## RENESAS

### Description

The 9DBV0831 is a member of Renesas' SOC-Friendly 1.8V Very-Low-Power (VLP) PCIe family. It can also be used for 50M or 125M Ethernet Applications via software frequency selection. The device has 8 output enables for clock management, and 3 selectable SMBus addresses.

### **Recommended Application**

1.8V PCIe Gen1–5 Zero Delay/Fanout Buffer (ZDB/FOB)

### **Output Features**

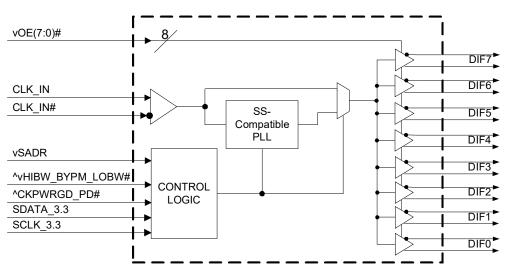
• Eight 1–200Hz Low-Power (LP) HCSL DIF pairs with Zo = 33ohms

### **Key Specifications**

- DIF cycle-to-cycle jitter < 50ps
- DIF output-to-output skew < 50ps
- PCIe Gen5 CC additive phase jitter < 40fs RMS
- 12kHz–20MHz additive phase jitter = 156fs RMS at 156.25M (typical)

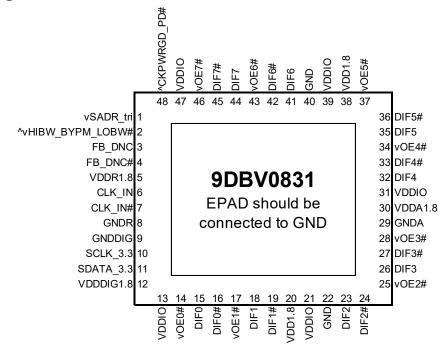
### Features/Benefits

- LP-HCSL outputs save 16 resistors; minimal board space and BOM cost
- 62mW typical power consumption in PLL mode; minimal power consumption
- Spread Spectrum (SS) compatible; allows use of SS for EMI reduction
- OE# pins; support DIF power management
- HCSL compatible differential input; can be driven by common clock sources
- Programmable Slew rate for each output; allows tuning for various line lengths
- Programmable output amplitude; allows tuning for various application environments
- Pin/software selectable PLL bandwidth and PLL Bypass; minimize phase jitter for each application
- Outputs blocked until PLL is locked; clean system start-up
- Software selectable 50MHz or 125MHz PLL operation; useful for Ethernet applications
- Configuration can be accomplished with strapping pins; SMBus interface not required for device control
- 3.3V tolerant SMBus interface works with legacy controllers
- Space saving 6 x 6mm 48-VFQFPN; minimal board space
- Selectable SMBus addresses; multiple devices can easily share an SMBus segment



### Block Diagram

### **Pin Configuration**



48-pin VFQFPN, 6x6 mm, 0.4mm pitch

- ^v prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull up AND pull down resistor (biased to VDD/2)
- v prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull down resistor
- ^ prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull up resistor

#### **SMBus Address Selection Table**

	SADR	Address	+ Read/Write bit
State of SADR on first application of CKPWRGD_PD#	0	1101011	х
	М	1101100	x
	1	1101101	х

#### **Power Management Table**

CKPWRGD PD#	CLK_IN	SMBus	OEx# Pin	DIF	PLL	
		OEx bit		True O/P	Comp. O/P	
0	Х	Х	Х	Low	Low	Off
1	Running	0	Х	Low	Low	On <sup>1</sup>
1	Running	1	0	Running	Running	On <sup>1</sup>
1	Running	1	1	Low	Low	On <sup>1</sup>

1. If Bypass mode is selected, the PLL will be off, and outputs will be running.

#### **Power Connections**

Pin Number			Description
VDD	VDDIO	GND	Description
			Input
5		8	receiver
			analog
12		9	<b>Digital Power</b>
20, 31, 38	13, 21, 31, 39, 47	22, 29, 40	DIF outputs
30		29	PLL Analog

#### **Frequency Select Table**

FSEL Byte3 [4:3]	CLK_IN (MHz)	DIFx (MHz)
00 (Default)	100.00	CLK_IN
01	50.00	CLK_IN
10	125.00	CLK_IN
11	Reserved	Reserved

#### PLL Operating Mode

		Byte1 [7:6]	Byte1 [4:3]
HiBW_BypM_LoBW#	MODE	Readback	Control
0	PLL Lo BW	00	00
М	Bypass	01	01
1	PLL Hi BW	11	11

### **Pin Descriptions**

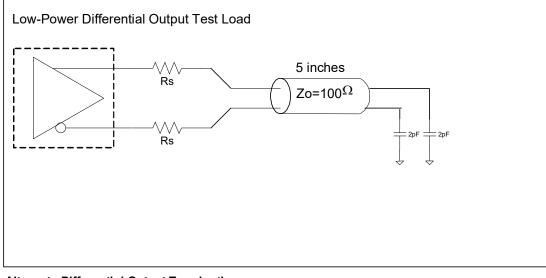
PIN #	PIN NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1		LATCHED	Tri lovel lateb to colort SMDup Address - See SMDup Address Selection Table
1	vSADR_tri	IN	Tri-level latch to select SMBus Address. See SMBus Address Selection Table.
		LATCHED	Trilevel input to select High BW, Bypass or Low BW mode.
2	^vHIBW_BYPM_LOBW#	IN	See PLL Operating Mode Table for Details.
0		DNC	True clock of differential feedback. The feedback output and feedback input are
3	FB_DNC	DNC	connected internally on this pin. Do not connect anything to this pin.
			Complement clock of differential feedback. The feedback output and feedback
4	FB_DNC#	DNC	input are connected internally on this pin. Do not connect anything to this pin.
			1.8V power for differential input clock (receiver). This VDD should be treated as
5	VDDR1.8	PWR	an Analog power rail and filtered appropriately.
6	CLK IN	IN	True Input for differential reference clock.
7	CLK IN#	IN	Complementary Input for differential reference clock.
8	GNDR	GND	Analog Ground pin for the differential input (receiver)
9	GNDDIG	GND	Ground pin for digital circuitry
	SCLK_3.3	IN	Clock pin of SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
	SDATA 3.3	I/O	Data pin for SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
12	VDDDIG1.8	PWR	1.8V digital power (dirty power)
13	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
			Active low input for enabling DIF pair 0. This pin has an internal pull-down.
14	vOE0#	IN	1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
15	DIF0	OUT	Differential true clock output
	DIF0#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
			Active low input for enabling DIF pair 1. This pin has an internal pull-down.
17	vOE1#	IN	1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
18	DIF1	OUT	Differential true clock output
	DIF1#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
20	VDD1.8	PWR	Power supply, nominal 1.8V
21	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
22	GND	GND	Ground pin.
	DIF2	OUT	Differential true clock output
24	DIF2#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
25	OF 0#		Active low input for enabling DIF pair 2. This pin has an internal pull-down.
25	vOE2#	IN	1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
26	DIF3	OUT	Differential true clock output
27	DIF3#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
20	vOE3#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 3. This pin has an internal pull-down.
28	VOE3#	IIN	1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
29	GNDA	GND	Ground pin for the PLL core.
30	VDDA1.8	PWR	1.8V power for the PLL core.
31	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
32	DIF4	OUT	Differential true clock output
33	DIF4#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
34	vOE4#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 4. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
35	DIF5	OUT	Differential true clock output
	DIF5#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
			Active low input for enabling DIF pair 5. This pin has an internal pull-down.
	vOE5#	IN	1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
38	VDD1.8	PWR	Power supply, nominal 1.8V

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### Pin Descriptions (cont.)

PIN #	PIN NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
39	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
40	GND	GND	Ground pin.
41	DIF6	OUT	Differential true clock output
42	DIF6#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
43	vOE6#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 6. This pin has an internal pull-down.
43	VOE0#		1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
44	DIF7	OUT	Differential true clock output
45	DIF7#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
46	vOE7#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 7. This pin has an internal pull-down.
40	VUE7#		1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
47	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
			Input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first high
48	^CKPWRGD_PD#	IN	assertion. Low enters Power Down Mode, subsequent high assertions exit
			Power Down Mode. This pin has internal pull-up resistor.
49	EPAD	GND	Connect to Ground

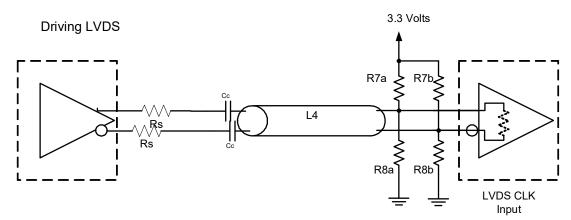
### **Test Loads**



Alternate Differential Outp	ut Terminations
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Rs	Zo	Units
33	100	Ohms
27	85	Onins

### Driving LVDS



#### Driving LVDS inputs with the 9DBV0831

	\ \		
	Receiver has Receiver does not		
Component	termination	have termination	Note
R7a, R7b	10K ohm	140 ohm	
R8a, R8b	5.6K ohm	75 ohm	
Cc	0.1 uF	0.1 uF	
Vcm	1.2 volts	1.2 volts	

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the 9DBV0831. These ratings, which are standard values for Renesas commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	VDDx		-0.5		2.5	V	1,2
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		-0.5		V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5	V	1,3
Input High Voltage, SMBus	VIHSMB	SMBus clock and data pins			3.6	V	1
Storage Temperature	Ts		-65		150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	Tj				125	°C	1
Input ESD protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model	2000			V	1

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

<sup>3</sup> Not to exceed 2.5V.

### **Electrical Characteristics–Clock Input Parameters**

TA = T<sub>AMB.</sub> Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Common Mode Voltage - DIF_IN	V <sub>COM</sub>	Common Mode Input Voltage	200		725	mV	1
Input Swing - DIF_IN	V <sub>SWING</sub>	Differential value	300		1450	mV	1
Input Slew Rate - DIF_IN	dv/dt	Measured differentially	0.4		8	V/ns	1,2
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}, V_{IN} = GND$	-5		5	uA	
Input Duty Cycle	d <sub>tin</sub>	Measurement from differential waveform	45	50	55	%	1
Input Jitter - Cycle to Cycle	J <sub>DIFIn</sub>	Differential Measurement	0		150	ps	1

<sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Slew rate measured through +/-75mV window centered around differential zero.

# Electrical Characteristics–Input/Supply/Common Parameters–Normal Operating Conditions

TA =  $T_{AMB}$ , Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	VDDx	Supply voltage for core and analog	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Output Supply Voltage	VDDIO	Supply voltage for Low Power HCSL Outputs	0.95	1.05	1.9	V	
Ambient Operating	T <sub>AMB</sub>	Commercial range	0	25	70	°C	
Temperature		Industrial range	-40	25	85	°C	
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	$0.75 V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$ + 0.3	V	
Input Mid Voltage	V <sub>IM</sub>	Single-ended tri-level inputs ('_tri' suffix)	$0.4 V_{DD}$		$0.6 V_{DD}$	V	
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	-0.3		$0.25 V_{DD}$	V	
	I <sub>IN</sub>	Single-ended inputs, $V_{IN}$ = GND, $V_{IN}$ = VDD	-5		5	uA	
Input Current	I <sub>INP</sub>	Single-ended inputs V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V; Inputs with internal pull-up resistors V <sub>IN</sub> = VDD; Inputs with internal pull-down resistors	-200		200	uA	
	F <sub>iby p</sub>	Bypass mode	1		200	MHz	2
Input Frequency	F <sub>ipll</sub>	100MHz PLL mode	60	100.00	140	MHz	2
input i requency	F <sub>ipll</sub>	125MHz PLL mode	75	125.00	175	MHz	2
	F <sub>ipll</sub>	50MHz PLL mode	30	50.00	65	MHz	2
Pin Inductance	L <sub>pin</sub>				7	nH	1
	C <sub>IN</sub>	Logic Inputs, except DIF_IN	1.5		5	pF	1
Capacitance	$C_{\text{INDIF}_{\text{IN}}}$	DIF_IN differential clock inputs	1.5		2.7	pF	1,5
	C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output pin capacitance			6	pF	1
Clk Stabilization	T <sub>STAB</sub>	From $V_{DD}$ Power-Up and after input clock stabilization or de-assertion of PD# to 1st clock			1	ms	1,2
Input SS Modulation Frequency PCle	f <sub>MODINPCIe</sub>	Allowable Frequency for PCle Applications (Triangular Modulation)	30		33	kHz	
Input SS Modulation Frequency non-PCle	f <sub>modin</sub>	Allowable Frequency for non-PCle Applications (Triangular Modulation)	0		66	kHz	
OE# Latency	t <sub>LATOE</sub> #	DIF start after OE# assertion DIF stop after OE# deassertion	1		3	clocks	1,3
Tdrive_PD#	t <sub>DRVPD</sub>	DIF output enable after PD# de-assertion			300	us	1,3
Tfall	t <sub>F</sub>	Fall time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	2
Trise	t <sub>R</sub>	Rise time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	2
SMBus Input Low Voltage	VILSMB	$V_{DDSMB}$ = 3.3V, see note 4 for $V_{DDSMB}$ < 3.3V			0.6	V	
SMBus Input High Voltage	VIHSMB	$V_{DDSMB}$ = 3.3V, see note 5 for $V_{DDSMB}$ < 3.3V	2.1		3.6	V	4
SMBus Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OLSMB</sub>	@ I <sub>PULLUP</sub>			0.4	V	
SMBus Sink Current	I <sub>PULLUP</sub>	@ V <sub>OL</sub>	4			mA	
Nominal Bus Voltage	V <sub>DDSMB</sub>	Bus Voltage	1.7		3.6	V	
SCLK/SDATA Rise Time	t <sub>RSMB</sub>	(Max VIL - 0.15) to (Min VIH + 0.15)			1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Fall Time	t <sub>FSMB</sub>	(Min VIH + 0.15) to (Max VIL - 0.15)			300	ns	1
SMBus Operating Frequency	f <sub>MAXSMB</sub>	Maximum SMBus operating frequency			400	kHz	6

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup>Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

 $^3$  Time from deassertion until outputs are >200mV.

<sup>4</sup> For  $V_{DDSMB}$  < 3.3V,  $V_{IHSMB}$  >= 0.8x $V_{DDSMB}$ .

<sup>5</sup> DIF\_IN input.

<sup>6</sup> The differential input clock must be running for the SMBus to be active.

### **Electrical Characteristics–Low Power HCSL Outputs**

TA = T<sub>COM</sub> or T<sub>IND</sub>; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

	0		0				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Slew rate	dV/dt	Scope averaging on, fast setting	1.7	2.7	4	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew fale	dV/dt	Scope averaging on, slow setting	1.2	2.1	3.3	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew rate matching	∆dV/dt	Slew rate matching, Scope averaging on		4.6	20	%	1,2,4
Voltage High	V <sub>HIGH</sub>	Statistical measurement on single-ended signal using oscilloscope math function. (Scope	660	774	850	mV	7
Voltage Low	V <sub>LOW</sub>			18	150	iii v	7
Max Voltage	Vmax	Measurement on single ended signal using		820	1150	mV	7
Min Voltage	Vmin	absolute value. (Scope averaging off)	-300	-25		IIIV	7
Vswing	Vswing	Scope averaging off	300	1528		mV	1,2
Crossing Voltage (abs)	Vcross_abs	Scope averaging off	250	413	550	mV	1,5
Crossing Voltage (var)	∆-Vcross	Scope averaging off		11	140	mV	1,6

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Measured from differential waveform

<sup>3</sup> Slew rate is measured through the Vswing voltage range centered around differential 0V. This results in a +/-150mV window around differential 0V.

<sup>4</sup> Matching applies to rising edge rate for Clock and falling edge rate for Clock#. It is measured using a +/-75mV window centered on the average cross point where Clock rising meets Clock# falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations.

<sup>5</sup> Vcross is defined as voltage where Clock = Clock# measured on a component test board and only applies to the differential rising edge (i.e. Clock rising and Clock# falling).

<sup>6</sup> The total variation of all Vcross measurements in any particular system. Note that this is a subset of Vcross\_min/max (Vcross absolute) allowed. The intent is to limit Vcross induced modulation by setting △-Vcross to be smaller than Vcross absolute.

<sup>7</sup> At default SMBus settings.

### **Electrical Characteristics–Current Consumption**

TA = T<sub>COM</sub> or T<sub>IND</sub>; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER SYMBOL		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
	I <sub>DDA</sub>	VDDA+VDDR, PLL Mode, @100MHz		11	15	mA	
Operating Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	VDD, All outputs active @100MHz		7	10	mA	
	I <sub>DDO</sub>	VDDO, All outputs active @100MHz		28	35	mA	
	I <sub>DDAPD</sub>	VDDA+VDDR, PLL Mode, @100MHz		0.6	1	mA	2
Powerdown Current	I <sub>DDPD</sub>	VDD, Outputs Low/Low		1	2	mA	2
	I <sub>DDOPD</sub>	VDDO, Outputs Low/Low		0	0.01	mA	2

<sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Input clock stopped.

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### Electrical Characteristics–Output Duty Cycle, Jitter, Skew and PLL Characteristics

TA = T<sub>COM</sub> or T<sub>IND</sub>; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
PLL Bandwidth	BW	-3dB point in High BW Mode	2	2.7	4	MHz	1,5
	DVV	-3dB point in Low BW Mode	1	1.4	2	MHz	1,5
PLL Jitter Peaking	t <sub>JPEAK</sub>	Peak Pass band Gain		1.1	2	dB	1
Duty Cycle	t <sub>DC</sub>	Measured differentially, PLL Mode	45	50.1	55	%	1
Duty Cycle Distortion	t <sub>DCD</sub>	Measured differentially, Bypass Mode @100MHz	-1	0.02	1	%	1,3
Skew, Input to Output	t <sub>pdBYP</sub>	Bypass Mode, V <sub>T</sub> = 50%	3000	3636	4400	ps	1
Skew, input to Output	t <sub>pdPLL</sub>	PLL Mode V <sub>T</sub> = 50%	0	81	200	ps	1,4
Skew, Output to Output	t <sub>sk3</sub>	V <sub>T</sub> = 50%		29	50	ps	1,4
Jitter, Cycle to cycle	+.	PLL mode		13.0	50	ps	1,2
Jiller, Cycle to Cycle	t <sub>jcyc-cyc</sub>	Additive Jitter in Bypass Mode		0.1	25	ps	1,2

<sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Measured from differential waveform

<sup>3</sup> Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the output and the input clock when the device is operated in bypass mode.

<sup>4</sup> All outputs at default slew rate

<sup>5</sup> The MIN/TYP/MAX values of each BW setting track each other, i.e., Low BW MAX will never occur with Hi BW MIN.

#### **Electrical Characteristics–Phase Jitter Parameters – 12kHz to 20MHz**

T<sub>AMB</sub> = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limit	Units	Notes
12k-20M <i>Additive</i> Phase Jitter, Fan-out Buffer Mode	tph12k-20MFOB	Fan-out Buffer Mode, SSC OFF, 156.25M Hz		156		n/a	fs (rms)	1, 2, 3

Notes:

1. Applies to all differential outputs, guaranteed by design and characterization. See Test Loads for measurement setup details.

2. 12kHz to 20M Hz brick wall filter.

3. For RMS values additive jitter is calculated by solving for b where  $[b = sqrt(c^2 - a^2)]$ , a is rms input jitter and c is rms total jitter.

### Electrical Characteristics–Additive PCIe Phase Jitter for Fanout Buffer Mode<sup>[7]</sup>

T<sub>AMB</sub> = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Limit	Units	Notes
	tjphPCleG1-CC	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		1.7	3.0	86	ps (p-p)	1, 2
	t	PCIe Gen 2 Hi Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.033	0.049	3	ps (RMS)	1, 2
Additive PCIe Phase Jitter, Fan-out Buffer Mode	₿jphPCleG2-CC	PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.122	0.199	3.1	ps (RMS)	1, 2
(Common Clocked Architecture)	tjphPCleG3-CC	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.059	0.098	1	ps (RMS)	1, 2
	tjphPCleG4-CC	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.059	0.098	0.5	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 3, 4
	tjphPCleG5-CC	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.023	0.038	0.15	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 3, 5
	tjphPCleG1-SRIS	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		0.175	0.038	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
Additive PCIe Phase Jitter,	tjphPCleG2-SRIS	PCIe Gen 2 (5.0 GT/s)		0.156	0.275	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
Fan-out Buffer Mode (SRIS Architecture)	tjphPCleG3-SRIS	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.041	0.247	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
	∮phPCleG4-SRIS	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.043	0.064	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
	tjphPCleG5-SRIS	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.036	0.066	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6

Notes:

1. The Refclk jitter is measured after applying the filter functions found in PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0. See the Test Loads section of the data sheet for the exact measurement setup. The total Ref Clk jitter limits for each data rate are listed for convenience. The worst case results for each data rate are summarized in this table. If oscilloscope data is used, equipment noise is removed from all results.

2. Jitter measurements shall be made with a capture of at least 100,000 clock cycles captured by a real-time oscilloscope (RTO) with a sample rate of 20 GS/s or greater. Broadband oscilloscope noise must be minimized in the measurement. The measured PP jitter is used (no extrapolation) for RTO measurements. Alternately - Jitter measurements may be used with a Phase Noise Analyzer (PNA) extending (flat) and integrating and folding the frequency content up to an offset from the carrier frequency of at least 200 MHz (at 300 MHz absolute frequency) below the Nyquist frequency. For PNA measurements for the 2.5 GT/s data rate, the RMS jitter is converted to peak to peak jitter using a multiplication factor of 8.83. In the case where real-time oscilloscope and PNA measurements have both been done and produce different results the RTO result must be used.

3. SSC spurs from the fundamental and harmonics are removed up to a cutoff frequency of 2 MHz taking care to minimize removal of any non-SSC content.

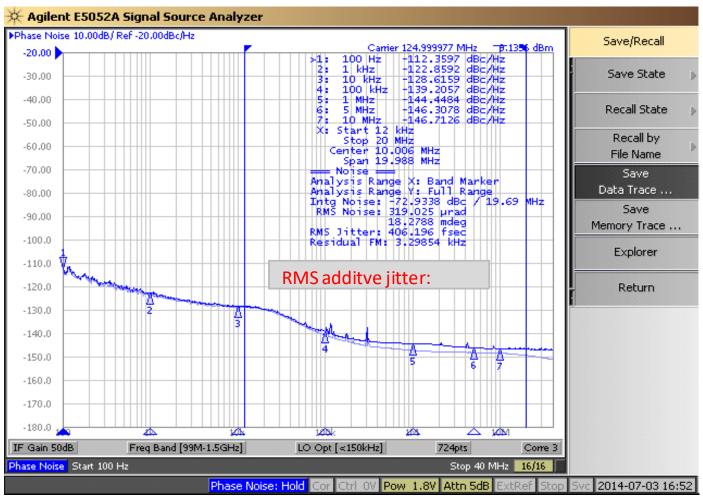
4. Note that 0.7 ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

5. Note that 0.25 ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

6. The PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0 provides the filters necessary to calculate SRIS jitter values, however, it does not provide specification limits, hence the n/a in the Limit column. SRIS values are informative only. In general, a clock operating in an SRIS system must be twice as good as a clock operating in a Common Clock system. For RMS values, twice as good is equivalent to dividing the CC value by  $\sqrt{2}$ . And additional consideration is the value for which to divide by  $\sqrt{2}$ . The conservative approach is to divide the ref clock jitter limit, and the case can be made for dividing the channel simulation values by  $\sqrt{2}$ , if the ref clock is close to the Tx clock input. An example for Gen4 is as follows. A "rule-of-thumb" SRIS limit would be either 0.5ps RMS/ $\sqrt{2}$  = 0.35ps RMS if the clock chip is far from the clock input.

7. Additive jitter for RMS values is calculated by solving for b where  $b = \sqrt{(c^2 - a^2)}$ , and a is rms input jitter and c is rms output jitter.

### Additive Phase Jitter Plot: 125M (12kHz to 20MHz)



### **General SMBus Serial Interface Information**

#### How to Write

- Controller (host) sends a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- Renesas clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the byte count = X
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte N through Byte N+X-1
- Renesas clock will acknowledge each byte one at a time
- Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

	Index Blo	ock V	Vrite Operation
Controlle	er (Host)		Renesas (Slave/Receiver)
Т	starT bit		
Slave A	ddress		
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beginning	Byte = N		
			ACK
Data Byte	Count = X		
			ACK
Beginnin	g Byte N		
			ACK
0		$\times$	
0		X Byte	0
0		Ð	0
			0
Byte N	Byte N + X - 1		
			ACK
Р	stoP bit		

Note: SMBus address is latched on SADR pin.

#### How to Read

- Controller (host) will send a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- Renesas clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- Renesas clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit
- Controller (host) sends the read address
- Renesas clock will acknowledge
- Renesas clock will send the data byte count = X
- Renesas clock sends Byte N+X-1
- Renesas clock sends Byte 0 through Byte X (if X<sub>(H)</sub> was written to Byte 8)
- · Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

	Index Block R	lead C	peration
Co	ntroller (Host)		Renesas
Т	starT bit	-	
SI	ave Address	-	
WR	WRite	-	
		-	ACK
Begi	Beginning Byte = N		
		-	ACK
RT	Repeat starT	-	
SI	ave Address		
RD	ReaD		
			ACK
		-	
		-	Data Byte Count=X
	ACK		
		-	Beginning Byte N
	ACK		
		e	0
	0	X Byte	0
	0	×	0
	0		
	1		Byte N + X - 1
Ν	Not acknowledge		
Р	stoP bit		

#### SMBus Table: Output Enable Register <sup>1</sup>

Byte 0	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	DIF OE7	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 6	DIF OE6	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 5	DIF OE5	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 4	DIF OE4	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 3	DIF OE3	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 2	DIF OE2	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 1	DIF OE1	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 0	DIF OE0	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1

1. A low on these bits will override the OE# pin and force the differential output Low/Low

#### SMBus Table: PLL Operating Mode and Output Amplitude Control Register

Byte 1	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	PLLMODERB1	PLL Mode Readback Bit 1	R	See PLL Operat	ing Mode Table	Latch
Bit 6	PLLMODERB0	PLL Mode Readback Bit 0	R			Latch
Bit 5	PLLMODE SWCNTRL	Enable SW control of PLL Mode	RW/	Values in B1[7:6]	Values in B1[4:3]	0
DIT 3			1.00	set PLL Mode	set PLL Mode	0
Bit 4	PLLMODE1	PLL Mode Control Bit 1	RW <sup>1</sup>	See PLL Operat	ing Mode Table	0
Bit 3	PLLMODE0	PLL Mode Control Bit 0	RW <sup>1</sup>			0
Bit 2		Reserved				1
Bit 1	AMPLITUDE 1	Controls Output Amplitude	RW	00 = 0.6V	01 = 0.7V	1
Bit 0	AMPLITUDE 0		RW	10= 0.8V	11 = 0.9V	0

1. B1[5] must be set to a 1 for these bits to have any effect on the part.

#### SMBus Table: DIF Slew Rate Control Register

Byte 2	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	SLEWRATESEL DIF7	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF7	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 6	SLEWRATESEL DIF6	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF6	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 5	SLEWRATESEL DIF5	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF5	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 4	SLEWRATESEL DIF4	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF4	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 3	SLEWRATESEL DIF3	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF3	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 2	SLEWRATESEL DIF2	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF2	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 1	SLEWRATESEL DIF1	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF1	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL DIF0	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF0	RW	Slow Setting	Fast Setting	1
					f	

#### SMBus Table: Frequency Select Control Register

Byte 3	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default		
Bit 7		Reserved				1		
Bit 6		Reserved						
Bit 5	FREQ_SEL_EN	Enable SW selection of frequency	RW	SW frequency change disabled	SW frequency change enabled	0		
Bit 4	FSEL1	Freq. Select Bit 1	RW <sup>1</sup>	See Frequency	0			
Bit 3	FSEL0	Freq. Select Bit 0	RW <sup>1</sup>	See Trequency	y Select Table	0		
Bit 2		Reserved				1		
Bit 1	Reserved							
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL FB	Adjust Slew Rate of FB	RW	2.0V/ns	3.0V/ns	1		
4 DO[5] m	wat he eat to a 1 far these hits	to have any affect on the part						

1. B3[5] must be set to a 1 for these bits to have any effect on the part.

#### Byte 4 is Reserved and reads back 'hFF

Byte 5	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	RID3		R			0
Bit 6	RID2	Revision ID	R	A rev = 0001		0
Bit 5	RID1	Revision ID	R			0
Bit 4	RID0		R		0	
Bit 3	VID3		R			0
Bit 2	VID2	VENDOR ID	R	0001	0001 = IDT	
Bit 1	VID1		R			0
Bit 0	VID0		R			1

#### SMBus Table: Revision and Vendor ID Register

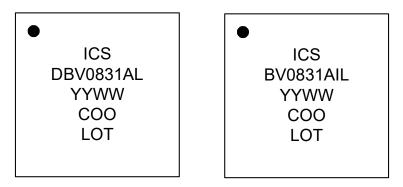
#### SMBus Table: Device Type/Device ID

Byte 6	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Device Type1	Device Type	R	00 = FGx,	0	
Bit 6	Device Type0	Device Type	R	10 = DMx, 1	1	
Bit 5	Device ID5		R			0
Bit 4	Device ID4		R			0
Bit 3	Device ID3	Device ID	R	001000 bina	1000 binary or 08 hex	
Bit 2	Device ID2	Device ID	R	001000 011a	0	
Bit 1	Device ID1		R			0
Bit 0	Device ID0		R			0

#### SMBus Table: Byte Count Register

Byte 7	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7		Reserved				0
Bit 6		Reserved				0
Bit 5		Reserved				0
Bit 4	BC4		RW			0
Bit 3	BC3		RW	Writing to this regist	er will configure how	1
Bit 2	BC2	Byte Count Programming	RW	many bytes will be r	ead back, default is	0
Bit 1	BC1		RW	= 8 b	ytes.	0
Bit 0	BC0		RW			0

#### **Marking Diagrams**



Notes:

- 1. "LOT" is the lot sequence number.
- 2. "COO" denotes country of origin.
- 3. YYWW is the last two digits of the year and week that the part was assembled.
- 4. Line 2: truncated part number
- 5. "L" denotes RoHS compliant package.
- 6. "I" denotes industrial temperature range device.

### **Thermal Characteristics**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	PKG	TYP VALUE	UNITS	NOTES
	θ <sub>JC</sub>	Junction to Case		33	°C/W	1
	$\theta_{Jb}$	Junction to Base		2.1	°C/W	1
Thermal Resistance	θ <sub>JA0</sub>	Junction to Air, still air	NDG48	37	°C/W	1
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{JA1}$	Junction to Air, 1 m/s air flow	NDG40	30	°C/W	1
	$\theta_{JA3}$	Junction to Air, 3 m/s air flow		27	°C/W	1
	$\theta_{JA5}$	Junction to Air, 5 m/s air flow		26	°C/W	1

<sup>1</sup>ePad soldered to board

### Package Outline Drawings

The package outline drawings are located at the end of this document and are accessible from the Renesas website. The package information is the most current data available and is subject to change without revision of this document.

48-VFQFPN (NDG48P1)

### **Ordering Information**

Part / Order Number	Shipping Packaging	Package	Temperature
9DBV0831AKLF	Trays	48-VFQFPN	0 to +70° C
9DBV0831AKLFT	Tape and Reel	48-VFQFPN	0 to +70° C
9DBV0831AKILF	Trays	48-VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBV0831AKILFT	Tape and Reel	48-VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C

"LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

"A" is the device revision designator (will not correlate with the datasheet revision).

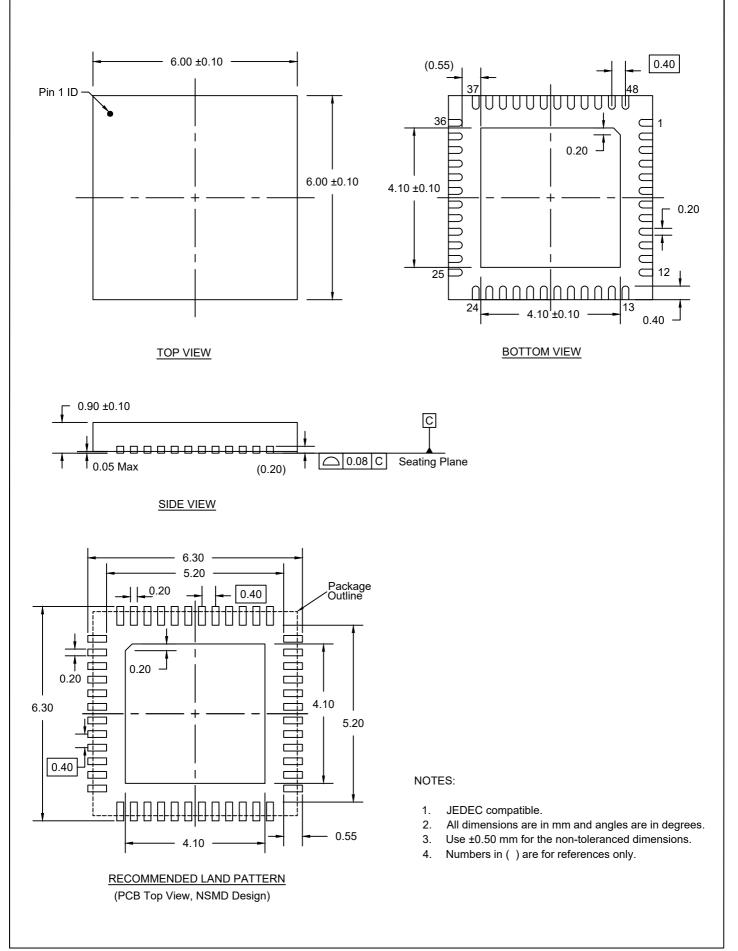
### **Revision History**

Revision Date	Description
March 22, 2012	<ol> <li>Updated electrical tables with typical data from characterization.</li> <li>Updated ordering information to indicate B rev device.</li> <li>Data sheet title change to indicate PCle Gen1/2/3.</li> <li>Move to preliminary.</li> </ol>
July 6, 2012	<ol> <li>Extensive changes to page 1 text: Description, Recommended Application, Output Features, Features/Benefits, DS Title.</li> <li>Indicated default value in Frequency Select Table.</li> <li>Pins 3,4 changed from FB,FB# to FB_DNC,FB_DNC# to indicate that these pins are Do Not Connect (DNC).</li> </ol>
July 10, 2012	1. Removed 156.25M from input frequency specification.
August 13, 2012	<ol> <li>Removed "Differential" from DS title and Recommended Application, corrected typo's in Description.</li> <li>Removed references to 60KOhm pulldown under pinout.</li> <li>Updated "Phase Jitter Parameters" table by adding "Industry Limit" column and updated all Electrical Tables with characterization data.</li> <li>Updated Byte3[0] to be consistent with Byte 2. Updated Byte6[7:6] definition.</li> <li>Updated Mark spec with correct part revision (A) and added thermal data to page 13.</li> <li>Added NDG48 to "Package Outline and Package Dimensions" on page 14 and updated Ordering information to correct part revision (A rev).</li> <li>Move to final.</li> </ol>
February 25, 2013	<ol> <li>Changed VIH min. from 0.65*VDD to 0.75*VDD</li> <li>Changed VIL max. from 0.35*VDD to 0.25*VDD</li> <li>Added missing mid-level input voltage spec (VIM) of 0.4*VDD to 0.6*VDD.</li> </ol>
August 12, 2014	Changed package designator from "MLF" to "VFQFPN"
March 2, 2015	<ol> <li>Minor formatting updates to electrical tables.</li> <li>Added callout for EPAD.</li> <li>Updated block diagram to latest format.</li> <li>Updated front page text to latest format.</li> <li>Added additive phase jitter plot.</li> <li>Corrected Byte 2 and Byte 5 in SMBus.</li> </ol>
April 28, 2016	<ol> <li>Updated max frequency of 100MHz PLL mode to 140MHz</li> <li>Updated max frequency of 125MHz PLL mode to 175MHz</li> <li>Updated max frequency of 50MHz PLL mode to 65MHz</li> </ol>
July 26, 2021 February 6, 2023	<ol> <li>Added new Electrical Characteristics–Phase Jitter Parameters tables.</li> <li>Updated datasheet title.</li> <li>Updated Recommended Applications.</li> <li>Updated Key Specifications.</li> <li>Updated Package Outline Drawings section.</li> <li>Updated POD link</li> </ol>

# RENESAS

#### Package Outline Drawing

Package Code: NDG48P1 48-VFQFPN 6.0 x 6.0 x 0.9 mm Body, 0.4 mm Pitch PSC-4212-01, Revision: 02, Date Created: Nov 18, 2022



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