

ISL70020SEH, ISL73020SEH

Total Dose Test Report

Introduction

This report documents the results of Low Dose Rate (LDR) and High Dose Rate (HDR) total dose testing and subsequent high temperature biased annealing of the [ISL70020SEH](#) and [ISL73020SEH](#) 40V, 65A N-Channel enhancement mode GaN transistors. The tests were conducted to provide an assessment of the total dose hardness of the part and to provide an estimate of dose rate, bias, or anneal sensitivity. Parts were irradiated under three different bias conditions:

- T_{OFF} – gate and source grounded; drain connected to 34V \pm 2V
- T_{ON} – gate connected to 4.5V \pm 10%; drain and source connected to ground
- With all pins grounded - at LDR and at HDR (See [Figure 1](#)).

The ISL70020SEH is rated at 100krad(Si) at HDR (50 – 300rad(Si)/s) and at 75krad(Si) at LDR (0.01rad(Si)/s). The ISL73020SEH is rated at 75krad(Si) at LDR (0.01rad(Si)/s). Both part types are acceptance tested on a lot-by-lot basis to these limits.

Related Literature

For a full list of related documents, visit our website:

- [ISL70020SEH](#), [ISL73020SEH](#) device pages
- MIL-STD-883 Test Method 1019

3. Part Description

The ISL7x020SEH is a 40V N-channel enhancement mode GaN power transistor. Applications for these devices include commercial aerospace, medical, and nuclear power generation. The exceptionally high electron mobility and low temperature coefficient of the GaN allows for very low $r_{DS(ON)}$ of 3.5m Ω , (typical), while its lateral device structure and majority carrier diode provide exceptionally low Q_G and zero Q_{RR} . This results in a device that can operate at a higher switching frequency with more efficiency while reducing the overall solution size.

The ISL7x020SEH operates across the -55°C to +125°C temperature range and is offered in a hermetically sealed Surface Mount Device (SMD) 4-pin package. Manufacturing in a MIL-PRF-38535 like flow results in best-in-class power transistors that are ideally suited for high reliability applications.

The pin numbers and descriptions for the ISL7x020SEH are shown in [Table 1](#).

Table 1. ISL7x020SEH Pin Number and Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1	S	Source connection for GaN FET.
2	SUB	Substrate connection for GaN FET which is internally shorted in to source. Tie this pin to source on PCB.
3	D	Drain connection for GaN FET.
4	G	Gate connection for GaN FET. Minimize trace inductance from driver to reduce over-stressing the gate.
NA	Lid	Internally tied to the source pin.

1. Test Description

1.1 Irradiation Facilities

HDR testing was performed at 167.5rad(Si)/s using a Gammacell 220 irradiator located in the Palm Bay, Florida Renesas facility. LDR testing was performed at 0.01rad(Si)/s using the Renesas Palm Bay Hopewell Designs N40 panoramic irradiator. Both irradiators use PbAl spectrum hardening filters to shield the test board and devices under test against low energy secondary gamma radiation. Biased irradiation and annealing were performed on all samples following irradiation, at 100°C for 168 hours in a small temperature chamber.

1.2 Test Fixturing

[Figure 1](#) shows the configurations used for biased irradiation at both dose rates.

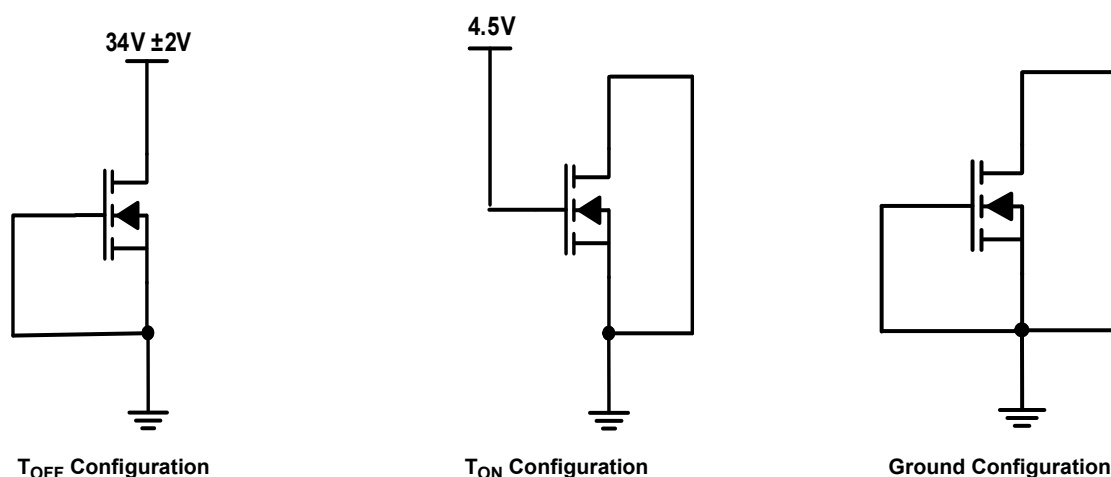


Figure 1. ISL7x020SEH TID Bias Schematics

1.3 Characterization Equipment and Procedures

All electrical testing was performed at room temperature outside the irradiator, using production Automated Test Equipment (ATE) with datalogging at each downpoint.

1.4 Experimental Matrix

Irradiation was performed in accordance with the guidelines of MIL-STD-883 Test Method 1019. The experimental matrix consisted of 24 samples irradiated at LDR under T_{OFF} bias, 24 samples irradiated at LDR under T_{ON} bias, 24 samples irradiated at LDR with all pins grounded, 24 samples irradiated at HDR under T_{OFF} bias, 24 samples irradiated at HDR under T_{ON} bias, and 24 samples irradiated at HDR with all pins grounded. At anneal, the parts irradiated with all leads grounded were split, with half of units biased in the T_{OFF} configuration and the other half biased in the T_{ON} configuration. Five control units were used.

The ISL7x020SEH samples were drawn equally from three wafer lots: RR9KB188, RR9KB349, and RRF1T164. All samples were packaged in the hermetic 42mm² 4-pin surface mount package (PKG code J4.A). Samples were processed through the standard burn-in cycle before irradiation.

1.5 Downpoints

Downpoints for the LDR tests were 0, 30, 50, 75, and 100krad(Si). Downpoints for the HDR tests were 0, 30, 50, 100 and 150krad(Si). All irradiations were followed by a 168 hour high temperature anneal at 100°C under bias, as described in [Experimental Matrix](#).

2. Test Results

2.1 Attributes Data

Total dose testing of the ISL7x020SEH is complete. [Table 2](#) summarizes the results.

Table 2. ISL7x020SEH Total Dose Test Attributes Data

Dose Rate (rad(Si)/s)	Bias	Sample Size	Downpoint	Pass (Note 1)	Fail
0.01	T _{OFF} (T_{OFF} Configuration)	20	Pre-irradiation	24	0
			30krad(Si)	24	0
			50krad(Si)	24	0
			75krad(Si)	24	0
			100krad(Si)	24	0
			Anneal	24	0
0.01	T _{ON} (T_{ON} Configuration)	20	Pre-irradiation	24	
			30krad(Si)	24	0
			50krad(Si)	24	0
			75krad(Si)	24	0
			100krad(Si)	24	0
			Anneal	24	0
0.01	GND (Ground Configuration)	20	Pre-irradiation	24	
			30krad(Si)	24	0
			50krad(Si)	24	0
			75krad(Si)	24	0
			100krad(Si)	24	0
			Anneal	24	0
167.5	T _{OFF} (T_{OFF} Configuration)	16	Pre-irradiation	24	
			30krad(Si)	24	0
			50krad(Si)	24	0
			100krad(Si)	24	0
			150krad(Si)	24	0
			Anneal	24	0
167.5	T _{ON} (T_{ON} Configuration)	16	Pre-irradiation	24	
			30krad(Si)	24	0
			50krad(Si)	24	0
			100krad(Si)	24	0
			150krad(Si)	24	0
			Anneal	24	0
167.5	GND (Ground Configuration)	16	Pre-irradiation	24	
			30krad(Si)	24	0
			50krad(Si)	24	0
			100krad(Si)	24	0
			150krad(Si)	24	0
			Anneal	24	0

Note:

1. Pass indicates a sample that passes all datasheet limits.

2.2 Key Parameter Listing

[Table 3](#) lists 12 key parameters that are considered indicative of part performance. These parameters are plotted in [Figure 2](#) through [Figure 12](#). All limits are taken from the [ISL7x020SEH](#) datasheet.

Table 3. ISL7x020SEH Key Total Dose Datasheet Parameters ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Figure	Parameter	Symbol	Limit (Low)	Limit (High)	Unit	Conditions
2	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	I_{DSS}	-	1.5	mA	$V_{DS} = 32\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
3	Drain-to-Gate Leakage Current	I_{GSX}	-	12.6	μA	$V_{DS} = 32\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
4	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	I_{GSSF}	-	500	μA	$V_{GS} = 5\text{V}$
5	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	I_{GSSR}	-	4.33	μA	$V_{GS} = -4\text{V}$
6	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	0.7	2.5	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 12\text{mA}$
7	Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	$r_{DS(ON)}$	-	6	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 5\text{V}, I_D = 35\text{A}$
8	Source-to-Drain Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	0.7	3.0	V	$I_S = 0.5\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
9	Gate-to-Drain Charge	Q_{GD}	-	13	nC	$V_{DS} = 20\text{V}, I_D = 35\text{A}$
10	Gate-to-Source Charge	Q_{GS}	-	10	nC	$V_{DS} = 20\text{V}, I_D = 35\text{A}$
11	Total Gate Charge	Q_G	-	25	nC	$V_{DS} = 20\text{V}, I_D = 35\text{A}, V_{GS} = 5\text{V}$
12	Output Capacitance	C_{OSS}	-	24.3	nF	$V_{DS} = 20\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$

2.3 Key Parameter Variables Data

The plots in [Figure 2](#) through [Figure 12](#) show the TID response of the key datasheet parameters outlined in [Key Parameter Listing](#). The plots show the average tested values of the key parameters shown in [Table 3](#) as a function of total dose for each of the three irradiation conditions, T_{OFF} , T_{ON} , and GND at HDR and LDR. For example, the legend LDR_TOFF indicates the average LDR response for parts biased in the TOFF configuration. PA_LDR on the graphs stands for Post-Anneal Low Dose and PA_HDR represents the Post-Anneal High Dose results. As described in ["Experimental Matrix" on page 2](#), the worst case value of the two anneal bias configurations of the samples that were irradiated with all terminals grounded is plotted. The plots also include error bars at each datapoint, representing the minimum and maximum measured values of the samples, although in some plots the error bars are not visible due to their values compared to the scale of the graph.

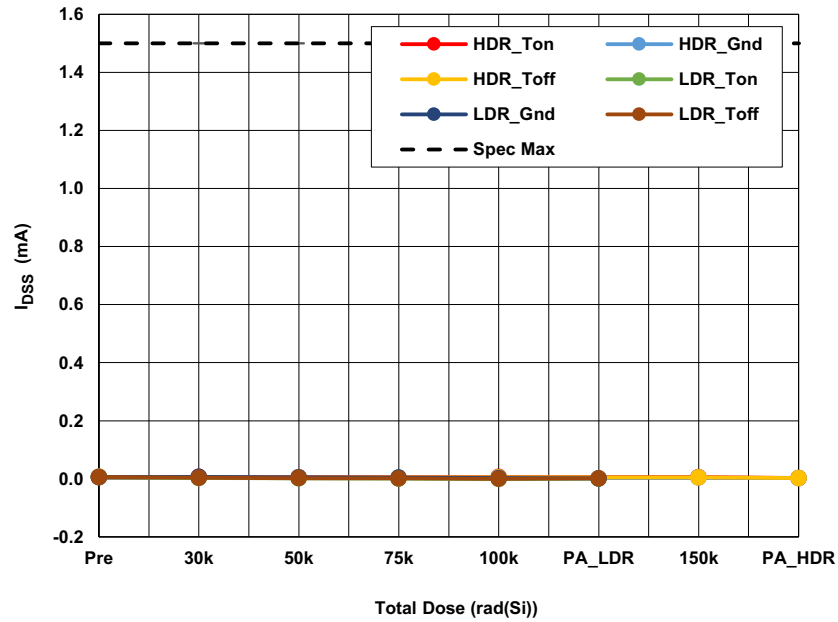


Figure 2. ISL7x020SEH drain-to-source leakage current, I_{DSS} , with $V_{DS} = 32V$ and $V_{GS} = 0V$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit, which is set by temperature, is 1.5mA maximum.

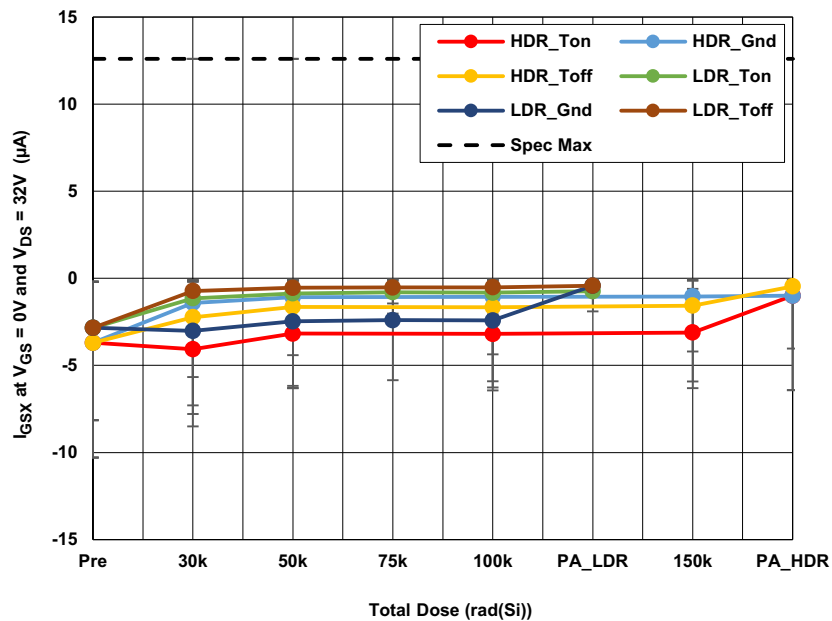


Figure 3. ISL7x020SEH drain-to-gate leakage current, I_{GSX} , with $V_{DS} = 32V$ and $V_{GS} = 0V$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit, which is set by temperature, is 12.6 μA maximum.

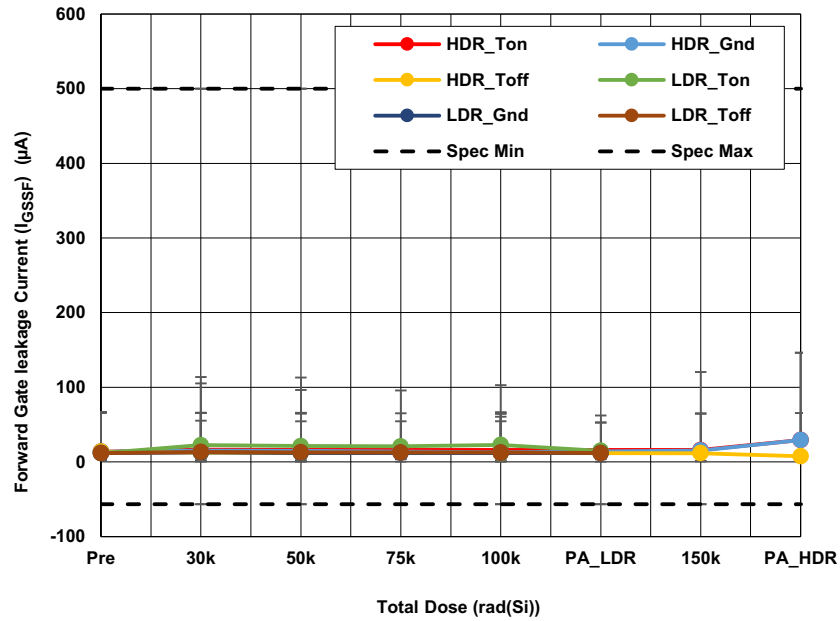


Figure 4. ISL7x020SEH gate-to-source forward leakage current, I_{GSSF} , with $V_{GS} = 5V$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit, which is set by temperature, is 500µA maximum.

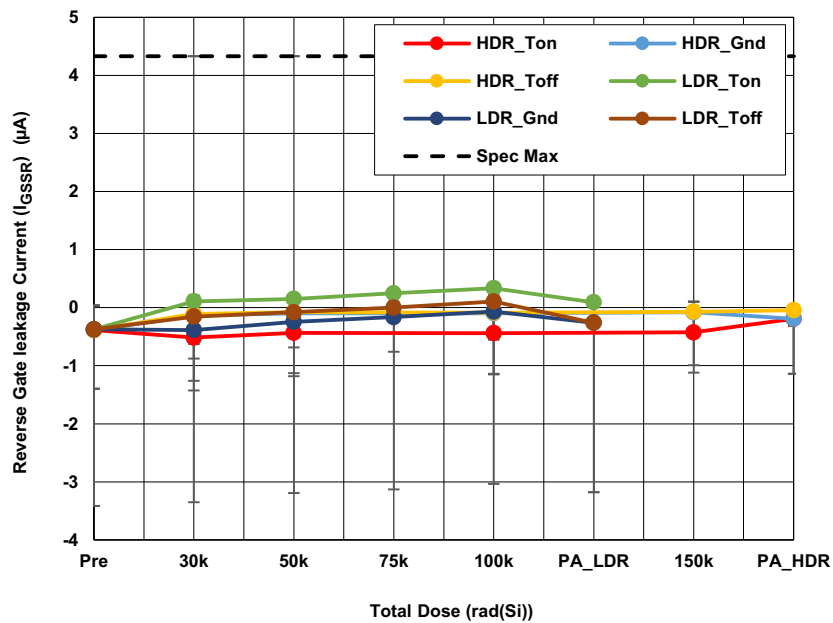


Figure 5. ISL7x020SEH gate-to-source reverse leakage current, I_{GSSR} , with $V_{GS} = -4V$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit, which is set by temperature, is 4.33µA minimum.

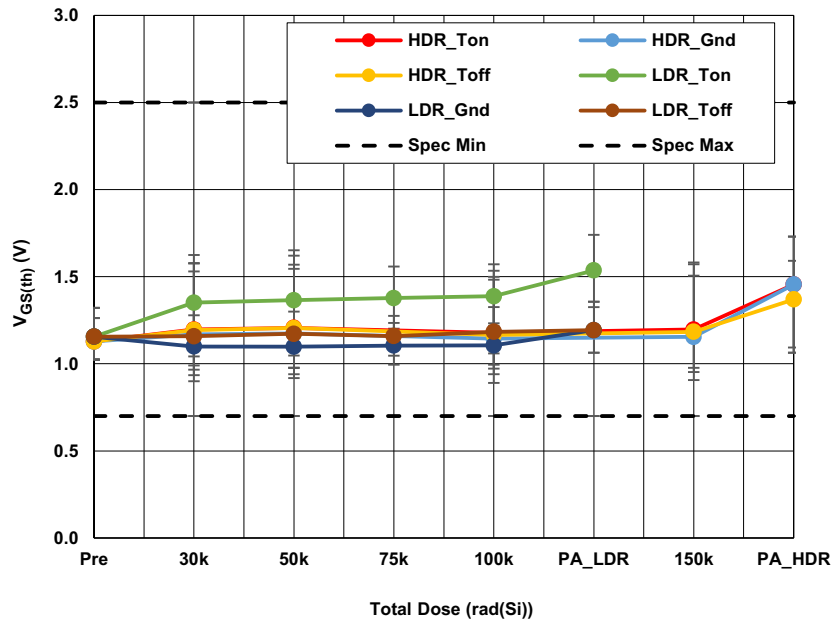


Figure 6. ISL7x020SEH gate threshold voltage, $V_{GS(th)}$, with $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 12mA$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limits are 0.7V minimum and 2.5V maximum.

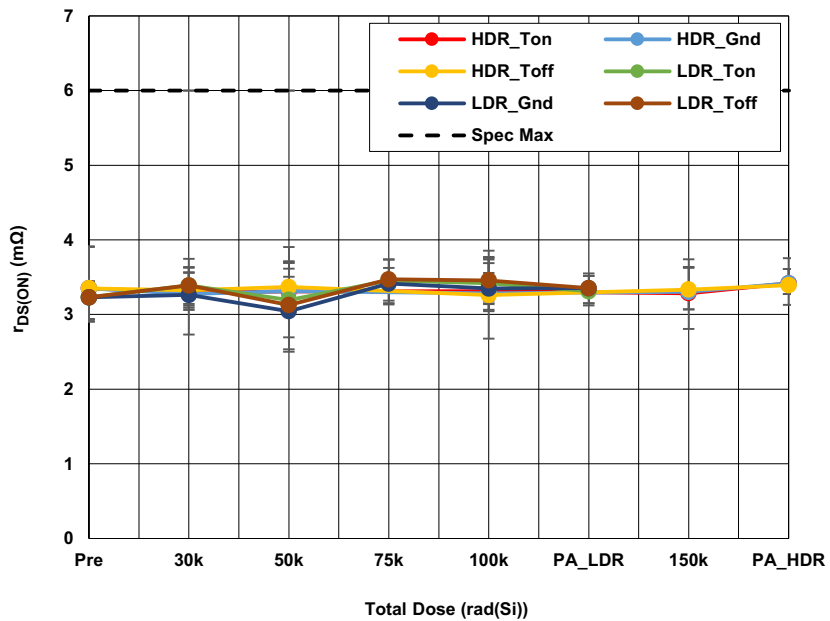


Figure 7. ISL7x020SEH drain-to-source on-resistance, $r_{DS(ON)}$, with $V_{GS} = 5V$, $I_D = 35A$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit is 6mΩ maximum.

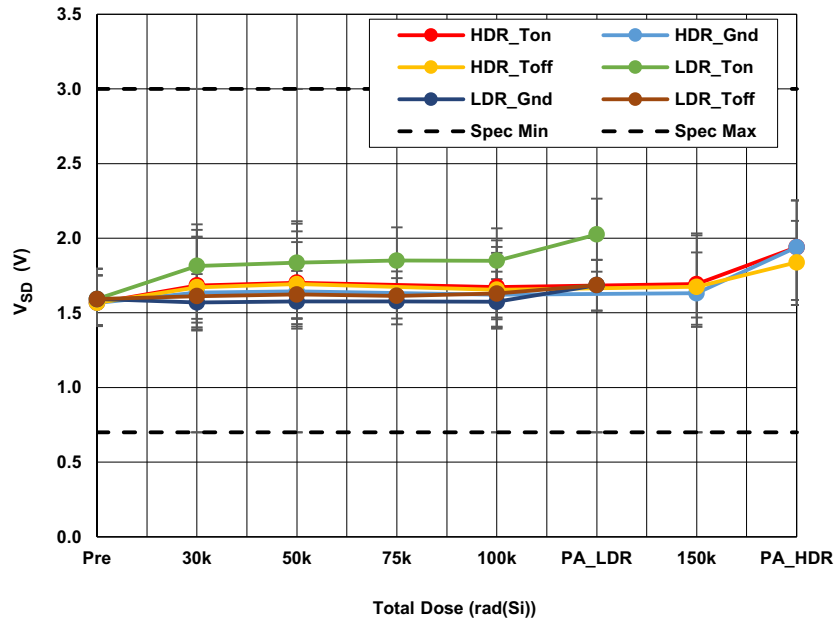


Figure 8. ISL7x020SEH source-to-drain forward voltage, V_{SD} , with $I_S = 0.5A$, $V_{GS} = 0V$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limits are 0.7V minimum and 3.0V maximum.

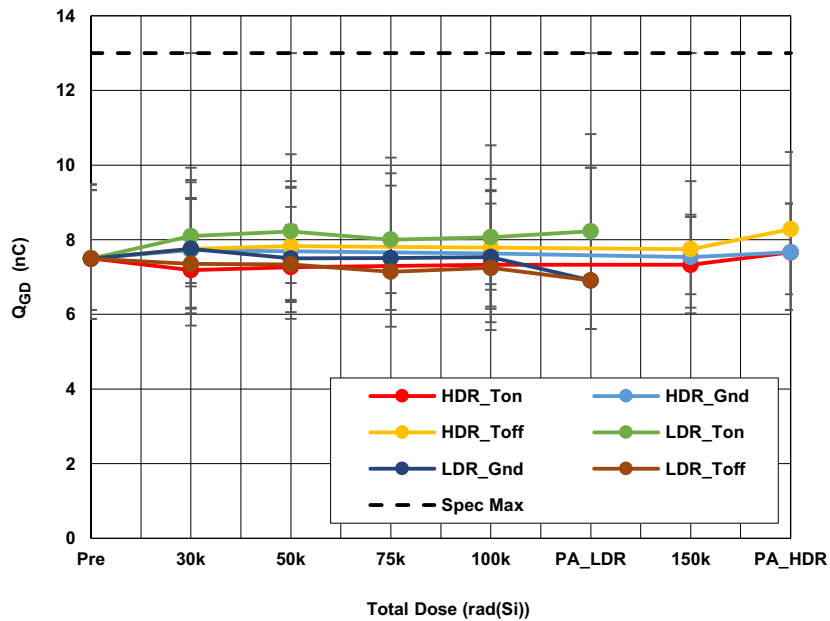


Figure 9. ISL7x020SEH gate-to-drain charge, Q_{GD} , with $V_{DS} = 20V$, $I_D = 35A$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit is 13nC maximum.

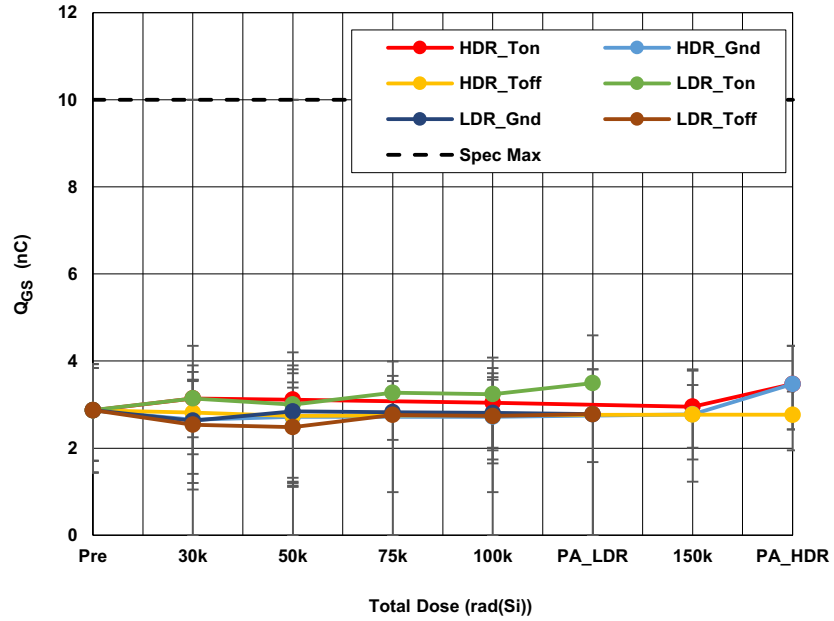


Figure 10. ISL7x020SEH gate-to-source charge, Q_{GS} , with $V_{DS} = 20V$, $I_D = 35A$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit is 10nC maximum.

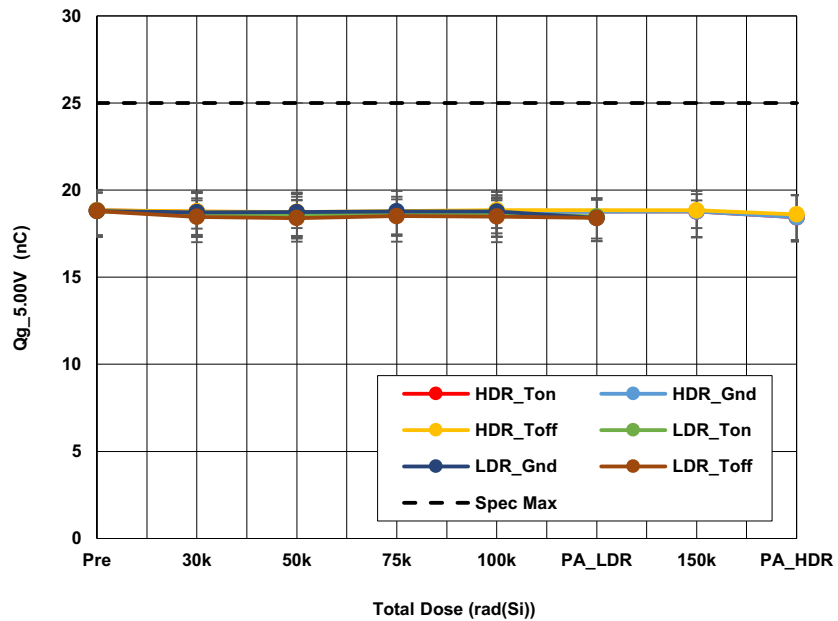


Figure 11. ISL7x020SEH total gate charge, Q_G , with $V_{DS} = 20V$, $I_D = 35A$, $V_{GS} = 5V$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit is 25nC maximum.

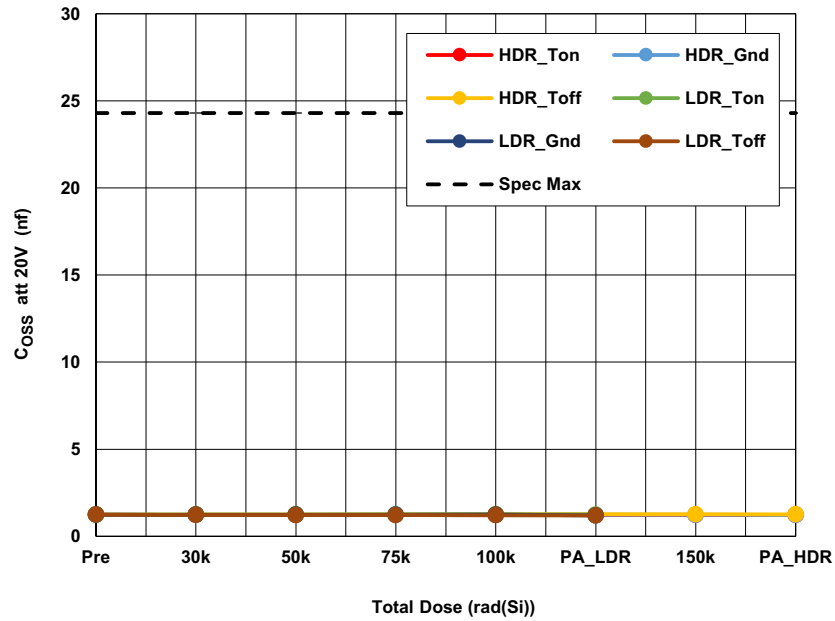


Figure 12. ISL7x020SEH output capacitance, C_{OSS} , with $V_{DS} = 20V$, $V_{GS} = 0V$, as a function of total dose irradiation at LDR and at HDR for all three bias cases. The datasheet limit is 24.3nF maximum.

3. Discussion and Conclusion

We reported the results of a LDR and HDR total dose test of the ISL7x020SEH 40V, 65A N-Channel enhancement mode GaN transistor. All irradiations were followed by a 168-hour anneal at 100°C under bias. [“Attributes Data” on page 3](#) summarizes the attributes data for the test. [“Key Parameter Listing” on page 4](#) summarizes the critical parameters for the part. Finally, [“Key Parameter Variables Data” on page 4](#) provides plots of the total dose and anneal response for the critical parameters.

All parameters remained well within the datasheet limits at all downpoints and only showed slight differences in total dose response between LDR and HDR irradiations and bias conditions. The only parameters that bear mentioning are the slightly different responses for the LDR_Ton samples for the $V_{GS(TH)}$ and V_{SD} measurements, as can be seen in [Figure 6](#) and [Figure 8](#), respectively, but they were only about 200mV different than the HDR_Ton response at 100krad(Si), and still well within specifications.

4. Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description
1.00	Oct.29.19	Initial release

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