

## TP65H300G4LSGBE

650V SuperGaN® GaN FET in PQFN (source tab)

### Description

The TP65H300G4LSGBE 650V, 240mΩ Gallium Nitride (GaN) FET is a normally-off device using Renesas' Gen IV platform. It combines a state-of-the-art high voltage GaN HEMT with a low voltage silicon MOSFET to offer superior reliability and performance.

The Gen IV SuperGaN® platform uses advanced epi and patented design technologies to simplify manufacturability while improving efficiency over silicon via lower gate charge, output capacitance, crossover loss, and reverse recovery charge.

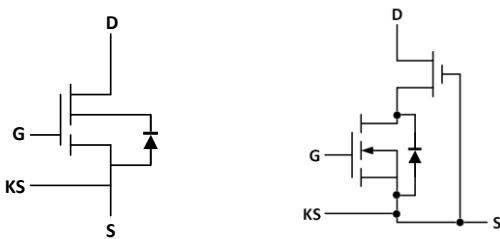
### Benefits

- Achieves increased efficiency in both hard- and soft-switched circuits
  - Increased power density
  - Reduced system size and weight
  - Overall lower system cost
- Easy to drive with commonly used gate drivers

### Product/Schematic Diagrams



TP65H300G4LSGBE PQFN



Cascode Schematic Symbol

Cascode Device Structure

### Features

- Gen IV technology
- JEDEC-qualified GaN technology
- Dynamic RDS(on)eff production tested
- Robust design, defined by
  - Transient over-voltage capability
  - Operation with E-mode Gate drivers without need for Zener protection
- Very low QRR
- Reduced crossover loss
- RoHS compliant and Halogen-free packaging

### Applications

- Consumer
- Power adapters
- Low power SMPS
- Lighting



### Specifications

|   |      |
|---|------|
| $V_{DS}$ (V)                                    | 650  |
| $V_{DSS(\text{TR})}$ (V) maximum                | 800  |
| $R_{DS(\text{on})}$ (mΩ) maximum <sup>[1]</sup> | 312  |
| $Q_{oss}$ (nC) typical                          | 19   |
| $Q_G$ (nC) typical                              | 12.7 |

1. Dynamic  $R_{DS(\text{on})}$ ; see Figure 21 and Figure 22.

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## 1. Pin Information

### 1.1 Pin Assignments

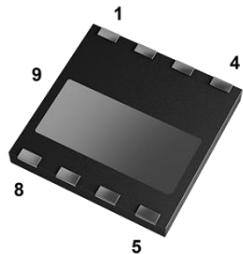


Figure 1. Pin Assignments – Bottom View

### 1.2 Pin Descriptions

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Description    |
|------------|----------|----------------|
| 1, 2, 3, 4 | D        | Drain.         |
| 5, 6       | S        | Source.        |
| 7          | KS       | Kelvin source. |
| 8          | G        | Gate.          |
| 9          | S        | Source.        |

## 2. Specifications

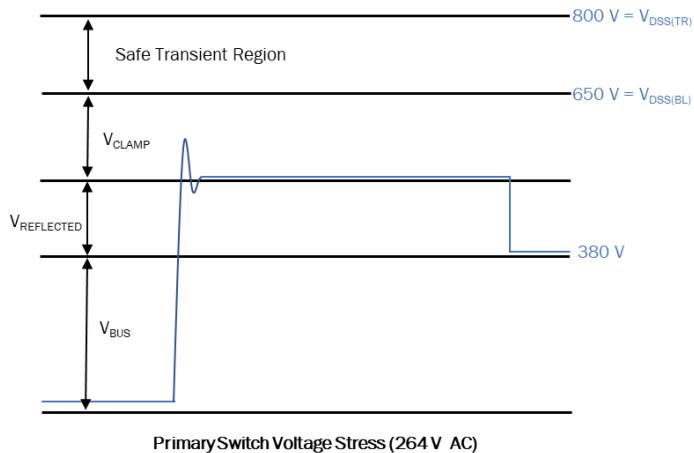
### 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated.

**Caution:** Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions can adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

| Symbol                                | Parameter  | Minimum  | Maximum | Unit             |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------|---------|------------------|
| $V_{DSS}$                             | Drain to source voltage ( $T_J = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $150^\circ\text{C}$ ) | -        | 650     | V                |
| $V_{DSS(\text{TR})}$ , non-repetitive | Transient drain to source voltage, non-repetitive [1]                        | -        | 800     |                  |
| $V_{DSS(\text{TR})}$ , repetitive     | Transient drain to source voltage, repetitive [2]                            | -        | 750     |                  |
| $V_{GSS}$                             | Gate to source voltage   | -20      | +20     |                  |
| $P_D$                                 | Maximum power dissipation at $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$                        | -        | 31.5    | W                |
| $I_D$                                 | Continuous drain current at $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ [3]                     | -        | 8       | A                |
|                                       | Continuous drain current at $T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$ [3]                    | -        | 5       | A                |
| $I_{DM}$                              | Pulsed drain current (pulse width: 10μs)                                     | -        | 30      | A                |
| $T_c$                                 | Operating temperature  | Case     | -55     | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $T_J$                                 |  | Junction | -55     | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $T_s$                                 | Storage temperature  | -55      | +150    | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $T_{\text{SOLD}}$                     | Reflow soldering temperature [4]   | -        | 260     | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

1. In off-state, spike duration < 30μs, non-repetitive.
2. Off-state, spike duration < 5μs.
3. For increased stability at high current operation, see "Circuit Implementation".
4. Reflow MSL3.



### 2.2 Thermal Specifications

| Symbol          | Condition        | Typical Value | Unit               |
|-----------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-case | 4             | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ |                  | 50            |                    |

1. Device on one layer epoxy PCB for source connection (vertical and without air stream cooling, with 6cm<sup>2</sup> copper area and 70μm thickness).

## 2.3 Circuit Implementation

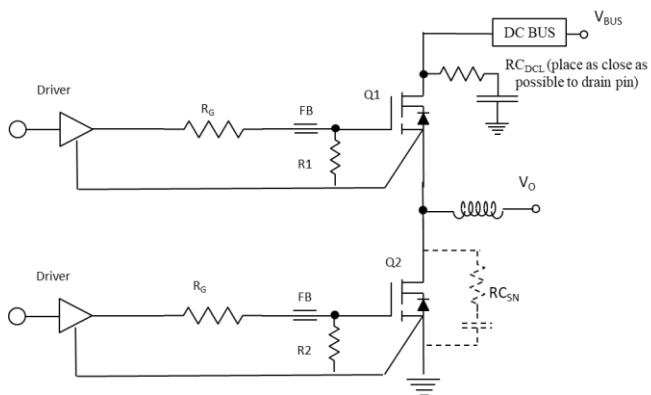


Figure 2. Simplified Half-Bridge Schematic

Recommended gate drive: (0V, 6V) with  $R_{G(\text{tot})} = 15\Omega$  [1]

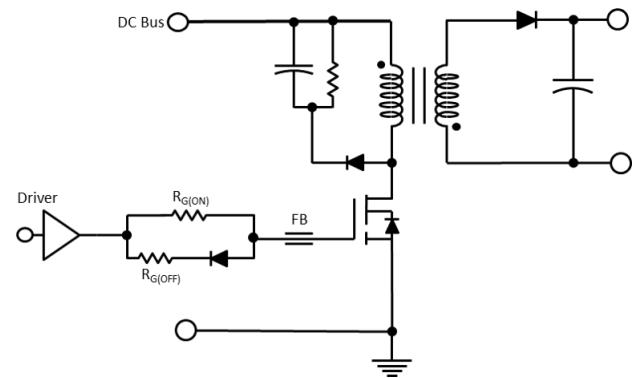


Figure 3. Simplified Single-Ended Schematic

Recommended gate drive:

Gate drive: (0V, 6V):  $R_{G(\text{ON})} = 50$  to  $150\Omega$ ;  $R_{G(\text{OFF})} = 0$  to  $10\Omega$

Gate drive\*: (-6V, 6V):  $R_{G(\text{ON})} = 50$  to  $100\Omega$ ;  $R_{G(\text{OFF})} = 0$  to  $20\Omega$

| Gate Ferrite Bead (FB1) | Recommended DC Link RC Snubber ( $RC_{DCL}$ ) [2] |
|-------------------------|---|
| 120Ω at 100MHz          | 4.7nF + 5Ω  |

1. For bridge topologies only.  $R_G$  could be much smaller in single-ended topologies.

2.  $RC_{DCL}$  should be placed as close as possible to the drain pin.

For additional driver configurations/options, see application note [Recommended External Circuitry for Renesas GaN FETs](#).

## 2.4 Electrical Specifications – Forward Device

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol                  | Parameter   | Test Conditions   | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit  |
|-------------------------|---|---|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| $V_{DSS(BL)}$           | Maximum drain-source voltage                      | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$  | 650     | -       | -       | V     |
| $V_{GS(th)}$            | Gate threshold voltage                            | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 0.5\text{mA}$   | 1.2     | 1.6     | 2       | V     |
| $\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$ | Gate threshold voltage temperature coefficient    |   | -       | -5.8    | -       | mV/°C |
| $R_{DS(on)eff}$         | Drain-source on-resistance <sup>[1]</sup>         | $V_{GS} = 6\text{V}, I_D = 5\text{A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$   | -       | 240     | 312     | mΩ    |
|                         |   | $V_{GS} = 6\text{V}, I_D = 5\text{A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$  | -       | 492     | -       |       |
|                         | Drain-to-source leakage current                   | $V_{DS} = 650\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | -       | 1.2     | 12      | μA    |
| $I_{DSS}$               |   | $V_{DS} = 650\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$   | -       | 8       | -       |       |
|                         |   | $V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$   | -       | -       | 100     | nA    |
| $I_{GSS}$               | Gate-to-source forward leakage current            | $V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$  | -       | -       | -100    |       |
|                         | Gate-to-source reverse leakage current            | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 400\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$   | -       | 1225    | -       | pF    |
| $C_{ISS}$               | Input capacitance                                 |   | -       | 16.7    | -       |       |
| $C_{OSS}$               | Output capacitance                                |   | -       | 3.4     | -       |       |
| $C_{RSS}$               | Reverse transfer capacitance                      |   | -       | 23.7    | -       | pF    |
| $C_{O(er)}$             | Output capacitance, energy related <sup>[2]</sup> | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{V to } 400\text{V}$  | -       | 48      | -       |       |
| $C_{O(tr)}$             | Output capacitance, time related <sup>[3]</sup>   |   | -       | -       | -       |       |
| $Q_G$                   | Total gate charge                                 | $V_{DS} = 400\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 6\text{V}, I_D = 5\text{A}$   | -       | 12.7    | -       | nC    |
| $Q_{GS}$                | Gate-source charge                                |   | -       | 3       | -       |       |
| $Q_{GD}$                | Gate-drain charge                                 |   | -       | 4.6     | -       |       |
| $Q_{OSS}$               | Output charge                                     | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{V to } 400\text{V}$  | -       | 19      | -       | nC    |
| $t_{D(on)}$             | Turn-on delay                                     | $V_{DS} = 400\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 6\text{V}, I_D = 5\text{A}, R_{G\_on} = 15\Omega, R_{G\_off} = 5\Omega, Z_{FB} = 120\Omega \text{ at } 100\text{MHz} \text{ (see Figure 17)}$ | -       | 33      | -       | ns    |
| $t_R$                   | Rise time   |   | -       | 5.6     | -       |       |
| $t_{D(off)}$            | Turn-off delay                                    |   | -       | 68      | -       |       |
| $t_f$                   | Fall time   |   | -       | 10      | -       |       |

1. Dynamic  $R_{DS(on)}$ , 100% tested; see Figure 21 and Figure 22 for conditions.

2. Equivalent capacitance to give same stored energy from 0V to 400V.

3. Equivalent capacitance to give same charging time from 0V to 400V.

## 2.5 Electrical Specifications – Reverse Device

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated.

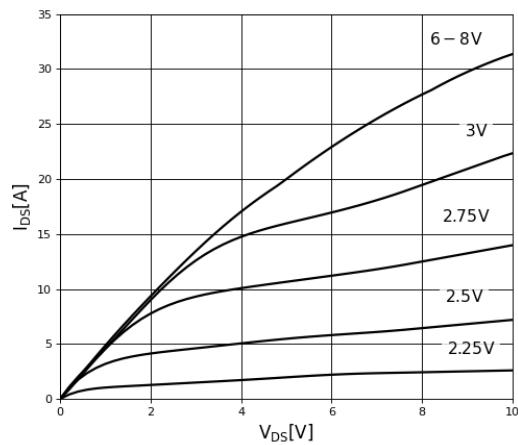
| Symbol   | Parameter                              | Test Conditions  | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|----------|--|--|---------|---------|---------|------|
| $I_S$    | Reverse current                        | $V_{GS} = 0V, T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}, \leq 25\% \text{ duty cycle}$ | -       | -       | 5       | A    |
| $V_{SD}$ | Reverse voltage <sup>[1]</sup>         | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 10A$   | -       | 3       | -       | V    |
|          |  | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 5A$  | -       | 1.9     | -       |      |
| $t_{RR}$ | Reverse recovery time                  | $I_S = 5A, V_{DD} = 400V, dI/dt = 1000A/\mu\text{s}$                 | -       | 29      | -       | ns   |
| $Q_{RR}$ | Reverse recovery charge <sup>[2]</sup> |  | -       | 0       | -       | nC   |

1. Includes dynamic  $R_{DS(on)}$  effect.

2. Excludes  $Q_{oss}$ .

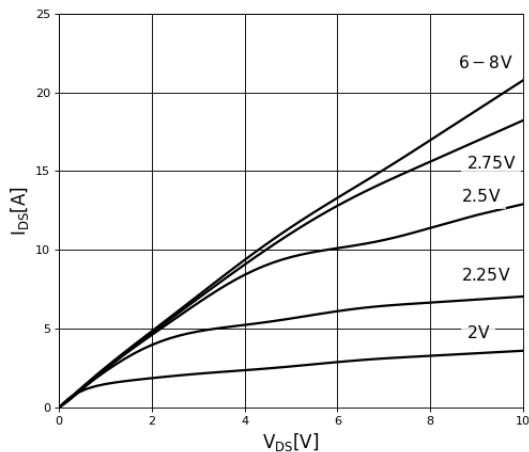
### 3. Typical Performance Graphs

$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated.



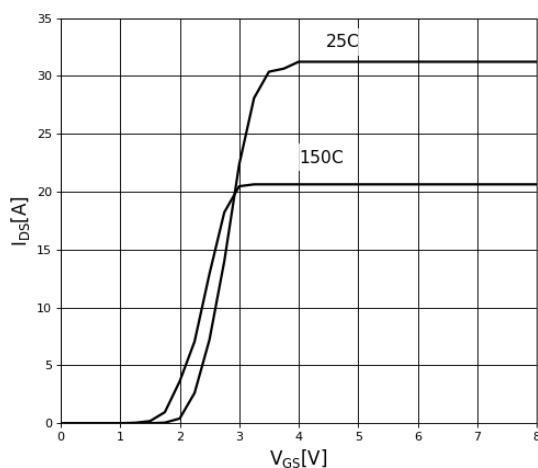
**Figure 4. Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$**

Parameter:  $V_{GS}$



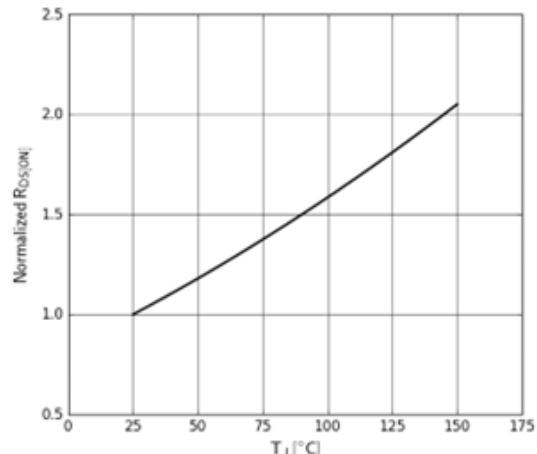
**Figure 5. Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$**

Parameter:  $V_{GS}$



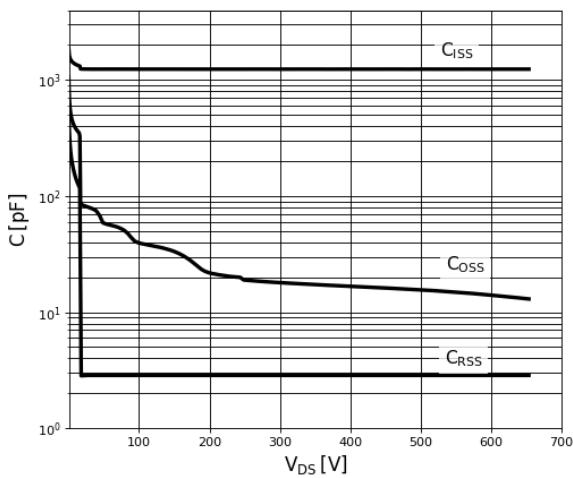
**Figure 6. Typical Transfer Characteristics**

$V_{DS} = 10\text{V}$ , parameter:  $T_J$



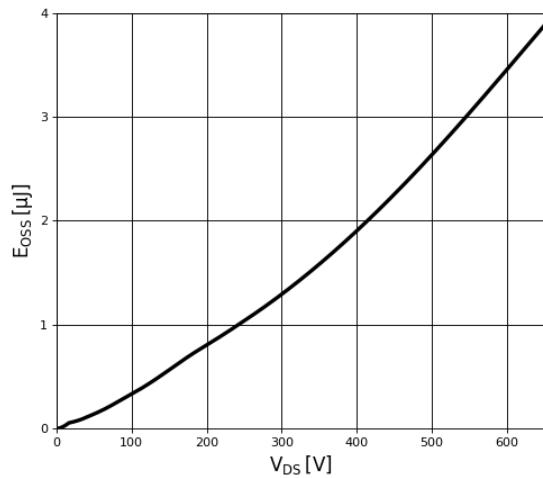
**Figure 7. Normalized On-resistance**

$I_D = 5\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 6\text{V}$

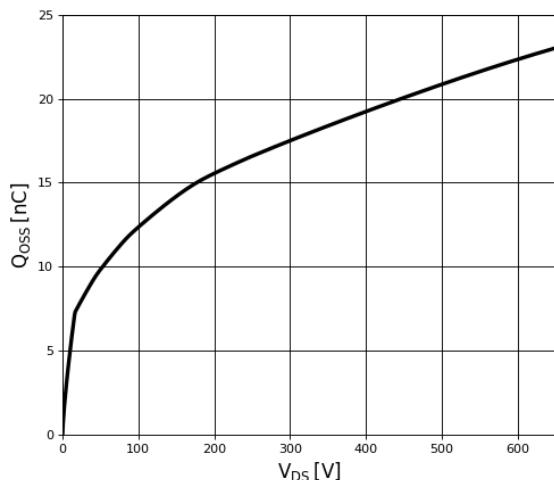


**Figure 8. Typical Capacitance**

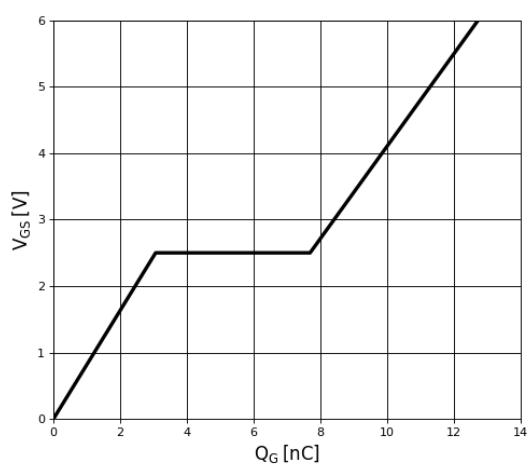
$V_{GS} = 0V$ ,  $f = 1MHz$



**Figure 9. Typical  $C_{OSS}$  Stored Energy**



**Figure 10. Typical  $Q_{OSS}$**



**Figure 11. Typical Gate Charge**

$I_{DS} = 5A$ ,  $V_{DS} = 400V$

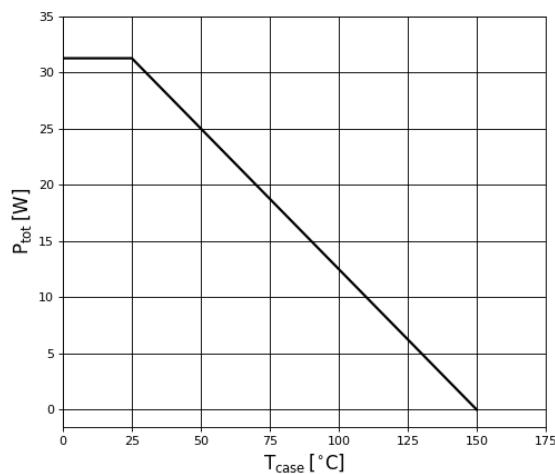


Figure 12. Power Dissipation

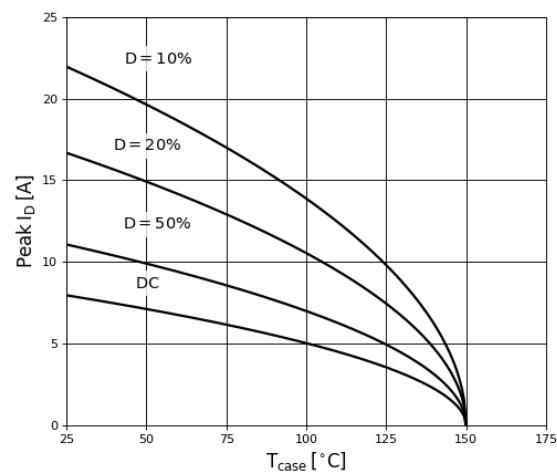


Figure 13. Current Derating

Pulse width  $\leq 10\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{GS} \geq 6\text{V}$

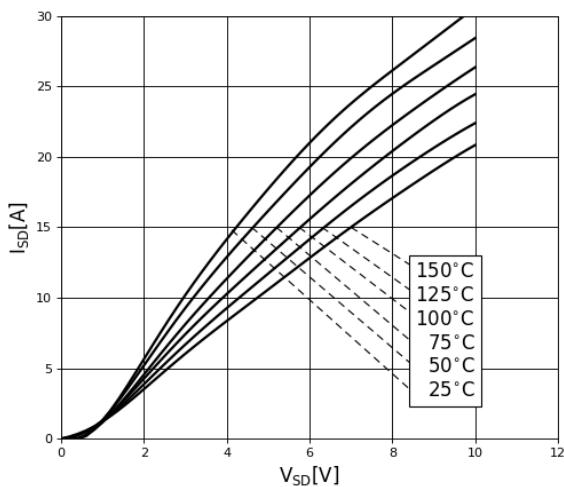


Figure 14. Forward Characteristics of Rev. Diode

$I_S = f(V_{SD})$ , parameter:  $T_J$

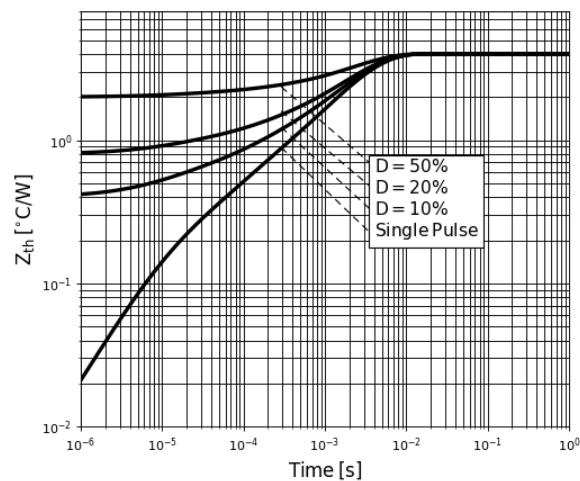


Figure 15. Transient Thermal Resistance

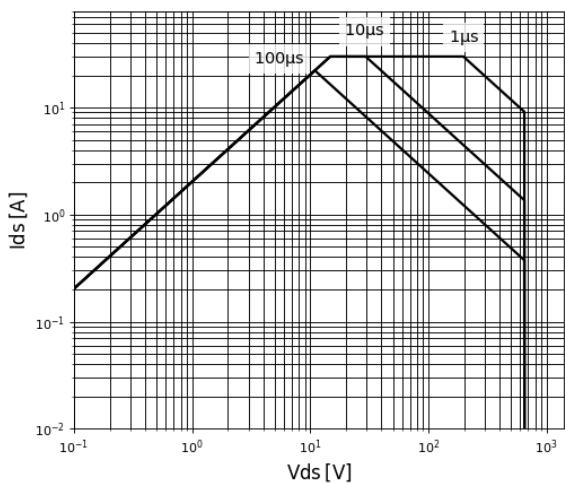


Figure 16. Safe Operating Area  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

## 4. Test Circuits and Waveforms

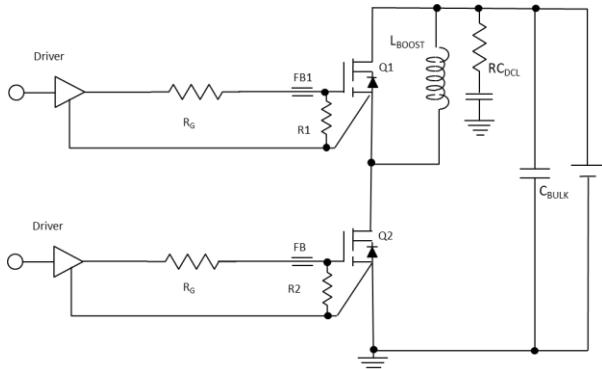


Figure 17. Switching Time Test Circuit

(For methods to ensure clean switching, see "Circuit Implementation")

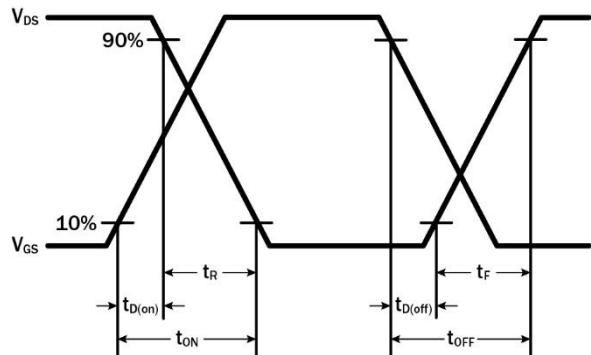


Figure 18. Switching Time Waveform

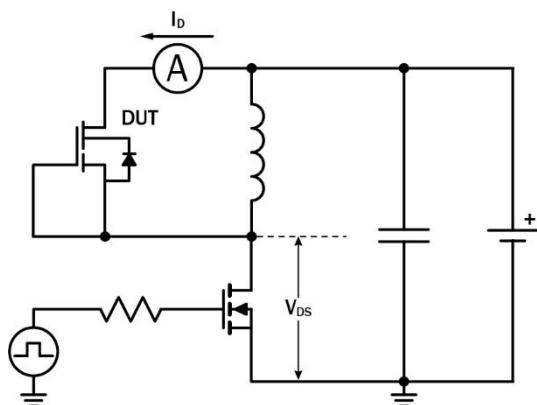


Figure 19. Diode Characteristics Test Circuit

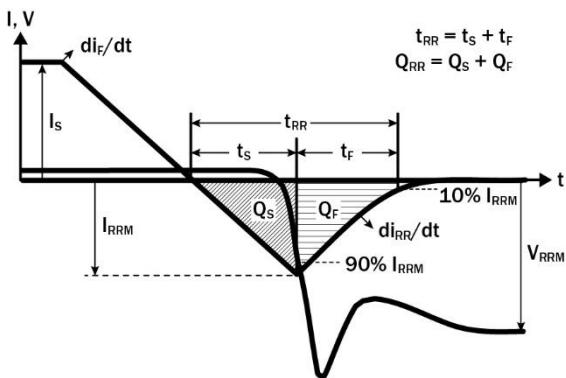
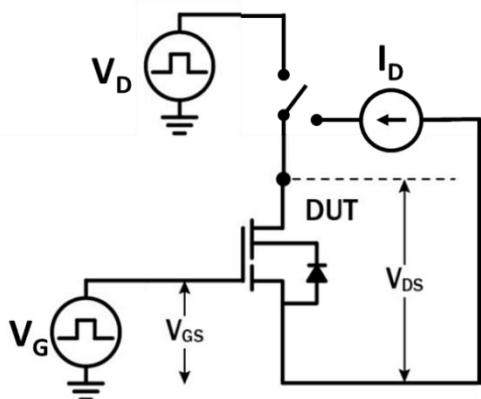
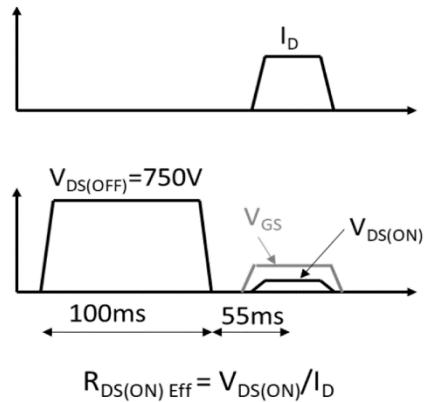
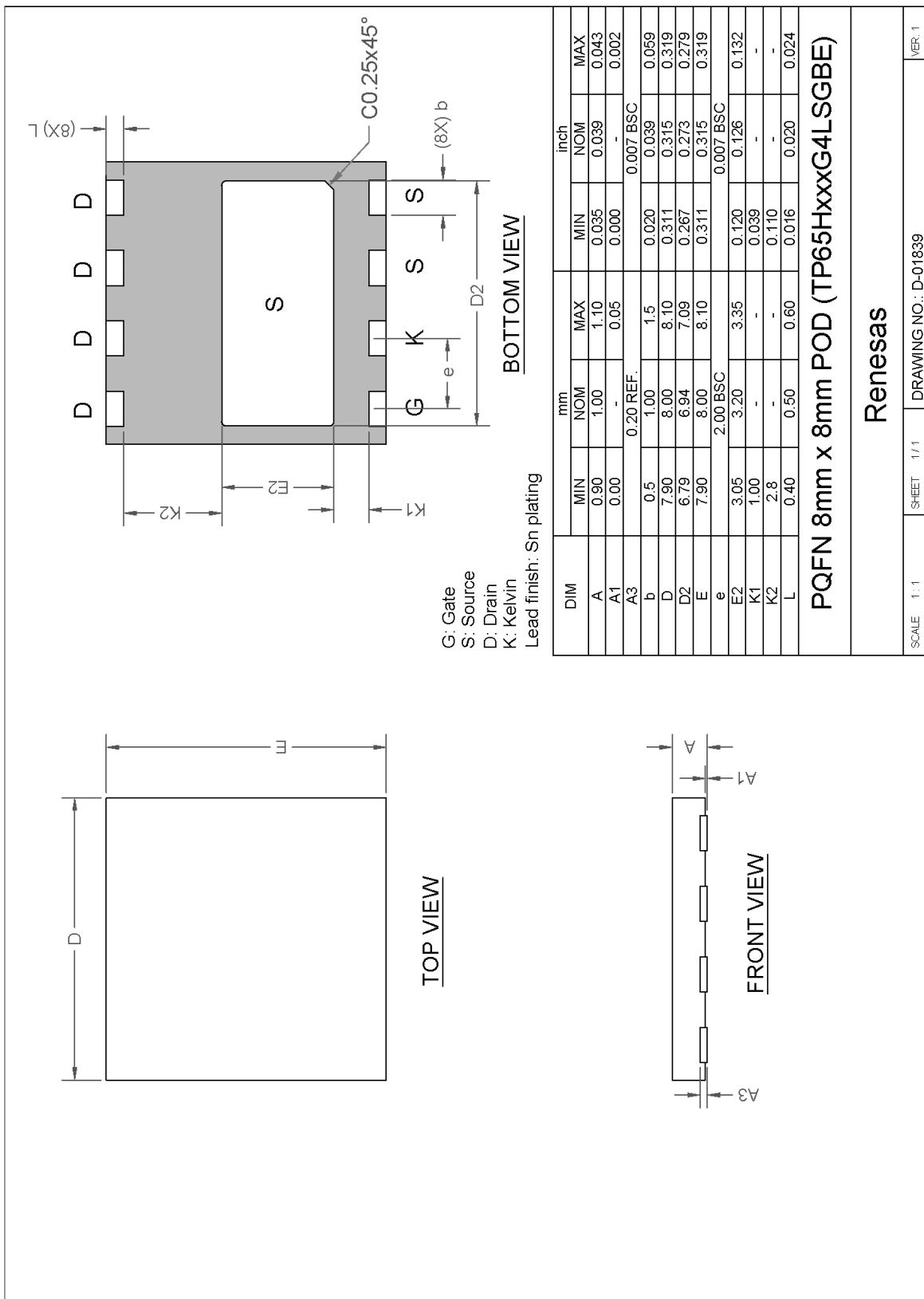


Figure 20. Diode Recovery Waveform

Figure 21. Dynamic  $R_{DS(on)eff}$  Test CircuitFigure 22. Dynamic  $R_{DS(on)eff}$  Waveform

## **5. Package Outline Drawings**



## 6. Design Considerations

The fast switching of GaN devices reduces current-voltage crossover losses and enables high-frequency operation while simultaneously achieving high efficiency. However, taking full advantage of the fast switching characteristics of GaN switches requires adherence to specific PCB layout guidelines and probing techniques.

Before evaluating Renesas GaN devices, see application note [Printed Circuit Board Layout and Probing for GaN Power Switches](#). The following table provides some practical rules that should be followed during the evaluation.

| When Evaluating Renesas GaN Devices:   |   |
|--|---|
| DO   | DO NOT  |
| Minimize circuit inductance by keeping traces short, both in the drive and power loop.                       | Twist the pins of TO-220 or TO-247 to accommodate GDS board layout. |
| Minimize lead length of TO-220 and TO-247 package when mounting to the PCB.                                  | Use long traces in drive circuit, long lead length of the devices.  |
| Use shortest sense loop for probing; attach the probe and its ground connection directly to the test points. | Use differential mode probe or probe ground clip with long wire.    |

## 7. Related Information

The complete technical library of GaN design tools can be found at [Renesas](#):

- Evaluation kits
- Application notes
- Design guides
- Simulation models
- Technical papers and presentations

Specific resources include:

- [Printed Circuit Board Layout and Probing for Gan Power Switches](#)
- [Recommendations for Vapor Phase Reflow](#)
- [Recommended External Circuitry for GaN FETs](#)
- [PQFN Tape and Reel Information](#)

## 8. Ordering Information

| Part Number                       | Package Description | Package Configuration |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| TP65H300G4LSGBE-TR <sup>[1]</sup> | 8 × 8 PQFN          | Source                |

1. “-TR” suffix refers to tape and reel.

## 9. Revision History

| Revision | Date        | Description      |
|----------|-------------|------------------|
| 1.00     | Apr 9, 2025 | Initial release. |

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