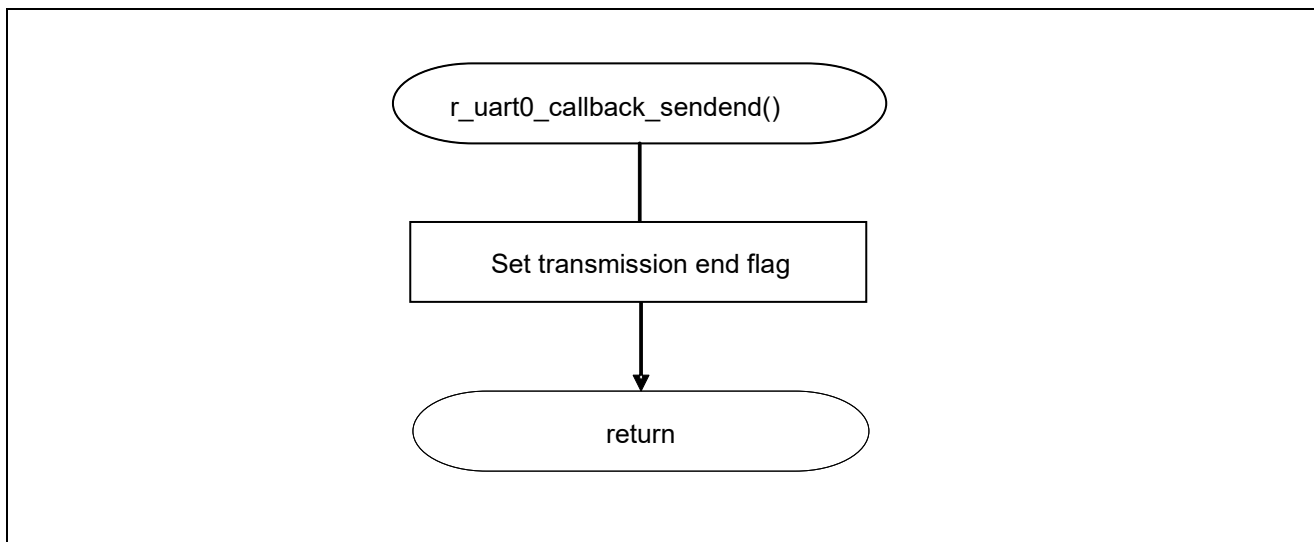


Figure 5.22 UART0 Transmission End Processing Function

## 6. Sample Code

The sample code is available on the Renesas Electronics Website.

## 7. Documents for Reference

RL78/G12 User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0200E)

RL78 Family User's Manual: Software (R01US0015E)

(The latest versions of the documents are available on the Renesas Electronics Website.)

Technical Updates/Technical Brochures

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|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Revision Record | RL78/G12 Serial Array Unit (UART Communication) CC-RL |
|-----------------|---|

| Rev. | Date         | Description |                                    |
|------|--------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
|      |              | Page        | Summary                            |
| 1.00 | May 23, 2016 | —           | First edition issued               |
| 1.10 | 2022.05.11   | 5           | Updated operation check conditions |

# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
  - A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.
2. Processing at power-on
  - The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.
3. Input of signal during power-off state
  - Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.
4. Handling of unused pins
  - Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.
5. Clock signals
  - After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
6. Voltage application waveform at input pin
  - Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).
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  - Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.
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