## PTX Tunneling Library v1.4.1 for Eclipse Maxim IDE

The PTX Tunneling library can be used to evaluate and optimize the performance (antenna matching, system/RF configuration, etc.) of any custom-made device using a PTX100x device via SPI serial interface.

Embedding this library into the device firmware enables the translation of communication from **UART to SPI**, so that the full functionality of the **PTX100x** \* **Config Tool** can be used in a custom environment. This document provides also instructions on how to create a sample application using an <u>MAX32558-KIT</u> development board.

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# 1. Requirements

The footprint of the library is ~13kB Flash and 10kB RAM. Moreover, a hardware abstraction layer must be implemented by the user for the particular uC/Board, which executes the low-level commands requested by the library. From the resource point of view, only the SysTick timer, UART, SPI, and the IRQ pin will be used.

The library can be seamlessly integrated into a CMAKE project as well, but the MAX325xx is used in this document (for more information, see <u>MAX325xx SDK 3.6.2 - Eclipse Maxim Integrated</u>).

# 2. Sample Firmware

The sample application is used for creating and serving the tunnel between the host PC UART interface and the PTX100x chip connected by SPI. The library can be used either as a precompiled static library or as a source-library – most steps are the same for both cases.

### 2.1 Creating the Project

After selecting the **File menu > New > Project**, a wizard window will open to guide the user through the project creation process. Choosing the **C Project** from the list of templates and clicking the **Next** button will prepare the proper build environment.

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For convenience, the project will be called "Demo" and selecting the **MAX32558 C Project** tells the compiler which MCU will be the target platform.

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Next, the chip variant must be selected, which in this case is **MAX32558 rev B1**. This step will also configure the correct settings for the selected processor.

Note: The project will also work on other microcontrollers if the pre-built library architecture is compatible.

As a template content, Empty skeleton should be selected, which has no other content added to the project.

🖨 C Project			$\times$
Target processor se	ttings		Ď
	essor ranning and define hash and reaver sizes.		
Chip family:	MAX32558 rev B1		~
Content:	Empty Skeleton		~
Check some warnings	$\checkmark$		
Check most warnings			
Enable -Werror			
Use -Og on debug	$\checkmark$		
Use link optimizations			
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In the next step, the IDE offers to set up the folder structure. Because the library will be imported, it makes sense to prepare the folder names as they appear in the archive.

🖨 C Project				$\times$	
Folders _settings					
Define the project fo	lders and other options.				
Include folder:	inc				
Library folder:	lib				
Source folder:	src				
System folder:	system				
CMSIS library folder:	cmsis				
C library folder:	newlib				
Linker scripts folder:	Idscripts				
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After pressing the **Next** button a few times and accepting the default target and compiler selection, the initial project gets created

### 2.2 Importing the Library

There is no difference whether the source or the precompiled package is being used: the library archive must be imported to the project using **File > Import > Archive File**.

To keep the folder structure clean, the library will be imported to the PtxTunneling subfolder by appending it to the default location shown in following figure.

Import								
Archive file								
Import the contents of an archive file in z	up or tar format from the loc	ai tile	system.					
From <u>a</u> rchive file: C:\Work\ptxTunnelingLi	ib-v1.0.0.src.tar.gz	~	B <u>r</u> owse					
<ul> <li>✓ ☑ ▷ /</li> <li>&gt; ☑ ▷ .</li> <li>&gt; ☑ ▷ cmake</li> <li>&gt; ☑ ▷ contrib</li> <li>&gt; ☑ ▷ inc</li> </ul> Filter Types Select All	Clang-format     CMakeLists.txt     DISCLAIMER     O index.html     README md      Deselect All		~					
Into folder: Demo/PtxTunneling			Bro <u>w</u> se					
Qverwrite existing resources without wa	arning							
? < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> e	ext > <u>Einish</u>		Cancel					

### 2.2.1. Including Tunneling Source Code

Should the library be used as source code, the subfolder PtxTunneling and PtxTunneling/src folders need to be included in the build. This can be done by opening the context menu with right mouse click on the folder name in the **Project Explorer** and selecting **Resource Configurations > Exclude from Build**. In the dialog window, for each (default) target the check can be removed, thus selecting the folder content for build.

Exclude from	n build –	
Exclude object(s	s) from build in the follo	wing configurations
SLA SCP Apple	ŀt	
	<u>S</u> elect All	Deselect All
0	ОК	Cancel

### 2.2.2. Adding the Include Path

In order that the compiler can find the header (.h) files containing the API functions, the library folder inc needs to be added to the list of user-defined include directories. This can be done by navigating to **Project > Properties > C/C++ Build > Settings > Tool Settings > Cross ARM GNU C Compiler > Includes**. Click on the **Add** button on the right side of the small toolbar and use the **Workspace** button in the popup window to locate the folder.

Properties for Dem	no – 🗆 X			
type filter text	Settings	,		
Properties for Demo       Ypep filter taxt     Settings       > Resources Builders     Configuration:       > CC+++ Build       Build Variables Environmet       Logging       Settings:       Tool Settings © ToolShains © Devices /* Build Steps © Build Artifact © Binary Parsers © Error Parsers       © Tool Settings © ToolChains © Devices /* Build Steps © Build Artifact © Binary Parsers © Error Parsers       © Tool Settings © Tool Settings © ToolChains © Devices /* Build Steps © Build Artifact © Binary Parsers © Error Parsers       © Tool Settings © Tool Chain Giltr       > Col + General       Project References       Run/Debug Settin       > Tool Settings       > General       * © Cross ARM GNU Assembler       © Prepricessor       © Includes       @ Warnings       * & Cross ARM GNU Compiler       © Prepricessor       © Holder Selection       © Folder selection       * © Coss ARM GNU Compiler       © Prepricessor       © Folder selection       * © Settings       > © worde       © Includes       © Settings       > © settings       > © worde       © Folder selection       * © Settings       > © worde       © includes       * @ Demo       * @ Settings       > @				
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	Wrainings			
< >	Cancel			
0	Apply and Close Cancel			

### 2.2.3. Adding the Library File

This step is required only if you are working with the precompiled binary package. Since there is no source code to be compiled, the linker must be able to find the functions in the library. In the same dialog window, changing to **Cross ARM GNU C++ Linker > Libraries** section, the PtxTunneling/lib folder can be added to the list of folders (lower pane) where the compiler is looking for external libraries. Additionally, the exact library needs also to be specified (upper pane) by its name PtxTunneling. From this the compiler will automatically find the static library file libPtxTunneling.a.

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type filter text	Settings
Resource Builders	Configuration: [All configurations]
Build Variables Environment	<ul> <li>Tool Settings</li> <li>Toolchains</li> <li>■ Devices</li> <li>&gt; Build Steps</li> <li>P Build Artifact</li> <li>⇒ Binary Parsers</li> <li>&gt; Error Parsers</li> </ul>
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Project References Run/Debug Settin > Task Repository	
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?	Apply and Close Cancel

### 2.3 Implementing the HAL

If the library functions cannot access the underlying hardware or software resources, they require access to the Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL), which then performs the requested action. Since this layer depends on the specific hardware configuration, it must be implemented for the exact setup.

The PtxTunneling library includes the header file <u>ptx\_tunneling\_hal.h</u>, which contains all the functions that must be provided by the host platform.

For the current case, there should be the file  $ptx\_tunneling\_hal.c$  created in the source code folder Core/Src with the following content.

### PTX Tunneling Library v1.4.1 for Eclipse Maxim IDE QuickStart Manual

/*	
SPDX-License-Identifier: BSD-3-Clause	
Copyright (c) 2024, Renesas Electronics Corporation and/or its affiliates	
Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:	
<ol> <li>Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.</li> </ol>	
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other	
materials provided with the distribution.	
<ol> <li>Neither the name of Renesas nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.</li> </ol>	
THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY Renesas "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, NONINFRINGEMENT, AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL RENESAS OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.	
Project : PtxTunneling Module : HAL	
File : ptx_tunneling_hal.c	
Description : Implementation of HAL for tunneling */	
<pre>#include <max325xx.h> #include <assert.h> #include <cmsis_gcc.h> #include <cmsis_nvic.h> #include <mml_gpio.h> #include <mml_spi.h> #include <mml_tmr.h> #include <mml_uart.h> #include <stdbool.h> #include <stdio.h> #include <string.h> #include <string.h></string.h></string.h></stdio.h></stdbool.h></mml_uart.h></mml_tmr.h></mml_spi.h></mml_gpio.h></cmsis_nvic.h></cmsis_gcc.h></assert.h></max325xx.h></pre>	
/* * Pin assignment for MAX 32588 EV KIT	
* * SPI MISO 0 P0.16	

```
#define TMPBUFLEN 300
struct ptxHal
static volatile uint32 t g timeFromStart = 0;
static uint8_t g_tmpBuf[TMPBUFLEN];
static void isrSysTick(); // System timer interrupt service routine
static int init_spi_master(void);
static volatile uint16 t readPos = 0;
static volatile uint16 t writePos = 0;
static uint8 t rx[COMMS MAX MESSAGE LENGTH]; // for prefiltering received commands
void uartCallback()
   mml_uart_interrupt_clear(PTX100_UART_DEV, UINT32_MAX);
   while (PTX100_UART->STAT & UARTn_STAT_RXELT_Msk)
        volatile uint8_t tmp;
        tmp = PTX100 UART->DATA;
        if (rxi == 0 && tmp != CMD_CODE_TUNNELING_MSG)
```

```
if (rxi >= COMMS HEADER SIZE)
        uint16_t packLen = COMMS_HEADER_SIZE +
                           (rx[OFFSET CMD LENGTH BYTE] == 0 ? 256 :
rx[OFFSET CMD LENGTH BYTE]);
        if (rxi >= packLen)
            memcpy(uartRxBuf + writePos, rx, rxi);
            writePos += rxi;
bool ptxTunneling GPIO IsIrqPinAsserted(ptxHal t *context)
   UNUSED (context);
   unsigned int data;
   mml gpio read bit pattern(GPIO DEV(PTX IRQ), GPIO NUM(PTX IRQ), 1, &data);
int ptxTunneling UART rxLength(ptxHal t *context)
   UNUSED (context);
   ___disable_irq();
    __enable_irq();
int ptxTunneling_UART_read(ptxHal_t *context, uint8_t *buf, unsigned int len)
   UNUSED (context);
     disable irq();
    int readCount = writePos - readPos;
   if (readCount > len)
        readCount = len;
   memcpy(buf, uartRxBuf + readPos, readCount);
   readPos += readCount;
   if (readPos == writePos)
       readPos = 0;
       writePos = 0;
     _enable_irq();
int ptxTunneling UART_write(ptxHal_t *context, const uint8_t *buf, unsigned int len)
   UNUSED (context);
```

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```
while (len--)
        res = mml uart write char(PTX100 UART DEV, *buf++);
    3
void ptxTunneling Timer stopwatchStart(ptxHal t *context, ptxTimeDiff t *startVal)
   UNUSED (context);
   *startVal = g timeFromStart * 1000;
void ptxTunneling Timer stopwatchStop(ptxHal t *context, ptxTimeDiff t *startStopVal)
   UNUSED(context);
   *startStopVal = g timeFromStart * 1000 - *startStopVal;
void ptxTunneling Timer ThreadSleep(ptxHal t *context, uint32 t msSleep)
   UNUSED (context);
   const uint32 t t0 = g timeFromStart;
   while (g timeFromStart - t0 < msSleep)</pre>
int ptxTunneling_SPI_trx(ptxHal_t *context, uint8_t *const txBuf[], const size_t
txLen[],
   size t numBuffers, uint8 t *rxBuf, size t *rxLen)
   UNUSED (context);
   int st = COMMON ERR UNKNOWN;
   mml_gpio_write_bit_pattern(GPIO_DEV(PTX_CS), GPIO_NUM(PTX_CS), 1, 0);
   if ((NULL != txBuf) && (NULL != txLen))
        index = 0;
        while (index < numBuffers)</pre>
            assert((txBuf[index] != NULL) && (txLen[index] > 0));
            const size_t len = txLen[index];
            assert(len <= TMPBUFLEN);</pre>
            memcpy(g_tmpBuf, txBuf[index], len);
            st = mml_spi_transmit(PTX100_SPI_DEV, g_tmpBuf, len);
            assert(!st);
            if (rxBuf)
```

```
memcpy(rxBuf, g tmpBuf, len);
            index++;
   else if ((NULL != rxBuf) && (NULL != rxLen) && (*rxLen > 0))
       st = mml_spi_transmit(PTX100_SPI_DEV, rxBuf, *rxLen);
       assert(!st);
   mml gpio write bit pattern(GPIO DEV(PTX CS), GPIO NUM(PTX CS), 1, 1);
void ptxTunneling_NVIC_disableInterrupts()
     disable irq();
void ptxTunneling NVIC enableInterrupts()
    enable irq();
void initPeripherals()
   mml_gpio_pre_init();
   mml_tmr_pre_init();
     NVIC SetVector(SysTick IRQn, (uint32 t)&isrSysTick);
   SysTick Config(60000);
   init_spi_master();
   mml_gpio_config_t gpioConfIrq = {.gpio_direction = MML_GPIO_DIR_IN,
        .gpio function = MML GPIO NORMAL FUNCTION,
        .gpio intr mode = MML GPIO INT MODE LEVEL TRIGGERED,
        .gpio_intr_polarity = MML GPIO INT POL HIGH,
        .gpio_pad_config = MML_GPIO_PAD_PULLDOWN};
   mml_gpio_init(GPIO_DEV(PTX_IRQ), GPIO_NUM(PTX_IRQ), 1, gpioConfIrq);
   mml_gpio_config_t gpioConfCs = {.gpio_direction = MML_GPIO_DIR_OUT,
        .gpio function = MML GPIO NORMAL FUNCTION,
        .gpio_pad_config = MML_GPIO_PAD_NORMAL};
   mml_gpio_init(GPIO_DEV(PTX_CS), GPIO_NUM(PTX_CS), 1, gpioConfCs);
   mml_gpio_write_bit_pattern(GPIO_DEV(PTX_CS), GPIO_NUM(PTX_CS), 1, 1);
    rxi = 0;
   mml_uart_config_t uartConfig = {.baudrate = 115200,
```

```
.data bits = UARTn CTRL SIZE bits8,
       .parity = MML UART PARITY NONE,
       .stop_bits = UARTn_CTRL_STOP_stop1,
       .parity mode = MML UART PARITY MODE ONES};
   mml uart pre init();
   st = mml_uart_init(PTX100 UART DEV, uartConfig);
   assert(!st);
   mml uart interrupt set (PTX100 UART DEV, UARTn INT EN FFRXIE Msk);
   ptxTunneling NVIC enableInterrupts(NULL);
static int init spi master(void)
   int result = NO ERROR;
   mml spi params t spiparams;
   spiparams.baudrate = EX SPI BAUD RATE;
   spiparams.ssel = 0;
   spiparams.word size = SPIn MOD NUMBITS bits8;
   spiparams.mode = SPIn CNTL MMEN master;
   spiparams.wor = SPIn CNTL WOR disable;
   spiparams.clk pol = SPIn CNTL CLKPOL idleLo;
   spiparams.phase = SPIn CNTL PHASE activeEdge;
   spiparams.brg_irq = SPIn_CNTL_BIRQ_disable;
   spiparams.ssv = SPIn_MOD_SSV hi;
   spiparams.ssio = SPIn MOD SSIO output;
   spiparams.tlj = SPIn_MOD_TX_LJ_disable;
   spiparams.dma_rx.active = SPIn_DMA_REG_DMA_EN_disable;
   spiparams.dma_tx.active = SPIn_DMA_REG_DMA_EN_disable;
   result = mml_spi_reset_interface();
   result = mml spi init(PTX100 SPI DEV, & spiparams);
   if (result)
   M MML SPI ENABLE(PTX100 SPI DEV);
   return result;
static void isrSysTick()
   g timeFromStart++;
```

*Note*: This implementation is specific to the *MAX32558-KIT* board. It is not guaranteed to work on any other hardware.

### 2.4 Calling the Library Functions

After the initialization by ptxTunneling\_init(), the main loop will provide the tunneling functionality by calling the library's superloop function, the ptxTunneling\_poll(). This function performs the data processing and translation, and also the SPI communication. The **main()** function can be found in src/main.c file. Update this file with the following code:



### 2.5 Building the Firmware

After the source files have been created, the project can be built with the **Project > Build Project**. When the build process has finished successfully, a table similar to the following will show with the footprint sizes.

```
arm-none-eabi-size --format=berkeley "demo.elf"
text data bss dec hex filename
14357 168 16656 31181 79cd demo.elf
```

# 3. Preparing the Hardware

Configure the PTX evaluation board's serial interface to SPI by setting both interface configuration switches (SIF1 and SIF2) to 0 and remove the jumper labeled **pmod 3v3** (located next to PMOD connector) to prevent supply conflicts between the two boards, since each will be powered separately.

Connect the PTX evaluation board to the MAX32558-KIT board with jumper cables. Using the vertical pin header on the PTX evaluation board is convenient because it shows the pin names on the silkscreen, therefore they are easy to identify. On the Maxim board, the pin header **JH4** with the **GPIO PORT 0** label will be used with the following interconnection.

Signal Name on PTX Evaluation Board	Maxim Board JH4 Pin Name
MISO	16
MOSI	17
SCK	18
SSN	19
IRQ	21
GND	GND

In addition, the CTS pin of the JH3 connector must be pulled to GND. The boards can now be powered up.

*Note*: For optimal RF performance, the **USB 3.0** port should be used to enable the PTX board to draw a current up to 900mA.



### 3.1 Running the Application

The last task is to flash and start the firmware on the Maxim evaluation board. This can be performed directly in the development environment of the Maxim SDK.

There is a J-Link debug probe in the MAX32558 evaluation kit for which a debug configuration is already generated automatically during project setup. It is possible that the internal variable jlink\_path is set incorrectly during installation; therefore, debugging will not work out of the box. If this occurs, you must change the debug configuration in the **Run > Debug Configurations** menu. Selecting the **Demo SLA** and the **Debugger** tab, the GDB server **Executable** in the **J-Link GDB Server Setup** area can be set manually as shown below.

Debug Configurations					×
Create, manage, and run conf	figurations				Ť.
	Name: Demo SL	A			
type filter text	🗎 Main 🏇 Debu	gger 🕒 Startup 🐓 Source 🗉 <u>C</u> on	nmon		
C/C++ Application	J-Link GDB Serv	ver Setup			^
C/C++ Attach to Application	Start the J-L	ink GDB server locally	Connect to running	target	
C/C++ Remote Application	Executable:	C:\Program Files (x86)\SEGGER\JL	ink\JLinkGDBServerCL.exe	Browse	Variables
GDB Hardware Debugging	Device name:	MAX32558		Supported d	evice names
GDB OpenOCD Debugging	Endianness:	● Little ○ Big			
GDB QEMU Debugging	Connection:		(USB serial or IP name/a	ddress)	
GDB SEGGER J-Link Debuggi	Interface:	⊖ SWD ● JTAG			
Launch Group	Initial speed:	● Auto ○ Adap <sup>:</sup> ○ Fixed	kHz		
▶ Launch Group (Deprecated)	GDB port:	2331			
	SWO port:	2332	🗹 Verify downloads 🗹 I	nitialize regist	ters on start
	Telnet port:	2333	✓ Local host only	Silent	
	Log file:				Browse
	Other options:				
	Allocate co	nsole for the GDB server	Allocate console for ser	nihosting and	I SWO
	GDB Client Setu	ıp			
	Executable:	{cross_prefix}gdb{{cross_suffix}		Browse	Variables
	Other options				~
< >			Do	wort	Apply
Filter matched 11 of 11 items			Ke	vent	Appiy
					CI
()			<u>D</u> el	bug 🔓	Close

Finally, after clicking on the **Debug** button, the firmware will be uploaded to the Maxim board and the debug session will be started. After pressing **F8** to let the demo application run, the firmware will be ready for accepting communication frames from the PC.

# 4. Using the Tunneling Feature

To use of the tunneling functionality, the **PTX100x** \* **Config Tool** must be started and configured to use the USB serial communication port (identified in Device manager previously) by selecting the correct entry in the dropdown list in toolbar.



The configuration is now ready. Any test started will communicate with the PTX100x via the tunneling firmware.

# 5. Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.01	Jun 18, 2024	Updated license text in ptx_tunneling_hal.c file.
1.00	Jan 16, 2024	Initial release.

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