4-Output 1.8V PCIe Zero-Delay/Fanout Clock Buffer with Zo = 33Ohms

9DBV0431

DATASHEET

Description

The 9DBV0431 is a member of Renesas' SOC-Friendly 1.8V Very-Low-Power (VLP) PCIe family. It can also be used for 50M or 125M Ethernet Applications via software frequency selection. The device has 4 output enables for clock management, and 3 selectable SMBus addresses.

Recommended Application

1.8V PCIe Gen1–5 Zero-Delay/Fan-out Buffer (ZDB/FOB)

Output Features

- Four 1–200Hz Low-Power (LP) HCSL DIF pairs with Z_O = 33ohms

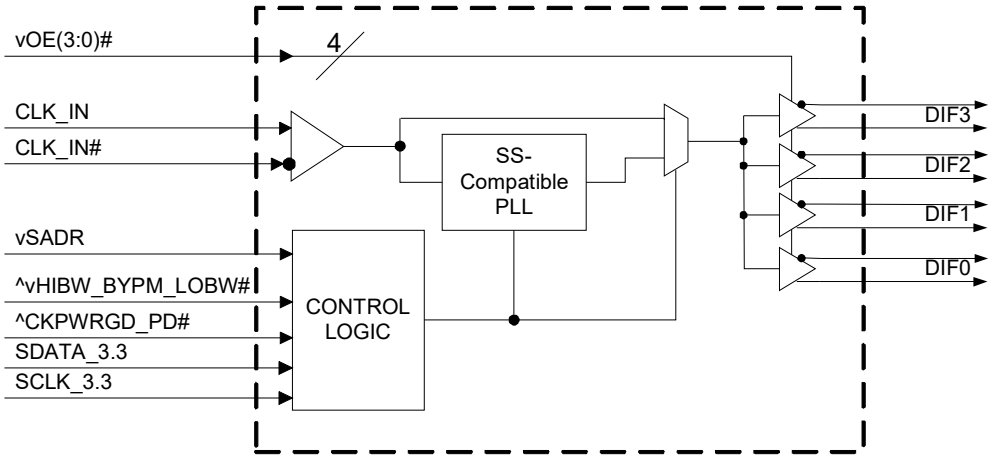
Key Specifications

- DIF cycle-to-cycle jitter < 50ps
- DIF output-to-output skew < 50ps
- PCIe Gen5 CC additive phase jitter < 40fs RMS
- 12kHz–20MHz additive phase jitter = 156fs RMS at 156.25MHz (typical)

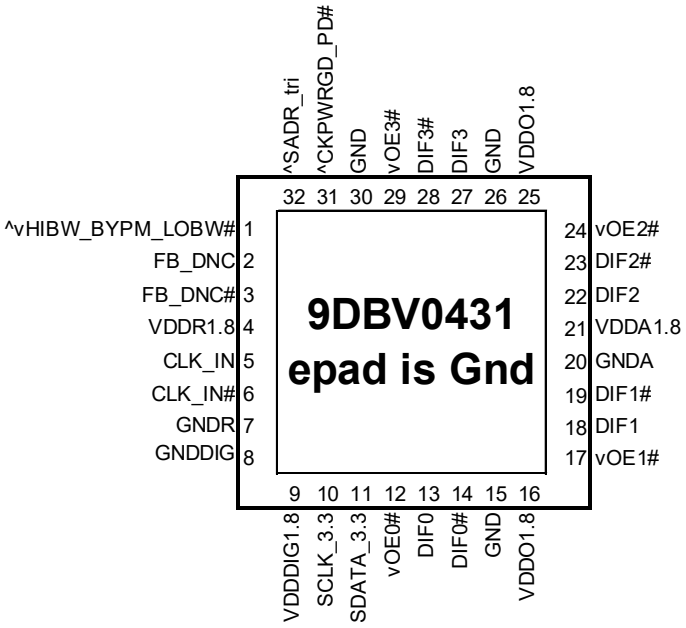
Features/Benefits

- LP-HCSL outputs save 8 resistors; minimal board space and BOM cost
- 53mW typical power consumption in PLL mode; minimal power consumption
- OE# pins; support DIF power management
- HCSL compatible differential input; can be driven by common clock sources
- Programmable Slew rate for each output; allows tuning for various line lengths
- Programmable output amplitude; allows tuning for various application environments
- Pin/software selectable PLL bandwidth and PLL Bypass; minimize phase jitter for each application
- Outputs blocked until PLL is locked; clean system start-up
- Software selectable 50MHz or 125MHz PLL operation; useful for Ethernet applications
- Configuration can be accomplished with strapping pins; SMBus interface not required for device control
- 3.3V tolerant SMBus interface works with legacy controllers
- Space saving 5 x 5mm 32-VFQFPN; minimal board space
- Selectable SMBus addresses; multiple devices can easily share an SMBus segment

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration



32-pin VFQFPN, 5x5 mm, 0.5mm pitch

^ prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull up resistor

^v prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull up AND pull down resistor (biased to VDD/2)

v prefix indicates internal 120KOhm pull down resistor

SMBus Address Selection Table

	SADR	Address	+ Read/Write bit
State of SADR on first application of CKPWRGD_PD#	0	1101011	x
	M	1101100	x
	1	1101101	x

Power Management Table

CKPWRGD_PD#	CLK_IN	SMBus OEx bit	OEx# Pin	DIFx		PLL
				True O/P	Comp. O/P	
0	X	X	X	Low	Low	Off
1	Running	0	X	Low	Low	On[1]
1	Running	1	0	Running	Running	On[1]
1	Running	1	1	Low	Low	On[1]

1. If Bypass mode is selected, the PLL will be off, and outputs will be running.

Power Connections

Pin Number		Description
VDD	GND	
4	7	Input receiver analog
9	8	Digital Power
16, 25	15,20,26,30	DIF outputs
21	20	PLL Analog

PLL Operating Mode

HiBW_BypM_LoBW#	MODE	Byte1 [7:6] Readback	Byte1 [4:3] Control
0	PLL Lo BW	00	00
M	Bypass	01	01
1	PLL Hi BW	11	11

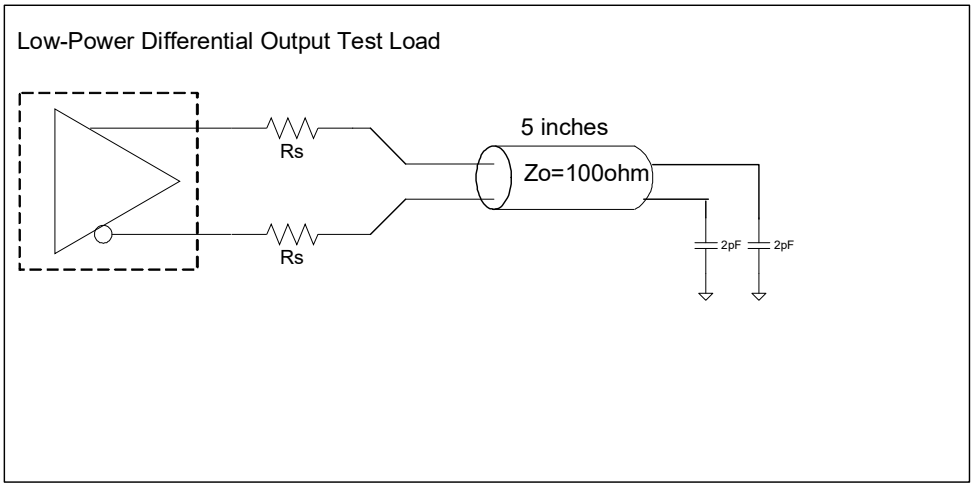
Frequency Select Table

FSEL Byte3 [4:3]	CLK_IN (MHz)	DIFx (MHz)
00 (Default)	100.00	CLK_IN
01	50.00	CLK_IN
10	125.00	CLK_IN
11	Reserved	Reserved

Pin Descriptions

Pin#	Pin Name	Type	Pin Description
1	^vHIBW_BYPM_LOB	LATCHED IN	Trilevel input to select High BW, Bypass or Low BW mode. See PLL Operating Mode Table for Details.
2	FB_DNC	DNC	True clock of differential feedback. The feedback output and feedback input are connected internally on this pin. Do not connect anything to this pin.
3	FB_DNC#	DNC	Complement clock of differential feedback. The feedback output and feedback input are connected internally on this pin. Do not connect anything to this pin.
4	VDDR1.8	PWR	1.8V power for differential input clock (receiver). This VDD should be treated as an Analog power rail and filtered appropriately.
5	CLK_IN	IN	True Input for differential reference clock.
6	CLK_IN#	IN	Complementary Input for differential reference clock.
7	GNDR	GND	Analog Ground pin for the differential input (receiver)
8	GNDDIG	GND	Ground pin for digital circuitry
9	VDDDIG1.8	PWR	1.8V digital power (dirty power)
10	SCLK_3.3	IN	Clock pin of SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
11	SDATA_3.3	I/O	Data pin for SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
12	vOE0#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 0. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
13	DIF0	OUT	Differential true clock output
14	DIF0#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
15	GND	GND	Ground pin.
16	VDDO1.8	PWR	Power supply for outputs, nominally 1.8V.
17	vOE1#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 1. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
18	DIF1	OUT	Differential true clock output
19	DIF1#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
20	GNDA	GND	Ground pin for the PLL core.
21	VDDA1.8	PWR	1.8V power for the PLL core.
22	DIF2	OUT	Differential true clock output
23	DIF2#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
24	vOE2#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 2. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
25	VDDO1.8	PWR	Power supply for outputs, nominally 1.8V.
26	GND	GND	Ground pin.
27	DIF3	OUT	Differential true clock output
28	DIF3#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
29	vOE3#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 3. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
30	GND	GND	Ground pin.
31	^CKPWRGD_PD#	IN	Input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first high assertion. Low enters Power Down Mode, subsequent high assertions exit Power Down Mode. This pin has internal pull-up resistor.
32	^SADR_tri	LATCHED IN	Tri-level latch to select SMBus Address. See SMBus Address Selection Table.
33	ePad	GND	Connect epad to ground.

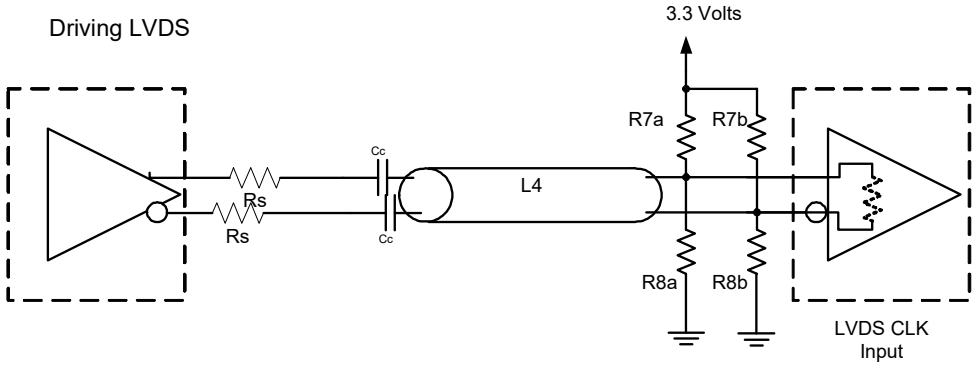
Test Loads



Alternate Differential Output Terminations

Rs	Zo	Units
33	100	Ohms
27	85	

Driving LVDS



Driving LVDS inputs with the 9DBV0431

Component	Value		Note
	Receiver has termination	Receiver does not have termination	
R7a, R7b	10K ohm	140 ohm	
R8a, R8b	5.6K ohm	75 ohm	
Cc	0.1 uF	0.1 uF	
Vcm	1.2 volts	1.2 volts	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the 9DBV0431. These ratings, which are standard values for Renesas commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Power supply voltage	VDDxx	Applies to all VDD pins	-0.5		2.5	V	1,2
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		-0.5		V_{DD}+0.5V	V	1, 3
Input High Voltage, SMBus	V_{IHSMB}	SMBus clock and data pins			3.6V	V	1
Storage Temperature	Ts		-65		150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	Tj				125	°C	1
Input ESD protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model	2000			V	1

[1]Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

[3] Not to exceed 2.5V.

Electrical Characteristics–Clock Input Parameters

T_A = T_{COM} or $T_{IND;}$ Supply Voltage per VDD of normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input High Voltage - DIF_IN	V_{IHDIF}	Differential inputs (single-ended measurement)	600	800	1150	mV	1
Input Low Voltage - DIF_IN	V_{ILDIF}	Differential inputs (single-ended measurement)	V_{SS} - 300	0	300	mV	1
Input Common Mode Voltage - DIF_IN	V_{COM}	Common Mode Input Voltage	300		725	mV	1
Input Amplitude - DIF_IN	V_{SWING}	Peak to Peak value (VIHDIF - VILDIF), single-ended	300		1450	mV	1
Input Slew Rate - DIF_IN	dv/dt	Measured differentially	0.4			V/ns	1,2
Input Leakage Current	I_{IN}	V_{IN} = V_{DD} , V_{IN} = GND	-5		5	uA	1
Input Duty Cycle	d_{tin}	Measurement from differential waveform	45		55	%	1
Input Jitter - Cycle to Cycle	J_{DIFIn}	Differential Measurement	0		150	ps	1

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] Slew rate measured through +/-75mV window centered around differential zero.

Electrical Characteristics–Input/Supply/Common Parameters–Normal Operating Conditions

$T_A = T_{COM}$ or $T_{IND;}$ Supply Voltage per VDD of normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
1.8V Supply Voltage	VDD	Supply voltage for core, analog and LVCMOS outputs	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	1
Ambient Operating Temperature	T_{COM}	Commercial range	0	25	70	°C	1
	T_{IND}	Industrial range	-40	25	85	°C	1
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	0.75 V_{DD}		V_{DD} + 0.3	V	1
Input Mid Voltage	V_{IM}	Single-ended tri-level inputs ('_tri' suffix)	0.4 V_{DD}		0.6 V_{DD}	V	1
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	-0.3		0.25 V_{DD}	V	1
Input Current	I_{IN}	Single-ended inputs, V_{IN} = GND, V_{IN} = VDD	-5		5	uA	1
	I_{INP}	Single-ended inputs V_{IN} = 0 V; Inputs with internal pull-up resistors V_{IN} = VDD; Inputs with internal pull-down resistors	-200		200	uA	1
Input Frequency	F_{ibyp}	Bypass mode	1		200	MHz	2
	$F_{ipll100}$	100MHz PLL mode	50	100	140	MHz	2
	$F_{ipll125}$	125MHz PLL mode	62.5	125	175	MHz	2
	F_{ipll62}	50MHz PLL mode	25	50	65	MHz	2
Pin Inductance	L_{pin}				7	nH	1
Capacitance	C_{IN}	Logic Inputs, except DIF_IN	1.5		5	pF	1
	C_{INDIF_IN}	DIF_IN differential clock inputs	1.5		2.7	pF	1,6
	C_{OUT}	Output pin capacitance			6	pF	1
Clk Stabilization	T_{STAB}	From V_{DD} Power-Up and after input clock stabilization or de-assertion of PD# to 1st clock		0.6	1	ms	1,2
Input SS Modulation Frequency	f_{MODIN}	Allowable Frequency (Triangular Modulation)	30	31.5	33	kHz	1
OE# Latency	$t_{LATOE\#}$	DIF start after OE# assertion DIF stop after OE# deassertion	1		3	clocks	1,3
Tdrive_PD#	t_{DRVPD}	DIF output enable after PD# de-assertion		175	300	us	1,3
Tfall	t_F	Fall time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	1,2
Trise	t_R	Rise time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	1,2
SMBus Input Low Voltage	V_{ILSMB}	V_{DDSMB} = 3.3V, see note 4 for V_{DDSMB} < 3.3V			0.8	V	1,4
SMBus Input High Voltage	V_{IHSMB}	V_{DDSMB} = 3.3V, see note 5 for V_{DDSMB} < 3.3V	2.1		3.6	V	1,5
SMBus Output Low Voltage	V_{OLSMB}	At I_{PULLUP}			0.4	V	1
SMBus Sink Current	I_{PULLUP}	At V_{OL}	4			mA	1
Nominal Bus Voltage	V_{DDSMB}		1.7		3.6	V	1
SCLK/SDATA Rise Time	t_{RSMB}	(Max VIL - 0.15) to (Min VIH + 0.15)			1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Fall Time	t_{FSMB}	(Min VIH + 0.15) to (Max VIL - 0.15)			300	ns	1
SMBus Operating Frequency	f_{MAXSMB}	Maximum SMBus operating frequency			400	kHz	1,7

[1]Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2]Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

[3]Time from deassertion until outputs are > 200 mV.

[4] For V_{DDSMB} < 3.3V, V_{ILSMB} <= 0.25V_{DDSMB}.

[5] For V_{DDSMB} < 3.3V, V_{IHSMB} >= 0.7V_{DDSMB}.

[6]DIF_IN input.

[7]The differential input clock must be running for the SMBus to be active.

Electrical Characteristics–DIF 0.7V Low Power HCSL Outputs

TA = T_{COM} or $T_{IND;}$ Supply Voltage per VDD of normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Slew rate	Trf	Scope averaging on 3.0V/ns setting	2	3.2	4	V/ns	1, 2, 3
		Scope averaging on 2.0V/ns setting	1.3	2.3	3.3	V/ns	1, 2, 3
Slew rate matching	ΔTrf	Slew rate matching, Scope averaging on		5.4	20	%	1, 2, 4
Voltage High	V_{HIGH}	Statistical measurement on single-ended signal using oscilloscope math function. (Scope averaging on)	660	779	850	mV	1,7
Voltage Low	V_{LOW}		-150	21	150		1,7
Max Voltage	Vmax	Measurement on single ended signal using absolute value. (Scope averaging off)		835	1150	mV	1
Min Voltage	Vmin		-300	-42			1
Vswing	Vswing	Scope averaging off	300	1515		mV	1,2,7
Crossing Voltage (abs)	Vcross_abs	Scope averaging off	250	409	550	mV	1,5,7
Crossing Voltage (var)	Δ-Vcross	Scope averaging off		14	140	mV	1, 6

[1]Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production. C_L = 2pF with R_S = 33Ω for Zo = 50Ω (100Ω differential trace impedance).

[2] Measured from differential waveform

[3] Slew rate is measured through the Vswing voltage range centered around differential 0V. This results in a +/-150mV window around differential 0V.

[4] Matching applies to rising edge rate for Clock and falling edge rate for Clock#. It is measured using a +/-75mV window centered on the average cross point where Clock rising meets Clock# falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations.

[5] Vcross is defined as voltage where Clock = Clock# measured on a component test board and only applies to the differential rising edge (i.e. Clock rising and Clock# falling).

[6] The total variation of all Vcross measurements in any particular system. Note that this is a subset of Vcross_min/max (Vcross absolute) allowed. The intent is to limit Vcross induced modulation by setting Δ-Vcross to be smaller than Vcross absolute.

[7] At default SMBus settings.

Electrical Characteristics–Current Consumption

TA = T_{COM} or $T_{IND;}$ Supply Voltage per VDD of normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Operating Supply Current (PLL Mode)	I_{DDROP}	VDDR, @100MHz		4.2	6	mA	1
	I_{DDOP}	VDDA + VDD1.8, @100MHz		27	33	mA	1
Operating Supply Current (PLL-Bypass Mode)	I_{DDROP}	VDDR, @100MHz		2.2	3	mA	1
	I_{DDOP}	VDDA + VDD1.8, @100MHz		20	25	mA	1
Powerdown Current	I_{DDRPD}	VDDR, CKPWRGD_PD# = 0		0.014	0.3	mA	1,2
	I_{DDPD}	VDDA + VDD1.8, CKPWRGD_PD# = 0		0.95	1.2	mA	1, 2

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] Input clock stopped, and CKPWRGD_PD# pin low.

Electrical Characteristics–Output Duty Cycle, Jitter, Skew and PLL Characteristics

TA = T_{COM} or $T_{IND;}$ Supply Voltage per VDD of normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
PLL Bandwidth	BW	-3dB point in High BW Mode	2	2.7	4	MHz	1,5
		-3dB point in Low BW Mode	1	1.4	2	MHz	1,5
PLL Jitter Peaking	t_{JPEAK}	Peak Pass band Gain		1.2	2	dB	1
Duty Cycle	t_{DC}	Measured differentially, PLL Mode	45	50.1	55	%	1
Duty Cycle Distortion	t_{DCD}	Measured differentially, Bypass Mode @100MHz	-1	-0.1	1	%	1,3
Skew, Input to Output	t_{pdBYP}	Bypass Mode, V_T = 50%	2550	3370	4200	ps	1
	t_{pdPLL}	PLL Mode V_T = 50%	0	112	200	ps	1,4
Skew, Output to Output	t_{sk3}	Commercial Operating Range, V_T = 50%		33	50	ps	1,4
		Industrial Operating Range, V_T = 50%		33	55	ps	1,4
Jitter, Cycle to cycle	$t_{jcyc-cyc}$	PLL mode		13	50	ps	1,2
		Additive Jitter in Bypass Mode		0.1	1	ps	1,2

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] Measured from differential waveform

[3] Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the output and the input clock when the device is operated in bypass mode.

[4] All outputs at default slew rate

[5] The MIN/TYP/MAX values of each BW setting track each other, i.e., Low BW MAX will never occur with Hi BW MIN.

Electrical Characteristics–Phase Jitter Parameters – 12kHz to 20MHz

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limit	Units	Notes
12k-20M *Additive* Phase Jitter, Fan-out Buffer Mode	$t_{jph12k-20MFOB}$	Fan-out Buffer Mode, SSC OFF, 156.25MHz		156		n/a	fs (rms)	1, 2, 3

Notes:

1. Applies to all differential outputs, guaranteed by design and characterization. See Test Loads for measurement setup details.
2. 12kHz to 20MHz brick wall filter.
3. For RMS values additive jitter is calculated by solving for b where [$b = sqrt(c^2 - a^2)$], a is rms input jitter and c is rms total jitter.

Electrical Characteristics–Additive PCIe Phase Jitter for Fanout Buffer Mode[7]

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Limit	Units	Notes
Additive PCIe Phase Jitter, Fan-out Buffer Mode (Common Clocked Architecture)	$t_{jphPCIeG1-CC}$	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		1.7	3.0	86	ps (p-p)	1, 2
	$t_{jphPCIeG2-CC}$	PCIe Gen 2 Hi Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.033	0.049	3	ps (RMS)	1, 2
		PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.122	0.199	3.1	ps (RMS)	1, 2
	$t_{jphPCIeG3-CC}$	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.059	0.098	1	ps (RMS)	1, 2
	$t_{jphPCIeG4-CC}$	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.059	0.098	0.5	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 3, 4
	$t_{jphPCIeG5-CC}$	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.023	0.038	0.15	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 3, 5
Additive PCIe Phase Jitter, Fan-out Buffer Mode (SRIS Architecture)	$t_{jphPCIeG1-SRIS}$	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		0.175	0.038	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
	$t_{jphPCIeG2-SRIS}$	PCIe Gen 2 (5.0 GT/s)		0.156	0.275	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
	$t_{jphPCIeG3-SRIS}$	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.041	0.247	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
	$t_{jphPCIeG4-SRIS}$	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.043	0.064	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
	$t_{jphPCIeG5-SRIS}$	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.036	0.066	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6

Notes:

1. The RefClk jitter is measured after applying the filter functions found in PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0. See the Test Loads section of the data sheet for the exact measurement setup. The total Ref Clk jitter limits for each data rate are listed for convenience. The worst case results for each data rate are summarized in this table. If oscilloscope data is used, equipment noise is removed from all results.

2. Jitter measurements shall be made with a capture of at least 100,000 clock cycles captured by a real-time oscilloscope (RTO) with a sample rate of 20 GS/s or greater. Broadband oscilloscope noise must be minimized in the measurement. The measured PP jitter is used (no extrapolation) for RTO measurements. Alternately - Jitter measurements may be used with a Phase Noise Analyzer (PNA) extending (flat) and integrating and folding the frequency content up to an offset from the carrier frequency of at least 200 MHz (at 300 MHz absolute frequency) below the Nyquist frequency. For PNA measurements for the 2.5 GT/s data rate, the RMS jitter is converted to peak to peak jitter using a multiplication factor of 8.83. In the case where real-time oscilloscope and PNA measurements have both been done and produce different results the RTO result must be used.

3. SSC spurs from the fundamental and harmonics are removed up to a cutoff frequency of 2 MHz taking care to minimize removal of any non-SSC content.

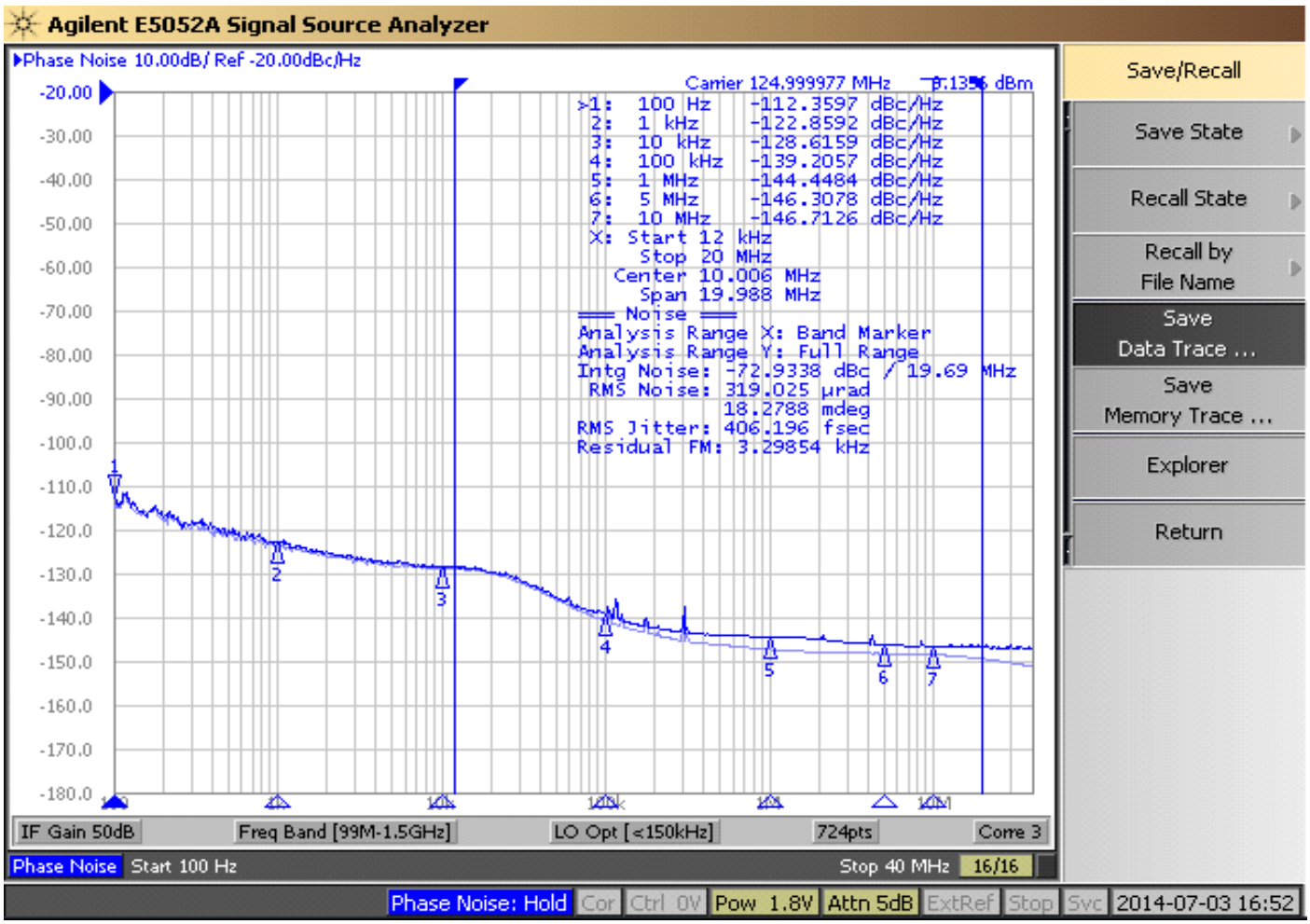
4. Note that 0.7 ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

5. Note that 0.25 ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

6. The PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0 provides the filters necessary to calculate SRIS jitter values, however, it does not provide specification limits, hence the n/a in the Limit column. SRIS values are informative only. In general, a clock operating in an SRIS system must be twice as good as a clock operating in a Common Clock system. For RMS values, twice as good is equivalent to dividing the CC value by $\sqrt{2}$. And additional consideration is the value for which to divide by $\sqrt{2}$. The conservative approach is to divide the ref clock jitter limit, and the case can be made for dividing the channel simulation values by $\sqrt{2}$, if the ref clock is close to the Tx clock input. An example for Gen4 is as follows. A "rule-of-thumb" SRIS limit would be either 0.5ps RMS/$\sqrt{2}$ = 0.35ps RMS if the clock chip is far from the clock input, or 0.7ps RMS/$\sqrt{2}$ = 0.5ps RMS if the clock chip is near the clock input.

7. Additive jitter for RMS values is calculated by solving for b where $b = \sqrt{(c^2 - a^2)}$, and a is rms input jitter and c is rms output jitter.

Additive Phase Jitter Plot: 125M (12kHz to 20MHz)



General SMBus Serial Interface Information

How to Write

- Controller (host) sends a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the byte count = X
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte **N through Byte N+X-1**
- Renesas clock will **acknowledg**e each byte **one at a time**
- Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

Index Block Write Operation			
Controller (Host)			Renesas (Slave/Receiver)
T	starT bit		
Slave Address			
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beginning Byte = N			
			ACK
Data Byte Count = X			
			ACK
Beginning Byte N		X Byte	
			ACK
O			
O			O
O			O
			O
Byte N + X - 1			
			ACK
P	stoP bit		

Note: SMBus address is latched on SADR pin.

How to Read

- Controller (host) will send a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit
- Controller (host) sends the read address
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Renesas clock will send the data byte count = X
- Renesas clock sends Byte **N+X-1**
- Renesas clock sends **Byte 0 through Byte X (if $X_{(H)}$ was written to Byte 8)**
- Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

Index Block Read Operation			
Controller (Host)			Renesas
T	starT bit		
Slave Address			
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beginning Byte = N			
			ACK
RT	Repeat starT		
Slave Address			
RD	ReaD		
			ACK
			Data Byte Count=X
ACK			
		X Byte	Beginning Byte N
ACK			
			O
O			O
O			O
O			
			Byte N + X - 1
N	Not acknowledge		
P	stoP bit		

SMBus Table: Output Enable Register [1]

Byte 0	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					1
Bit 6	DIF OE3	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 5	DIF OE2	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 4	Reserved					1
Bit 3	DIF OE1	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 2	Reserved					1
Bit 1	DIF OE0	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 0	Reserved					1

1. A low on these bits will override the OE# pin and force the differential output Low/Low

SMBus Table: PLL Operating Mode and Output Amplitude Control Register

Byte 1	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	PLLMODERB1	PLL Mode Readback Bit 1	R	See PLL Operating Mode Table		Latch
Bit 6	PLLMODERB0	PLL Mode Readback Bit 0	R			Latch
Bit 5	PLLMODE_SWCNTRL	Enable SW control of PLL Mode	RW	Values in B1[7:6] set PLL Mode	Values in B1[4:3] set PLL Mode	0
Bit 4	PLLMODE1	PLL Mode Control Bit 1	RW[1]	See PLL Operating Mode Table		0
Bit 3	PLLMODE0	PLL Mode Control Bit 0	RW[1]			0
Bit 2	Reserved					1
Bit 1	AMPLITUDE 1	Controls Output Amplitude	RW	00 = 0.6V	01 = 0.7V	1
Bit 0	AMPLITUDE 0		RW	10= 0.8V	11 = 0.9V	0

1. B1[5] must be set to a 1 for these bits to have any effect on the part.

SMBus Table: DIF Slew Rate Control Register

Byte 2	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					1
Bit 6	SLEWRATESEL DIF3	Slew Rate Selection	RW	2 V/ns	3 V/ns	1
Bit 5	SLEWRATESEL DIF2	Slew Rate Selection	RW	2 V/ns	3 V/ns	1
Bit 4	Reserved					1
Bit 3	SLEWRATESEL DIF1	Slew Rate Selection	RW	2 V/ns	3 V/ns	1
Bit 2	Reserved					1
Bit 1	SLEWRATESEL DIF0	Slew Rate Selection	RW	2 V/ns	3 V/ns	1
Bit 0	Reserved					1

SMBus Table: Frequency Select Control Register

Byte 3	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					1
Bit 6	Reserved					1
Bit 5	FREQ_SEL_EN	Enable SW selection of frequency	RW	SW frequency change disabled	SW frequency change enabled	0
Bit 4	FSEL1	Freq. Select Bit 1	RW[1]	See Frequency Select Table		0
Bit 3	FSEL0	Freq. Select Bit 0	RW[1]			0
Bit 2	Reserved					1
Bit 1	Reserved					1
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL FB	Adjust Slew Rate of FB	RW	2 V/ns	3 V/ns	1

1. B3[5] must be set to a 1 for these bits to have any effect on the part.

Byte 4 is Reserved and reads back 'hFF

SMBus Table: Revision and Vendor ID Register

Byte 5	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	RID3	Revision ID	**R**	A rev = 0000		0
Bit 6	RID2		**R**			0
Bit 5	RID1		**R**			0
Bit 4	RID0		**R**			0
Bit 3	VID3	VENDOR ID	**R**	0001 = IDT		0
Bit 2	VID2		**R**			0
Bit 1	VID1		**R**			0
Bit 0	VID0		**R**			1

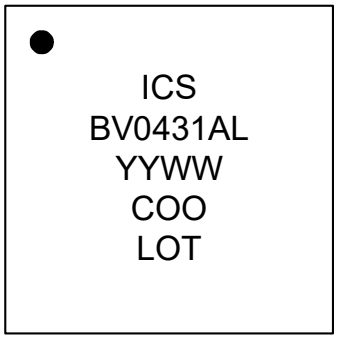
SMBus Table: Device Type/Device ID

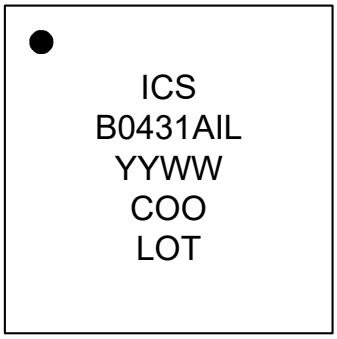
Byte 6	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Device Type1	Device Type	**R**	00 = FGV, 01 = DBV, 10 = DMV, 11= Reserved		0
Bit 6	Device Type0		**R**			1
Bit 5	Device ID5	Device ID	**R**	000100 binary or 04 hex		0
Bit 4	Device ID4		**R**			0
Bit 3	Device ID3		**R**			0
Bit 2	Device ID2		**R**			1
Bit 1	Device ID1		**R**			0
Bit 0	Device ID0		**R**			0

SMBus Table: Byte Count Register

Byte 7	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					0
Bit 6	Reserved					0
Bit 5	Reserved					0
Bit 4	BC4	Byte Count Programming	RW	Writing to this register will configure how many bytes will be read back, default is = 8 bytes.		0
Bit 3	BC3		RW			1
Bit 2	BC2		RW			0
Bit 1	BC1		RW			0
Bit 0	BC0		RW			0

Marking Diagrams





Notes:

1. “LOT” is the lot sequence number.
2. “COO” denotes country of origin.
3. YYWW is the last two digits of the year and week that the part was assembled.
4. Line 2: truncated part number
5. “L” denotes RoHS compliant package.
6. “I” denotes industrial temperature range device.

Thermal Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	PKG	TYP VALUE	UNITS	NOTES
Thermal Resistance	θ_{JC}	Junction to Case	NLG32	42	°C/W	1
	θ_{Jb}	Junction to Base		2.4	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA0}	Junction to Air, still air		39	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA1}	Junction to Air, 1 m/s air flow		33	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA3}	Junction to Air, 3 m/s air flow		28	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA5}	Junction to Air, 5 m/s air flow		27	°C/W	1

[1]ePad soldered to board

Package Outline Drawings

The package outline drawings are located at the end of this document and are accessible from the Renesas website. The package information is the most current data available and is subject to change without revision of this document.

32-VFQFPN (NLG32P1)

Ordering Information

Part/Order Number	Shipping Packaging	Package	Temperature
9DBV0431AKLF	Trays	32-pin VFQFPN	0 to +70° C
9DBV0431AKLFT	Tape and Reel	32-pin VFQFPN	0 to +70° C
9DBV0431AKILF	Trays	32-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBV0431AKILFT	Tape and Reel	32-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C

“LF” suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

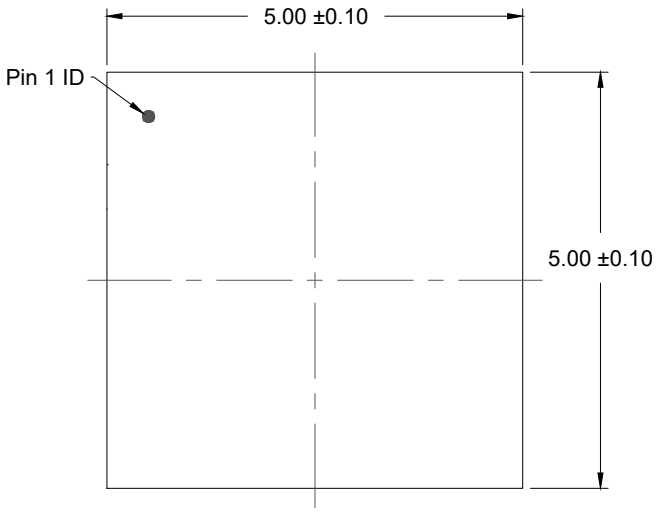
“A” is the device revision designator (will not correlate with the datasheet revision).

Revision History

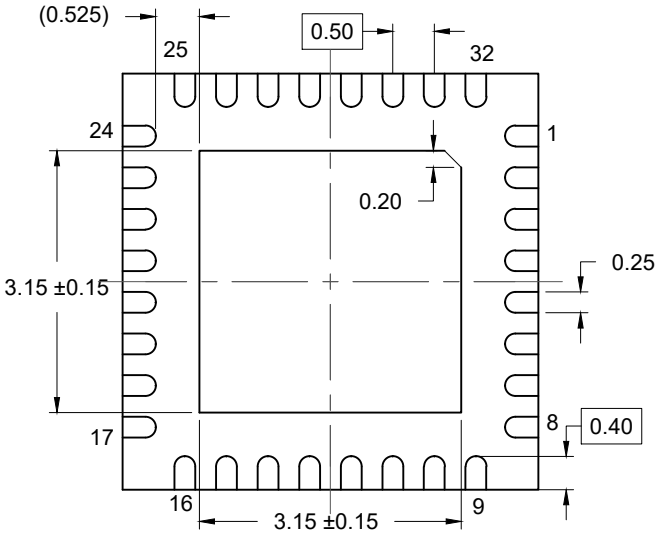
Revision Date	Description
August 13, 2012	1. Removed "Differential" from DS title and Recommended Application, corrected typo's in Description. 2. Corrected spelling error in pullup/pulldown text under pinout 3. Updated all electrical tables and added "Industry Limit" column to "Phase Jitter Parameters". 4. Updated Byte3[0] to be consistent with Byte 2. Updated Byte6[7:6] definition. 5. Added thermal data to page 12. 6. Added NLG32 to "Package Outline and Package Dimensions" on page 13. 7. Move to final
February 28, 2013	1. "Input/Supply/Common Parameters" table modified as follows: a. Updated Single-ended input logic thresholds to include missing mid-level on tri-level inputs. Adjusted logic thresholds as follows: i. Changed VIH min. from 0.65*VDD to 0.75*VDD ii. Changed VIL max. from 0.35*VDD to 0.25*VDD iii. Added missing mid-level input voltage spec (VIM) of 0.4*VDD to 0.6*VDD. iv. Clarified conditions for these specifications, accordingly. b. Clarified the operating conditions and voltages of the SMBus to make it clear that the SMBus operates at <3.3V by addition of footnotes 4 and 5 to "Input/Supply/Common Parameters" table. 2. Slight modifications of Slew Rates and typical values in the "DIF 0.7V Low Power Differential Outputs" table. 3. "Current Consumption" table modifed as follows: a. Overall current consumption values lowered b. VDDA is now grouped with VDD1.8 instead of VDDR c. Added separate current specs for PLL bypass mode. d. Clarified that CKPWRDG_PD# is low for power down current. 4. "Output Duty Cycle, Jitter, Skew and PLL Characterisitics" table modifed as follows: a. Bypass mode Input-to-Output skew changed from 3000 to 4500ps to 2550 to 4200ps. Typical value reduced from 3500ps to 3370ps. b. Separate Output-to-Output skew spec added for Industrial temp. c. Additive cycle-to-cycle jitter spec reduced to 1ps max. 5. "Phase Jitter Parameters" modifed as follows: a. Corrected typo in PLL Mode conditions for tjPHSGMII. Frequency integration range is 1.5MHz to 10MHz. Bypass mode conditions were correct. b. Removed old footnote 4 for PCIe Gen3 specs that indicated "Pending ratification by PCI SIG". The PCIe Gen3 specs are ratified. Footnotes renumbered accordingly.
November 26, 2014	1. Updated front page text for consistency and updated block diagram resistor colors to highlight internal resistors. 2. Updated max frequency of 100MHz PLL mode from 110MHz to 140MHz 3. Updated max frequency of 125MHz PLL mode from 137.5MHz to 175MHz 4. Updated max frequency of 50MHz PLL mode from 55MHz to 65MHz 5. Updated Key Specifications with addtive phase jitter. 6. Added additive phase jitter plot to specifications.
April 3, 2015	1. Updated block diagram with new format showing individual outputs instead of bussed outputs. 2. Updated pin out and pin descriptions to show ePad on package connected to ground.
April 22, 2016	1. Updated max frequency of 100MHz PLL mode to 140MHz 2. Updated max frequency of 125MHz PLL mode to 175MHz 3. Updated max frequency of 50MHz PLL mode to 65MHz
July 29, 2021	1. Updated document title. 2. Updated Recommended Applications. 3. Updated Key Specifications. 4. Updated Package Outline Drawings section. 5. Updated Phase Jitter tables.
February 6, 2023	Updated POD link.

Package Outline Drawing

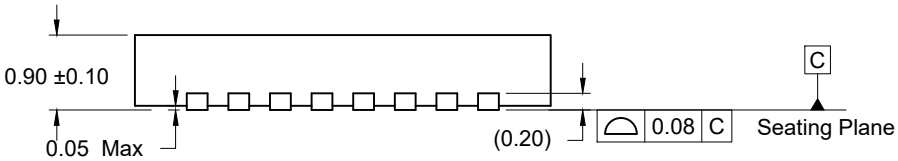
Package Code:NLG32P1
32-VFQFPN 5.0 x 5.0 x 0.9 mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch
PSC-4171-01, Revision: 04, Date Created: Aug 15, 2022



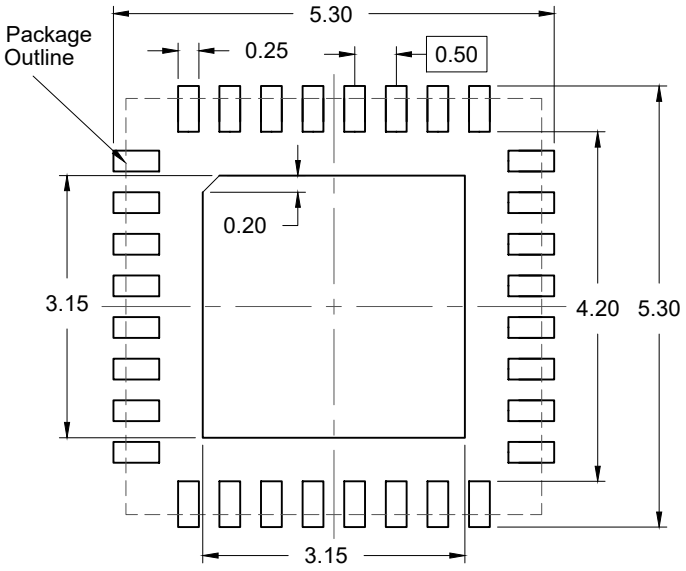
TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN
(PCB Top View, NSMD Design)

NOTES:

1. JEDEC compatible.
2. All dimensions are in mm and angles are in degrees.
3. Use ±0.05 mm for the non-toleranced dimensions.
4. Numbers in ( ) are for references only.

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