

RX Family

Audio Input/Output Program Using SSIE

Introduction

This application note describes the operation examples of the audio Input/Output program using the Firmware Integration Technology (FIT) compatible SSI module and the RX671 SSIE function.

Target Device

RX671

Evaluation board EK-RX671 (RTK5EK6710S00001BE)

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

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1. Overview

This application note describes operation examples of the audio Input/Output program using the Firmware Integration Technology (FIT) compatible SSI module and the RX671 SSIE function.

Figure 1.1 shows the circuit configuration of the evaluation board EK-RX671, on which we tested the operation of this program.

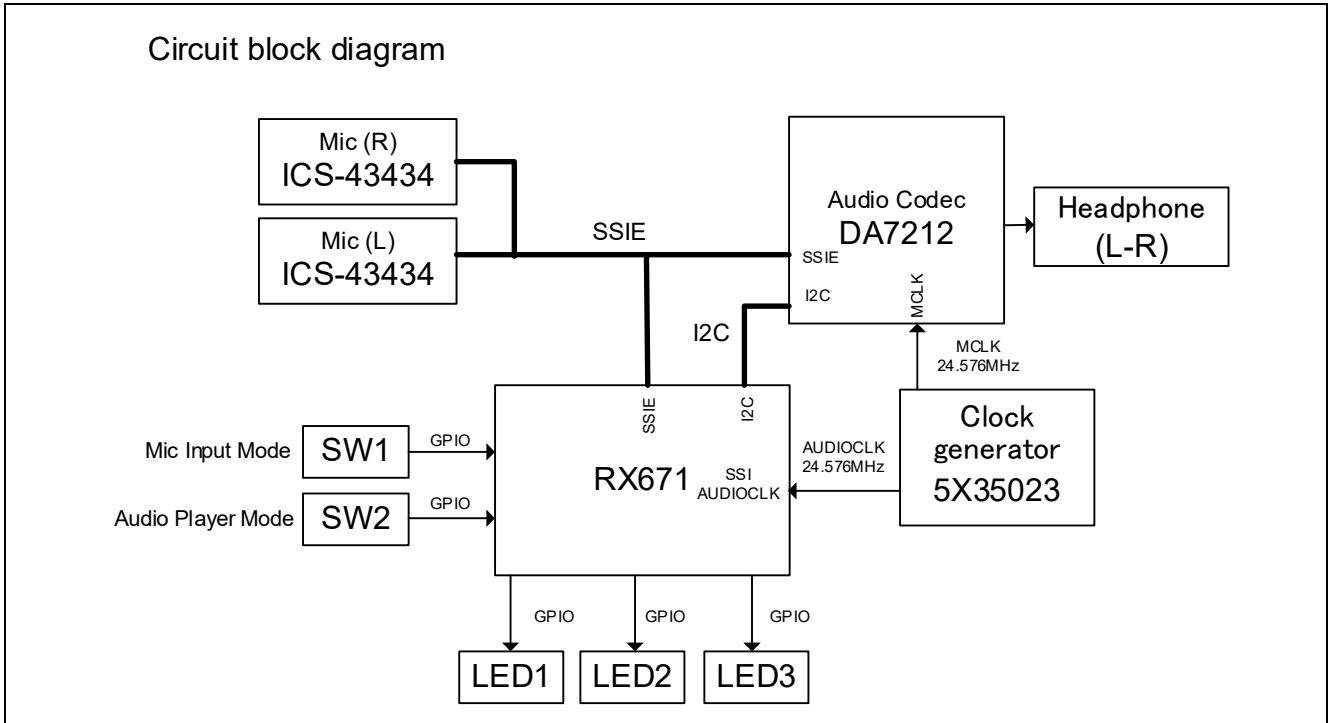


Figure 1.1 Block diagram

This configuration diagram illustrates the circuit components related to the operation of this program.

For the overall configuration of the evaluation board EK-RX671, refer to the manual for that evaluation board.

By using the EK-RX671 and this program, audio data stored in RAM or flash memory or acquired from the on-board MEMS Mic can be output to headphones via AudioCodec.

1.1 System function

This program can operate in the following three modes using the SSIE function.

- Sine wave output mode
- On-board microphone audio Input/Output mode
- Audio Player mode

1.1.1 Sine wave output mode

In this mode, a set-frequency sine wave is generated. The waveform data is recorded in internal RAM and then output to the Audio Codec device via SSIE communication through DMAC.

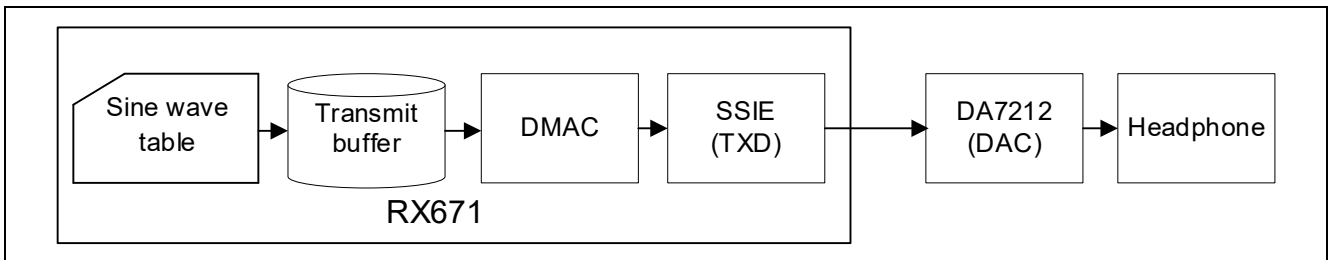


Figure 1.2 Sine wave generation block diagram

PCM data transfer format

- PCM data transfer format: I2S
- PCM data: 8/16/18/20/22/24/32 bit stereo
- Sampling rate: RX671 master 96/48/32/24/16/12/8 kHz
RX671 slave 96/48/44.1/32/24/22.05/16/12/11.025/8 kHz

Note: This sample program only supports multiples of 25 Hz (due to limitations in generating a sine wave table).

Application examples: Various alarms, equipment operation sound generation, audio signal generator for adjustment

1.1.2 On-board microphone audio Input/Output mode

In this mode, audio data from the microphone on the evaluation board is captured via SSIE communication and transferred to the receive buffer through DMAC. The data is then copied to the transmit buffer and output to the Audio Codec device via SSIE communication through DMAC.

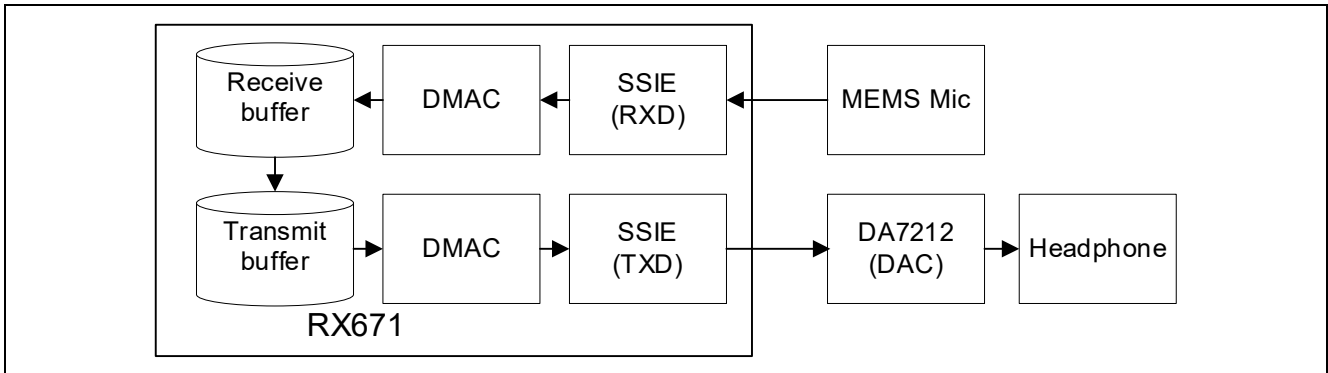


Figure 1.3 Microphone audio I/O block diagram

PCM data transfer format

- PCM data transfer format: I2S
- PCM data: 8/16/18/20/22/24/32 bit stereo
- Sampling rate: RX671 master 96/48/32/24/16/12/8 kHz
RX671 slave 96/48/44.1/32/24/22.05/16/12/11.025/8 kHz

Note: This system limits PCM data to 24 bits and sampling rate to 48 kHz (due to limitations of the MEMS Mic (ICS-43434) on the EK board).

Application examples: Voice recorder, speech recognition system

1.1.3 Audio Player mode

This mode reads the PCM or IMA ADPCM WAV file recorded in the internal flash memory and outputs it to the Audio Codec device via SSIE communication.

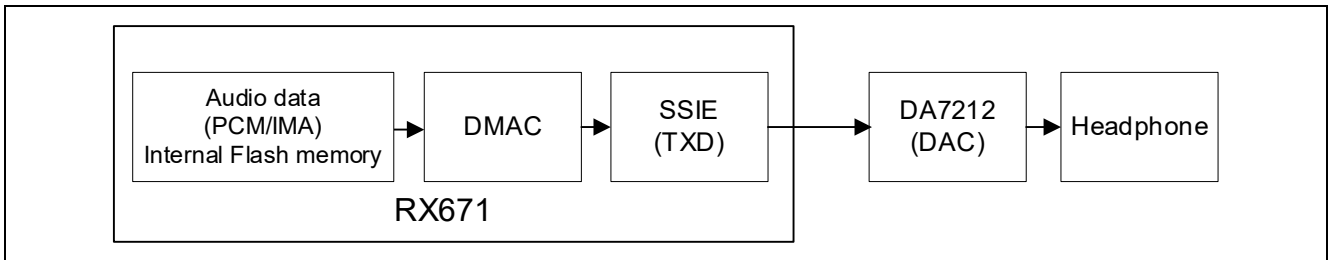


Figure 1.4 Audio Player block diagram

Supported file types

- PCM 8/16 bit or IMA ADPCM*¹ WAV file Maximum size 2,023,424 bytes.
- Data stored in internal flash memory Address 0xFFE10000 Size (maximum) 0x1EE000
- Supported files

- WAV file PCM 8 bit monaural
- WAV file PCM 8 bit stereo
- WAV file PCM 16 bit monaural
- WAV file PCM 16 bit stereo
- WAV file IMA ADPCM monaural *¹
- WAV file IMA ADPCM stereo *¹

Note: 1. IMA ADPCM is an operation sample and does not guarantee operation.

PCM data transfer format

- PCM data transfer format: I2S
- Sampling rate: RX671 master 96/48/32/24/16/12/8 kHz
- RX671 slave 96/48/44.1/32/24/22.05/16/12/11.025/8 kHz

Application examples: Audio player, audio synthesis system

2. Operating conditions

2.1 Operation mode setting

In this program, the following three modes can be selected by SW selection at startup.

Table 2.1 Operation mode selection

Item	Operating mode	Startup operation	LED
1	Sine wave output mode	Normal startup (No SW operation)	LED1 lights up.
2	Microphone audio I/O mode	Press and hold the SW1 to start	LED2 lights up.
3	Audio Player mode	Press and hold the SW2 to start	LED3 lights up.

2.2 Configuration parameters

Table 2.2 List of configuration parameters

Configuration item		Configuration item label	Setting method
RX671 SSIE Master/Slave		SSIE_CH0_CLK_MODE	SSI module code generation • Ch0 Clock Supply Mode
Sampling rate *1		SSIE_MCLK	SSI module code generation • Master Clock
Number of quantization bits		SSIE_CH0_DATA_WIDTH	SSI module code generation • Ch0 PCM data width
Sine wave frequency *2	Left channel	WAVE_FREQ_HZ	r_ssi_dma_rx_tx_main.h • Macro definition change
	Right channel	WAVE_FREQ2_HZ	
Volume setting	Headphones	DAC_L_GAIN_OUTSIN_DB	r_ssi_dma_rx_tx_main.h • Macro definition change
		DAC_R_GAIN_OUTSIN_DB	
		DAC_L_GAIN_THROUGH_DB	
		DAC_R_GAIN_THROUGH_DB	
		DAC_L_GAIN_AUDIO_PLAYER_DB	
		DAC_R_GAIN_AUDIO_PLAYER_DB	
		HP_L_GAIN_OUTSIN_DB	
		HP_R_GAIN_OUTSIN_DB	
		HP_L_GAIN_THROUGH_DB	
		HP_R_GAIN_THROUGH_DB	
		HP_L_GAIN_AUDIO_PLAYER_DB	
HP_R_GAIN_AUDIO_PLAYER_DB			

Notes: 1. Valid when RX671 is master

2. Sine wave frequency setting is valid only in sine wave output mode

3. SSI module code generation:

rx671_example_ssi_dma_rx_tx.scfg --> components --> r_ssi_api_rx --> properties

2.2.1 RX671 SSIE master and slave

Switches the RX671 SSIE communication operation mode between master and slave.

Table 2.3 Master/Slave settings

SSIE_CH0_CLK_MODE	Operating mode	Status
0	Master	RX671 has MCLK output Sampling rate setting (SSIE_MCLK) is valid
1 (Initial value)	Slave	RX671 has MCLK input Sampling rate setting (SSIE_MCLK) is invalid

2.2.2 Sampling rate

If the RX671 is the master, the sampling rate is set by the value of SSIE_MCLK.

Table 2.4 Sampling rate setting

SSIE_MCLK *1	Sampling rate
256u	96 kHz
512u (Initial value)	48 kHz
768u	32 kHz
1024u	24 kHz
1536u	16 kHz
2048u	12 kHz
3072u	8 kHz

Note: 1. If the RX671 is a slave, the value of SSIE_MCLK is ignored.

Sampling rate calculation formula

$$\text{Sampling rate} = \text{AUDIO_CLK} / \text{SSIE_MCLK}$$

*In the case of this evaluation board: AUDIO_CLK=24576000 [Hz]

2.2.3 Number of quantization bits

Sets the number of quantization bits for audio data.

Table 2.5 Number of quantization bits

Configuration item label	Configuration value
SSIE_CH0_DATA_WIDTH	32 bits / 24 bits / 22 bits / 20 bits / 18 bits / 16 bits (initial value) / 8 bits

2.2.4 Sine wave frequency

Sets the sine wave frequency in sine wave output mode.

Table 2.6 Sine wave frequency

Configuration channel	Configuration item label	Configuration value [Hz]
Monaural / L-ch	WAVEFREQ_HZ *1	1000 (Initial value)
R-ch	WAVEFREQ2_HZ *1	(500) *2

Notes: 1. The configuration value is set to a multiple of 25 Hz (due to the specifications of sine wave generation software).

2. Make WAVEFREQ2 undefined when it is monaural.

2.2.5 Volume setting

You can set the DAC and headphone amplifier gain for L and R, respectively, by using the following definitions.

Table 2.7 Volume setting

Gain setting	Setting range [dB]	Description
DAC_L_GAIN_OUTSIN_DB	-77.25 ~ 12 (0.75step)	In sine wave output mode DAC L-ch digital gain
DAC_R_GAIN_OUTSIN_DB	-77.25 ~ 12 (0.75step)	In sine wave output mode DAC R-ch digital gain
DAC_L_GAIN_THROUGH_DB	-77.25 ~ 12 (0.75step)	In on-board microphone I/O mode DAC L-ch digital gain
DAC_R_GAIN_THROUGH_DB	-77.25 ~ 12 (0.75step)	In on-board microphone I/O mode DAC R-ch digital gain
DAC_L_GAIN_AUDIO_PLAYER_DB	-77.25 ~ 12 (0.75step)	In Audio Player mode DAC L-ch digital gain
DAC_R_GAIN_AUDIO_PLAYER_DB	-77.25 ~ 12 (0.75step)	In Audio Player mode DAC R-ch digital gain
HP_L_GAIN_OUTSIN_DB	-57 ~ 6 (1step)	In sine wave output mode HP L-ch amplifier gain
HP_R_GAIN_OUTSIN_DB	-57 ~ 6 (1step)	In sine wave output mode HP R-ch amplifier gain
HP_L_GAIN_THROUGH_DB	-57 ~ 6 (1step)	In on-board microphone I/O mode HP L-ch amplifier gain
HP_R_GAIN_THROUGH_DB	-57 ~ 6 (1step)	In on-board microphone I/O mode HP R-ch amplifier gain
HP_L_GAIN_AUDIO_PLAYER_DB	-57 ~ 6 (1step)	In Audio Player mode HP L-ch amplifier gain
HP_R_GAIN_AUDIO_PLAYER_DB	-57 ~ 6 (1step)	In Audio Player mode HP R-ch amplifier gain

Table 2.8 shows the volume set for each operation mode.

Table 2.8 Volume settings for each operation mode

Operating mode	DAC L/R digital gain	HP L/R amplifier gain
Sine wave output	0 dB	-20 dB
On-board microphone I/O	0 dB	+6 dB
Audio Player	0 dB	-20 dB

3. Program description

3.1 Processing flow

3.1.1 Overall operating flow

Figure 3.1 shows the main processing flow. Figure 3.2 shows the audio application processing flow.

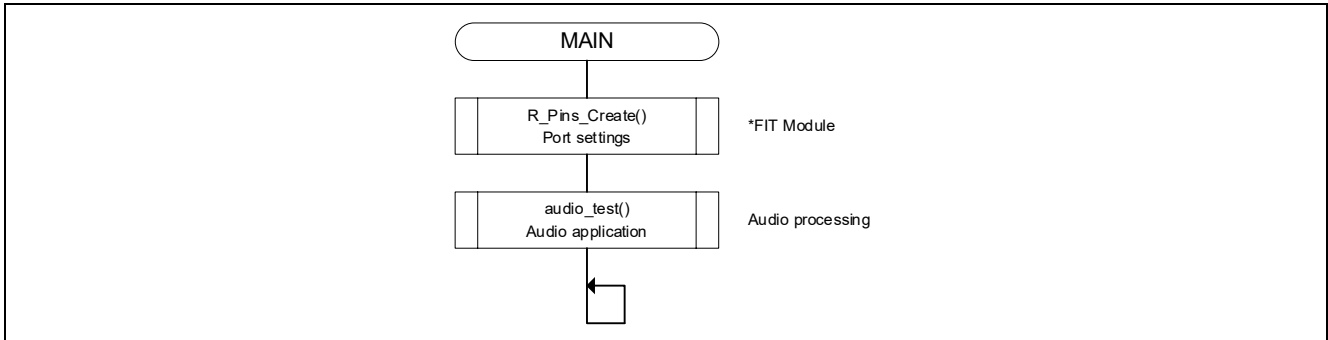


Figure 3.1 Main processing flow

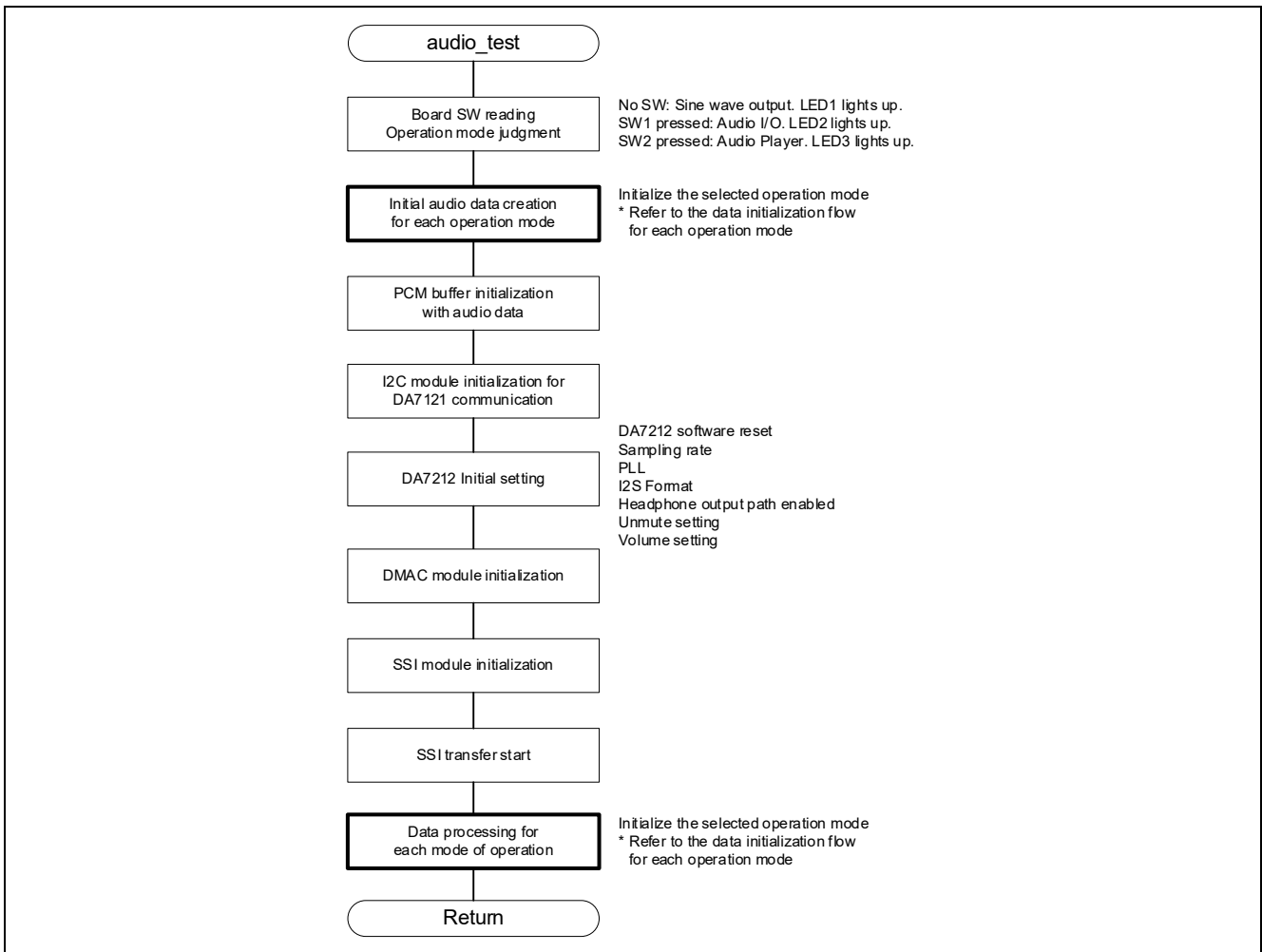


Figure 3.2 Audio application processing flow

3.1.2 Sine wave output mode processing flow

In this mode, a sine wave of the frequency set by the parameter (WAVE_FREQ) is generated by software, and transmitted to the Audio Codec device via SSIE communication through DMAC.

Audio data from the microphone is received via SSIE communication, but it is not used.

Figure 3.3 shows the data initialization flow in sine wave output mode.

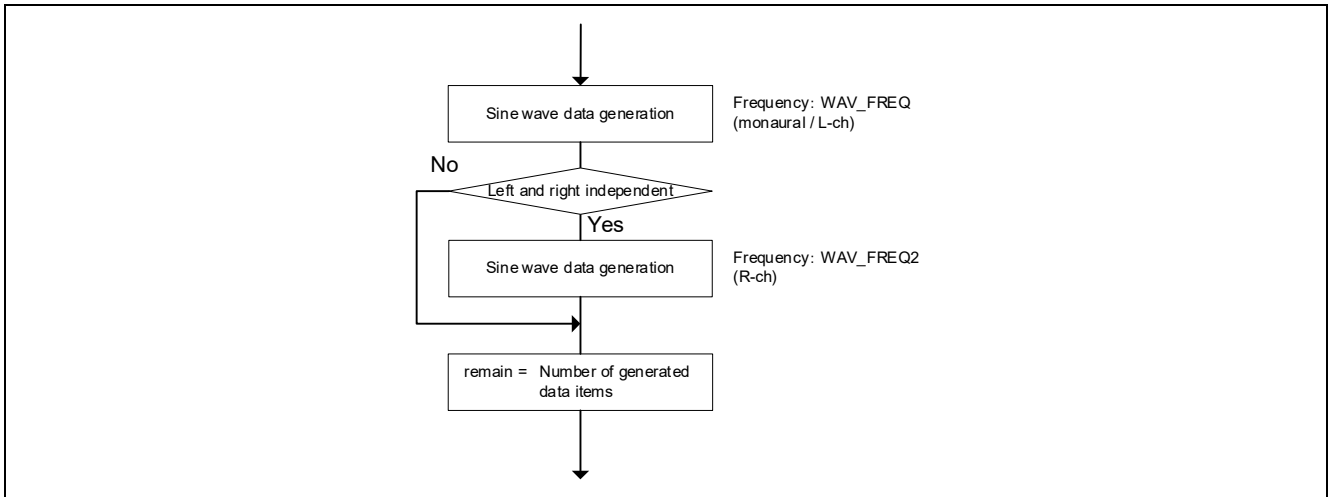


Figure 3.3 Data initialization flow in sine wave output mode

In the sine wave output mode, data processing is performed through DMAC.

3.1.3 Audio Input/Output mode processing flow

In this mode, audio data from the microphone (ICS-43434) on the evaluation board is received via SSIE communication and transferred to the receive buffer through DMAC. The data is then copied to the transmit buffer by the program, and transmitted to the Audio Codec device via SSIE communication through DMAC.

Figure 3.4 shows the Audio Input/Output mode data processing flow.

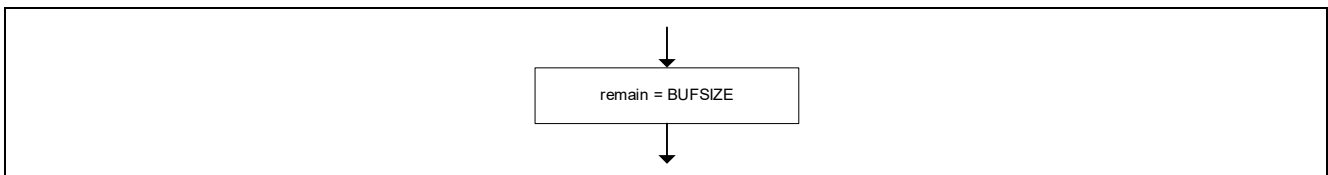


Figure 3.4 Data initialization flow in audio Input/Output mode

Note: In audio Input/Output mode, audio data received via SSIE is used, so the initialization processing of the data is not required.

Figure 3.5 shows the Audio Input/Output mode data processing flow.

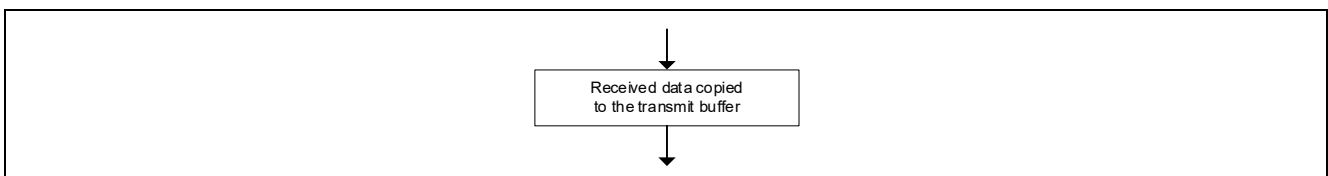


Figure 3.5 Data processing flow in audio Input/Output mode

Audio data received via SSIE from the microphone is copied to the transmit buffer and then transferred from the transmit buffer to SSIE through DMAC.

3.1.4 Audio Player mode processing flow

In this mode, data is read from the internal flash memory (in which audio data is recorded) and sent to the Audio Codec device via SSIE communication through DMAC.

Audio data from the microphone is received via SSIE communication, but it is not used.

Figure 3.6 shows the Audio Player mode data initialization flow.

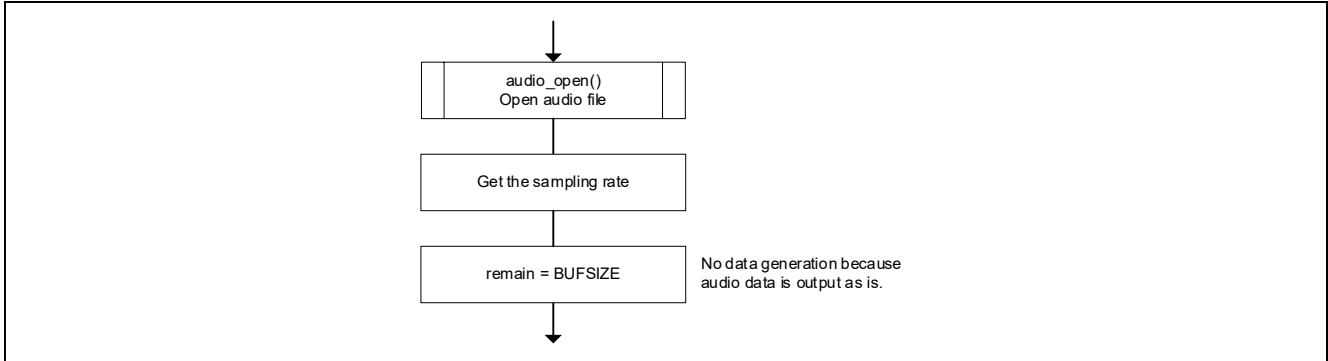


Figure 3.6 Audio Player mode data initialization flow

In the Audio Player mode, recorded audio data is read and audio information is set.

Figure 3.7 shows the Audio Player mode data processing flow.

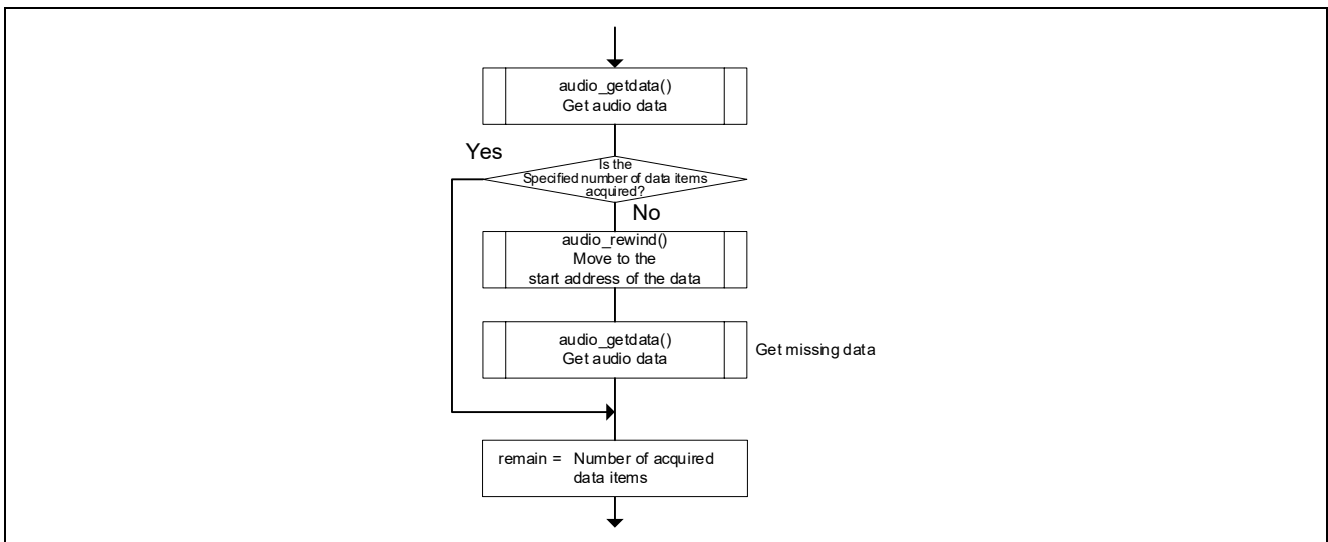


Figure 3.7 Audio Player mode data processing flow

3.2 File configuration

Figure 3.8 shows the Project file structure of the application note.

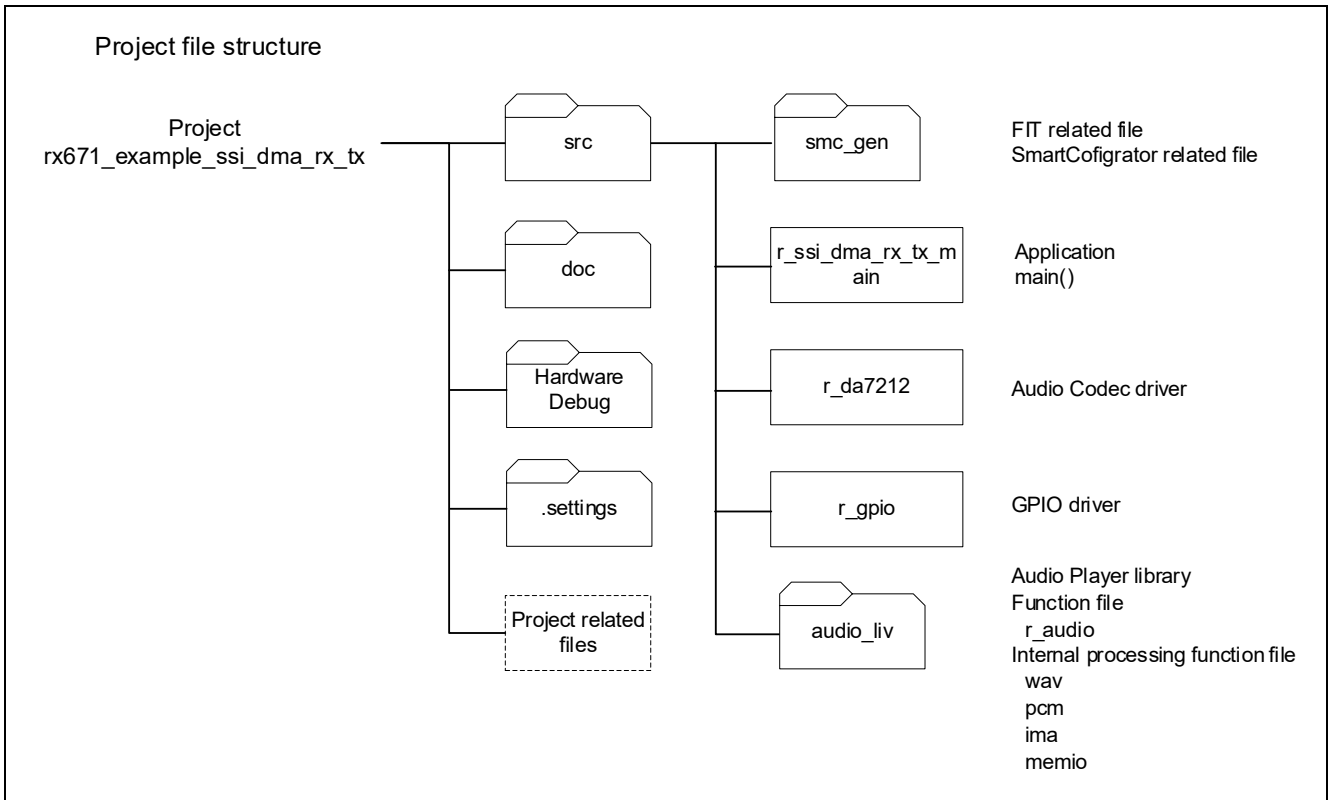


Figure 3.8 Project file structure

3.3 Function

3.3.1 Function configuration

Figure 3.9 shows the function configuration used in this program.

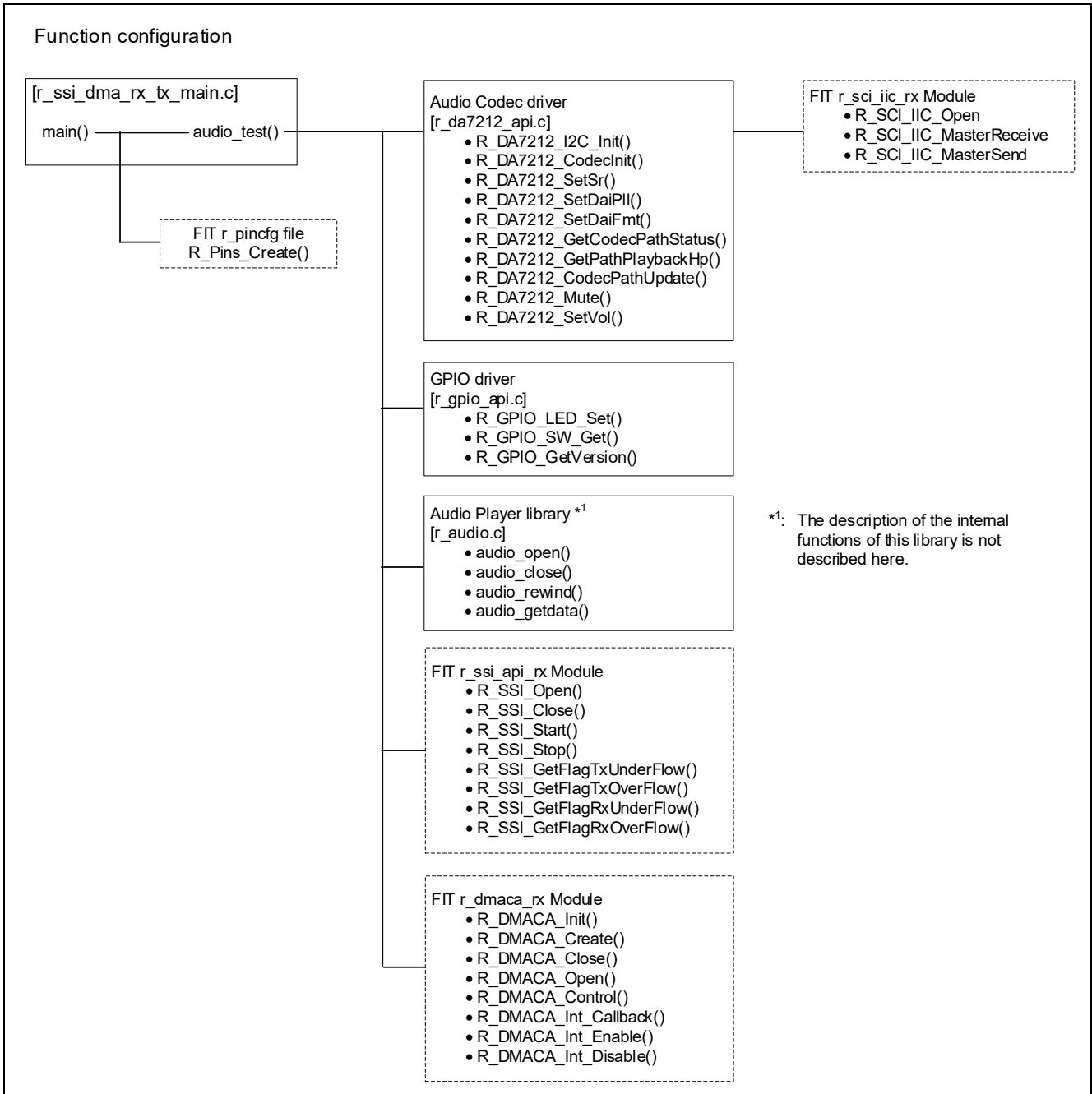


Figure 3.9 Program function structure

3.3.2 Application functions

Table 3.1 lists the application functions used in this application.

Table 3.1 List of application functions

Function Name	Function	File
main	Entry function of this application	r_ssi_dma_rx_tx_main.c
audio_test	Audio processing body	

main

Function	Entry function
Format	void main(void)
Argument	None
Return value	None
Processing	MCU pin definition: FIT Module R_Pins_Create() Start audio processing body audio_test ()

audio_test

Function	Audio processing body
Format	int32_t audio_test(void)
Argument	None
Return value	-1: When an error occurs (During normal operation, the internal operation is repeated, so the function does not end.)
Processing	For details about the processing, see Figure 3.2 Audio application processing flow.

3.3.3 Audio Codec driver functions

Table 3.2 lists the Audio Codec driver functions used in this application.

Table 3.2 List of Audio Codec driver functions

Function Name	Function	File
R_DA7212_I2C_Init	Initializing I2C for communication with DA7212	r_da7212_api.c
R_DA7212_CodecInit	Initializing DA7212	
R_DA7212_SetSr	Setting the sampling rate for Audio Codec	
R_DA7212_SetDaiPll	Setting PLL for Audio Codec	
R_DA7212_SetDaiFmt	Setting the I2S format for Audio Codec	
R_DA7212_GetCodecPathStatus	Getting the current control register setting value of Audio Codec	
R_DA7212_GetPathPlaybackHp	Getting the control register setting value of headphone output of Audio Codec	
R_DA7212_Mute	Muting/unmuting functions of Audio Codec	
R_DA7212_SetVol	Setting the volume of Audio Codec	
R_DA7212_CodecPathUpdate	Register setting function for Audio Codec	

R_DA7212_I2C_Init

Function	Initialize the IIC to communicate with DA7212
Format	int32_t R_DA7212_I2C_Init(void)
Argument	None
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Executes the FIT module R_SCI_IIC_Open(), and returns whether the processing was successful or failed.

R_DA7212_CodecInit

Function	Initialize DA7212
Format	int32_t audio_test(void)
Argument	None
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Resets DA7212 by software, and sets all the control register settings to OFF.

R_DA7212_SetSr

Function	Setting the sampling rate for Audio Codec
Format	int32_t R_DA7212_SetSr(int32_t sampling_rate)
Argument	int32_t sampling_rate Sampling rate
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Sets the value corresponding to the specified sampling rate in the register.

R_DA7212_SetDaiPll	
Function	Setting the PLL for Audio Codec
Format	int32_t R_DA7212_SetDaiPll(int32_t sampling_rate, uint32_t sys_mclk)
Argument	int32_t sampling_rate Sampling rate uint32_t sys_mclk SYS_MCLK
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Calculates the appropriate PLL setting (based on sampling_rate and sys_mclk) and sets it in the register.

R_DA7212_SetDaiFmt	
Function	Setting the I2S format for Audio Codec
Format	int32_t R_DA7212_SetDaiFmt(int32_t data_width)
Argument	int32_t data_width Word length
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Calculates the communication format (based on data_width and DA7212_CODECSLAVE) and sets it in the register.

R_DA7212_GetCodecPathStatus	
Function	Getting the current control register setting of Audio Codec
Format	void R_DA7212_GetCodecPathStatus(uint8_t * amp_tbl)
Argument	uint8_t * amp_tbl Control table pointer
Return value	None
Processing	Gets the control register setting.

R_DA7212_GetPathPlaybackHp	
Function	Setting headphone output and getting the control register value
Format	void R_DA7212_GetPathPlaybackHp(uint8_t * amp_tbl)
Argument	uint8_t * amp_tbl Control table pointer
Return value	None
Processing	Sets headphone output and gets the control register setting.

R_DA7212_Mute	
Function	Mute control for Audio Codec
Format	int32_t R_DA7212_Mute(e_hal_controls_t controls, int32_t mute)
Argument	e_hal_controls_t controls Control target int32_t mute 0: unmute, 1: mute
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Mutes or unmutes the specified target.

R_DA7212_SetVol	
Function	Setting the volume of Audio Codec
Format	int32_t R_DA7212_SetVol(e_hal_controls_t amp, double vol)
Argument	e_hal_controls_t controls Control target double vol Volume
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Controls the volume of the specified module.

R_DA7212_CodecPathUpdate

Function	Register setting function for Audio Codec
Format	int32_t R_DA7212_CodecPathUpdate(uint8_t * amp_tbl)
Argument	uint8_t * amp_tbl Control table pointer
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Sets the control table value in the register.

3.3.4 GPIO driver functions

Table 3.3 lists the GPIO driver functions used in this application.

Table 3.3 List of GPIO driver functions

Function Name	Function	File
R_GPIO_LED_Set	Controlling LED lighting	r_gpio_api.c
R_GPIO_SW_Get	Getting the port status of the switch of the evaluation board	
R_GPIO_GetVersion	Getting the driver version	

R_GPIO_LED_Set

Function	Controlling LED lighting
Format	int32_t R_GPIO_LED_Set(int32_t no, int32_t offon)
Argument	int32_t no LED number 1: LED1, 2: LED2, 3: LED3 int32_t offon 0: LED OFF, 1: LED ON
Return value	0: success, -1: error
Processing	Performs H/L control for the specified port, and sets the LED to ON or OFF

R_GPIO_SW_Get

Function	Getting the port status of the switch of the evaluation board
Format	int32_t R_GPIO_SW_Get(int32_t no)
Argument	int32_t no SW number 1: SW1, 2: SW2
Return value	0/1: pin status, -1: error
Processing	Gets the port status of the specified switch.

R_GPIO_GetVersion

Function	Getting the driver version
Format	uint32_t R_GPIO_GetVersion(void)
Argument	None
Return value	GPIO driver version (Top 2 bytes are the major version number and the bottom 2 bytes are the minor version number.)
Processing	Gets the GPIO driver version.

3.3.5 Audio Player library functions

Table 3.4 lists the dedicated functions used when executing this application in the Audio Player mode.

Table 3.4 List of functions used when executing Audio Player mode

Function Name	Function	File
audio_open	Opening audio files	r_audio.c
audio_close	Closing audio files	
audio_rewind	Returning the playback position of the audio file to the top	
audio_getdata	Reading data from audio files	

audio_open

Function	Opening audio files	
Format	int32_t audio_open(const void *data, uint32_t size, int32_t ch, int32_t bits, audio_t *audio)	
Argument	const void *data	Audio file storage address
	uint32_t size	Audio file size
	int32_t ch	Number of output data channels (1: monaural, 2: stereo)
	int32_t bits	Number of quantization bits of output data
	audio_t *audio	Pointer to store the Audio handle
Return value	0	Normal
	-2	The file could not be opened (AUDIO_E_FILE)
	-4	Unsupported data format (AUDIO_E_NOSPT)
Processing	Opens an audio file, and stores its Audio handle on the audio structure. audio_rewind(), audio_getdata(), audio_close() are used with this handle.	

audio_close

Function	Closing audio files	
Format	int32_t audio_close(audio_t *audio)	
Argument	audio_t *audio	Audio handle
Return value	0	Normal
	-5	Unknown error (AUDIO_E_UNKNOWN)
Processing	Closes the specified audio file.	

audio_rewind

Function	Returning the playback position of the audio file to the top	
Format	int32_t audio_rewind(audio_t *audio)	
Argument	audio_t *audio	Audio handle
Return value	0	Normal
	-5	Unknown error (AUDIO_E_UNKNOWN)
Processing	Returns the playback position of the audio file to the top.	

audio_getdata									
Function	Reading data from audio files								
Format	int32_t audio_getdata(audio_t *audio, void *p, uint32_t samples)								
Argument	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>audio_t *audio</td> <td>Audio handle</td> </tr> <tr> <td>void *p</td> <td>The storage position of the read-out audio data (Pointer)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>long samples</td> <td>Maximum number of samples of data to read</td> </tr> </table>	audio_t *audio	Audio handle	void *p	The storage position of the read-out audio data (Pointer)	long samples	Maximum number of samples of data to read		
audio_t *audio	Audio handle								
void *p	The storage position of the read-out audio data (Pointer)								
long samples	Maximum number of samples of data to read								
Return value	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>A value greater than or equal to 0</td> <td>Number of samples of read data (No more data if 0)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-2</td> <td>File open failure (AUDIO_E_FILE)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-4</td> <td>Unsupported data format (AUDIO_E_NOSPT)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-5</td> <td>Unknown error (AUDIO_E_UNKNOWN)</td> </tr> </table>	A value greater than or equal to 0	Number of samples of read data (No more data if 0)	-2	File open failure (AUDIO_E_FILE)	-4	Unsupported data format (AUDIO_E_NOSPT)	-5	Unknown error (AUDIO_E_UNKNOWN)
A value greater than or equal to 0	Number of samples of read data (No more data if 0)								
-2	File open failure (AUDIO_E_FILE)								
-4	Unsupported data format (AUDIO_E_NOSPT)								
-5	Unknown error (AUDIO_E_UNKNOWN)								
Processing	Reads the specified number of audio data items from the specified read position.								

4. FIT module

Table 4.1 lists the API functions used in this project.

Table 4.1 List of API functions to use

FIT module file name	FIT version	Contents
r_bsp	7.42	Board support package module (AN1685)
r_dmaca_rx	3.20	DMAC module (AN2063)
r_ssi_api_rx	2.03	SSI API module (AN2150)
r_sci_iic_rx	2.71	SCI simple I2C module (AN1691)

For the API functions and their functional description, refer to relevant FIT application notes.

5. Importing a Project

After importing the sample code, make sure to confirm build and debugger setting.

5.1 Importing a Project into e² studio

Follow the steps below to import your project into e² studio. Pictures may be different depending on the version of e² studio to be used.

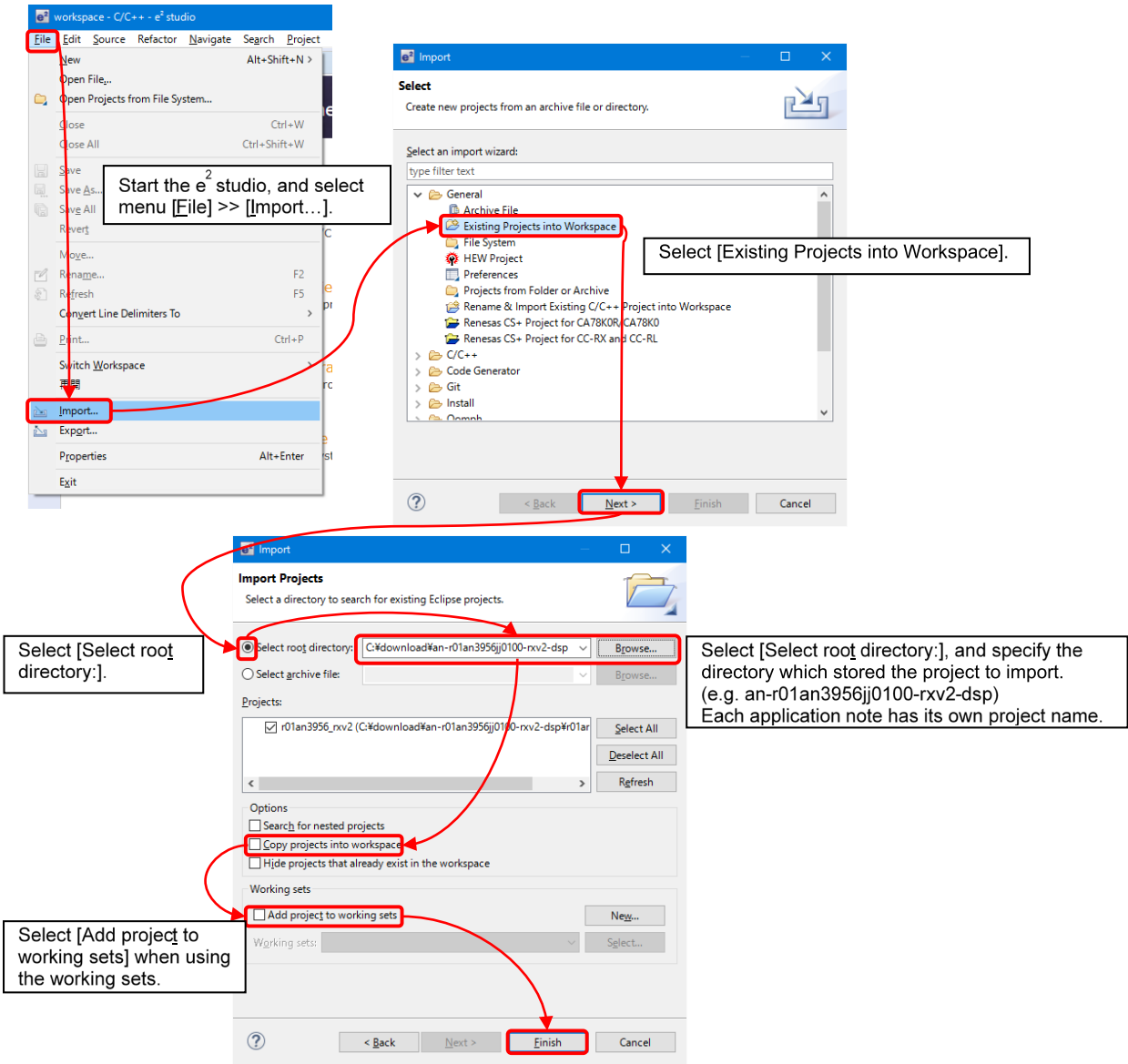


Figure 5.1 Importing a Project into e² studio

5.2 Importing a Project into CS+

Follow the steps below to import your project into CS+. Pictures may be different depending on the version of CS+ to be used.

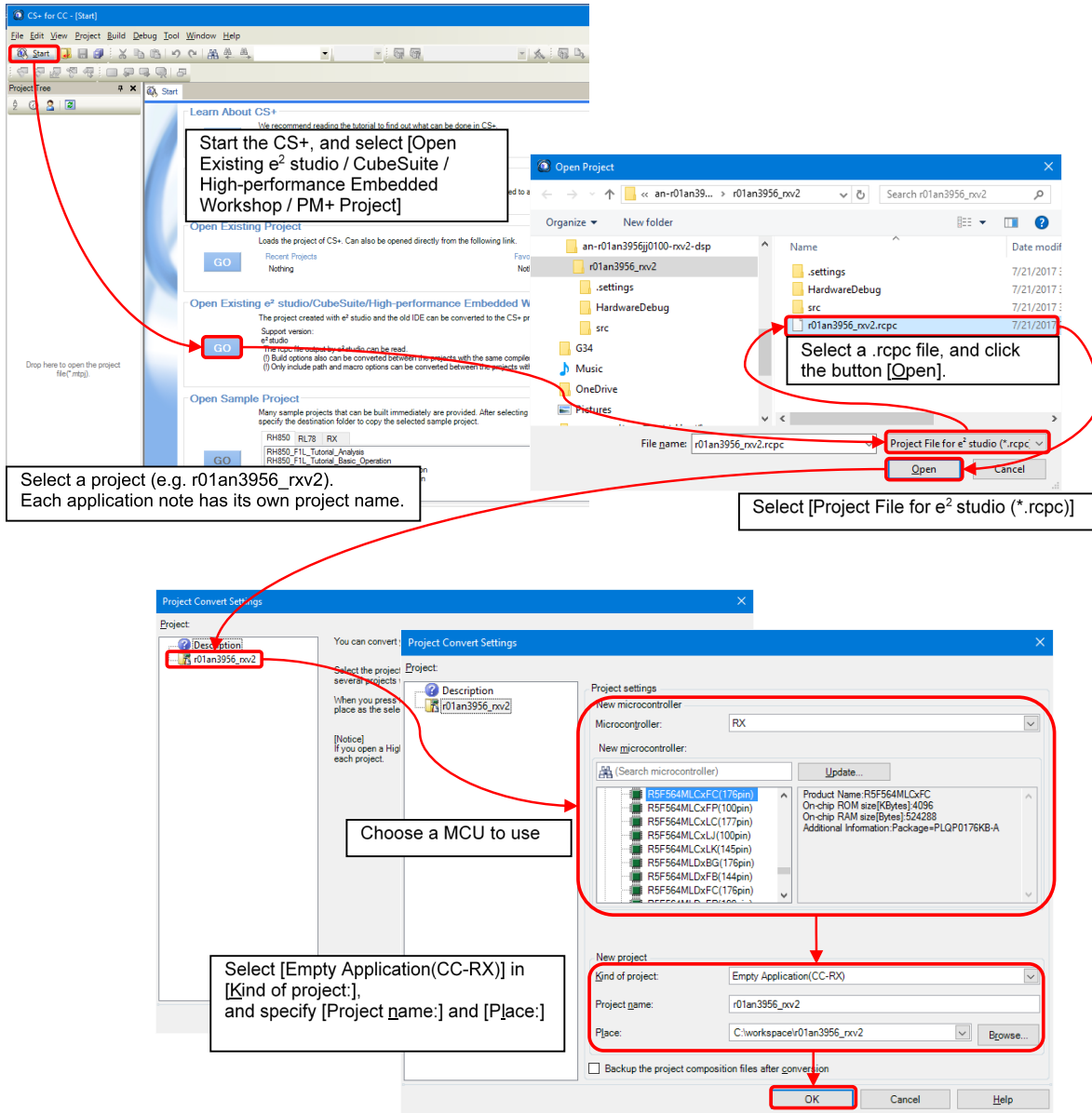


Figure 5.2 Importing a Project into CS+

6. Sample Code

Sample code can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

7. Reference Documents

Firmware Integration Technology Application notes

Firmware Integration Technology User's Manual (R01AN1833)

RX Family Board Support Package Module Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1685)

RX Family SSI Module Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN2150)

RX Family Simple I2C Module Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1691)

RX Family DMAC Module Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN2063)

PCM data transfer sample program Firmware Integration Technology using the RX Family SSI Module (R01AN2825)

(The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.)

Manuals, data sheets

RX671 Group User's Manual Hardware Edition (R01UH0899)

EK-RX671 v1 User's Manual (R20UT5234)

(The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.)

Technical updates, tool news

(The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.)

Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Jan. 10, 2023	-	First edition issued.
1.01	Feb. 13, 2024	14	Fixed Figure 3.9.
		17	Fixed format for R_DA7212_SetVol function.
		18	Added R_GPIO_GetVersion function.
		Program	Fixed define for I/O port corresponding to SW2. Fixed file name for Audio Codec driver and GPIO driver.

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity.

Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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